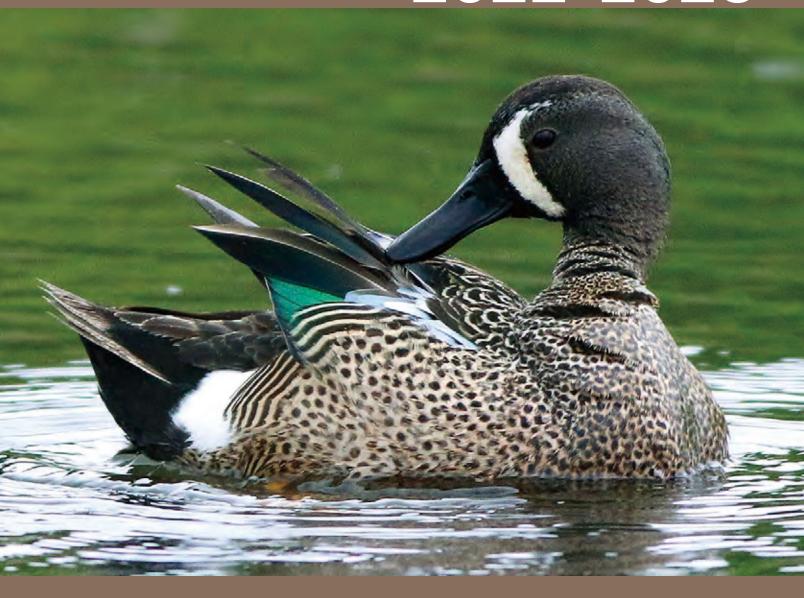




Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping REGULATIONS 2022-2023





Message From the Director



Greetings from the Illinois Department of Natural Resources. I want to thank you for taking time to review the annual Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping Regulations. This booklet includes a detailed review of Illinois hunting and trapping season dates, possession limits, hunting zone boundaries, statewide hunting regulations, license and permit

information, and other details you will find helpful.

New or amended regulations for 2022-23 are in shaded print, so please be sure you are familiar with all the regulations before heading to the field.

The digest also contains information on Illinois public hunting areas, property laws, harvest reporting requirements, and efforts to maintain healthy wildlife populations.

Because you are reading this, you are aware of Illinois' tremendous hunting heritage and know it is a great place to spend time outdoors! But please also know we are working to improve hunting opportunities, recruit new hunters and trappers and expand public access throughout Illinois.

Hunters and trappers are our most important partners in managing wildlife in Illinois, and we appreciate the input we receive from you on ways to improve outdoor opportunities in the state. Thank you for taking part in these activities, and for buying the licenses and permits that fund habitat enhancement and wildlife management programs.

It is my pleasure to welcome you to the new hunting and trapping season in Illinois.

Best wishes for a safe and successful season.

Colleen Callahan, Director
Illinois Department of Natural Resources





Federal Aid Project
Funded by your purchase of
hunting equipment

Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping Regulations

Digest Purpose

This publication is a summary of Illinois hunting and trapping regulations prepared for your convenience. It is designed as a **guide** to the laws and regulations for hunting and trapping in Illinois. It also provides information such as seasons, harvest limits, and required permits for these opportunities in Illinois. It is **not a legal document** and is not intended to cover all hunting and trapping laws and regulations. This document does not contain the exact wording of the Illinois' Adopted Administrative Rules available at www.illinois.gov/dnr/adrules/pages/default.aspx or the Wildlife Code of the Illinois Compiled Statutes available at www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs2.asp?ChapterID=43.

Table of Contents 2022-2023 Illinois Hunting Information

New Regulations for 2022-2023 – New laws and new programs are indicated by yellow shading. Prior to undertaking activities subject to change, review information published at www2.illinois. gov/dnr your local newspaper's outdoor writer's column or check with your local IDNR office for more information. Any conflict arising between this digest and the statutes or administrative code of the State of Illinois, the statutes or administrative code of the State of Illinois shall control.

| ${\it Message from Director Colleen Callahan .} \\ {\it Inside Front Cover}$ |
|--|
| Digest Purpose |
| New Regulations/Information Inside Front Cover |
| IDNR Contact Information |
| Hunting Licenses |
| Definitions |
| Statewide Regulations |
| Conservation Police |
| Deer Hunting |
| Turkey Hunting |
| Waterfowl Hunting |
| Upland and Small Game Hunting38 |
| Furbearer Trapping and Hunting |
| Roadkill and Nuisance Wildlife Information |
| Hunting Areas Information |
| |

New Regulations/Information for 2022-2023

| Jse of Drones |
|--|
| Deer Hunting with a Single Shot Centerfire Rifle16 |
| Deer CWD Map |
| Hunting Covotes Using Tree Climbing Devices |

Equal opportunity to participate in programs of the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR) and those funded by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and other agencies is available to all individuals regardless of race, sex, national origin, disability, age, religion or other non-merit factors. If you believe you have been discriminated against, contact the funding sources civil rights office and/or the Equal Employment Opportunity Officer, IDNR, One Natural Resources Way, Springfield, IL 62702-1271; 217/785-0067; TTY 217/782-9175.

Printed by the Authority of the State of Illinois. Printed on recycled paper. DNR-ORC-230007 • 7/22

IDNR Regional Offices

Headquarters

One Natural Resources Way Springfield, IL 62702-1271 217-782-6302

Region 1 Office

1510 46th Avenue Rock Island, IL 61201 309-788-0418

Region 2 Office

2050 West Stearns Road Bartlett, IL 60103 847-608-3100

Region 3 Office

None

Region 4 Office

None

Region 5 Office

11731 State Highway 37 Benton, IL 62812 618-435-8138

For Further Information Contact

IDNR Website Index

Illinois Department of Natural Resources www2.illinois.gov/dnr

Hunting/Trapping Information www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/Pages/default.aspx

Hunting/Trapping Licenses www2.illinois.gov/dnr/LPR/Pages/default.aspx

Public Hunting Areas www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/Pages/PublicHuntingAreas.aspx

Hunter Safety Certification www2.illinois.gov/dnr/safety/Pages/HunterSafety.aspx

Trapper Safety Certification www2.illinois.gov/dnr/safety/Pages/Trapping.aspx

Conservation Police

www2.illinois.gov/dnr/LawEnforcement/Pages/default.aspx

Office of the Director www2.illinois.gov/dnr/director/Pages/default.aspx



It's ALL HERE for on the go hunters!

You'll Find:
Hunt Planner
Seasons & Events Calendars

Hunt Map Permit Lottery Info

And More!

huntillinois.org



f /livingwithwildlifeillinois

Hunt Illinois is a collaborative effort led by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Division of Wildlife Resources, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Wildlife and Sport-Fish Restoration, and the National Great Rivers Research and Education Center. Funding for Hunt Illinois was made available through Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Project W-147-T.









| Covent 1-00 Covent 1-4 Cov | 2022-2023 Hunting and Trapping Timeline | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|-----------|------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|------------------------|-----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Mondehuck | An | imal | Aug-22 | Sep-22 | 0 | ct-22 | Nov-22 | Dec | 22 | Jan-23 | F | eb-23 | Mar-23 | Apr | 23 1 | May-23 | Jun-23 | Jul-23 |
| Deves | Coyote/St | riped Skunk | | | | | Closed 18-20 | Closed | 11-4 | | | | | | | | | |
| Daves | Woo | dchuck | | | | | Closed 18-20 | Closed | 1-4 | | | | Ends 31 | | | | Opens 1 | |
| Canada Gesea | Squ | uirrels | | | | | Closed 18-20 | Closed | 11-4 | | E | inds 15 | | | | | | |
| Snipe (Wilson's Snipe) | Do | oves | | | | See | page 38 for sp | ecific date | s | | | | | | | | | |
| Relin | Canad | la Geese | | | | See | oage 30 for sp | ecific date | ·s | | | | | | | | | |
| Teel Ducks | Snipe (Wil | lson's Snipe) | | Opens 1 | 0 | | | Ends | 25 | | | | | | | | | |
| Deer | R | ails | | Opens 1 | 0 | | Ends 18 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Turkey | Teal | Ducks | | 10-25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Docks/Mergansers/Cools | D | eer | | | | | See page 13 | for specific | dates | | | | | | | | | |
| Light Geese Brand See page 30 for specific dates See page | Tu | rkey | | | | | See page 24 | for specific | c dates | | | | See pag | e 24 f | or specif | ic dates | | |
| White-fronted Gese | | | | | | | See page 29 | for specific | dates | | | | | | | | | |
| Crow Opers 28 Ends 28 Ends 28 | | | | | | | See page 30 | for specific | dates | | | | | | | | | |
| Noodcock Opens 15 Ends 28 Ends 15 En | White-fro | nted Geese | | | | | See page 30 | for specific | dates | | | | | | | | | |
| Rabbits | Cı | row | | | Ор | ens 28 | | | | | Ei | nds 28 | | | | | | |
| Pheasont/Quail/Partridge | | | | | Ор | ens 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bobbeat/Foxes/Opensum/ Raccoon Conservation Order Light Gees Conservation Order Light General Order Conservation Order Conservation Order Light General Order Conservation Order C | Ra | bbits | | | \perp | | Opens 5 | | | | _ | nds 15 | | | - | | | |
| Bobcat/Foxes/Opensum/ Raceon Conservation Order Light Genes | Pheasant/Q | vail/Partridge | | | | | Opens 5 | | | • | | | | | | | | |
| Closed 18-20 Closed 18-20 Closed 1-4 Ends 15 Closed 1-5 Closed 1-4 Ends 15 Closed 1-5 Close | Robert/Ess | es/Onossum/ | | | + | | One :: 10 | | | enas 15 (S | ') | | | | | | | |
| See page 30 for specific dates See page 30 for specific dates | - | | | | | | | Closed | 1-4 | | E | inds 15 | | | | | | |
| Badger/Bobcat/Coyote/Foxes Badger/Bobcat/ | | | | | | | | | | See | - Daa | e 30 for | specific do | ites | | | | |
| Badger/Bobcat/Coyote/Foxes Badger/Bobcat/Foxes Badg | | | | | | | Trac | pina Ti | melin | | 1 - 5 | | | | | | | |
| Badger Bobcat/Coyote Foxes Mink/Muskerlo Opens sum/ Rendo 31 Ends 31 | Woo | dchuck | | Ends 30 | | | | | | | Т | | | | | | Opens 1 | |
| Mink/Muskrel/Opessum/ Raccoon/Striped Skunk/Weasls | Badger/Bobca | ıt/Covote/Foxes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deer | | | | | | | Opens 10 | | | | E | nds 15 | | | | | | |
| Species Lottery Jul-22 Aug-22 Sep-22 Oct-22 Nov-22 Dec-22 Jan-23 Feb-23 Mar-23 Apr-23 Jun-23 | Raccoon/ Stripe | ed Skunk/Weasels | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Species Lottery Jul-22 Aug-22 Sep-22 Oct-22 Nov-22 Dec-22 Jan-23 Feb-23 Mar-23 Apr-23 May-23 Jun-23 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Species Lottery Jul-22 Aug-22 Sep-22 Oct-22 Nov-22 Dec-22 Jan-23 Feb-23 Mar-23 Apr-23 May-23 Jun-23 | Beaver/I | River Otter | | | | | Opens 10 | | | | † | | Ends 31 | | | | | |
| 1st lattery Youth latteries See page 18 and 23 for specific dates | Beaver/H | River Otter | Pe | rmit Lo | tterie | s Time | | are inclu | sive, se | ee specie | sect | tions for | | ıils) | | | | |
| Youth latteries | | ' | | | | 1 | eline (dates | | | | | | full deta | | Apr-23 | May-23 | Jun-23 | Jul-23 |
| Deer 2nd lottery 2nd lot | | Lottery | | | | 1 | eline (dates | | | | | | full deta | 3 A | | May-23 | Jun-23 | Jul-23 |
| State Stat | | Lottery 1st lottery | | | | 1 | eline (dates | | | | | | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | - | | |
| OTC | | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries | | | | 1 | eline (dates | | | | | | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | and 23 for | specific date | |
| Late Winter | Species | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery | Jul | -22 Au | ıg-22 | 1 | eline (dates | | | | | | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | and 23 for | specific date | |
| Fall - 1st lottery | Species | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery | Jul | -22 Au | ıg-22 | 1 | eline (dates 2 Oct-22 | Nov-22 | Dec- | 22 Jan- | | | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | and 23 for | specific date | |
| Fall - 2nd lottery | Species | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC | Jul | -22 Au | ıg-22 | 1 | eline (dates 2 Oct-22 Oct-22 | Nov-22 | Dec- | 22 Jan- | | | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | and 23 for | specific date | |
| Turkey Fall - OTC Opens 19 until permits run out Opens 1 | Species | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter | Oper | ns 11 Clo | ıg-22 | 1 | eline (dates 2 Oct-22 Oct-22 | Nov-22 | Dec- | 22 Jan- | | | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | Opens 11 | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| Turkey Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lottery Spring-2nd lottery Spring-3rd lottery Spring-3rd lottery Spring-3rd lottery Spring-Youth Spring-OTC Spring-OT | Species | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery | Oper | ns 11 Clo | yg-22 ses 19 | 1 | eline (dates 2 Oct-22 Oct-22 | Nov-22 | Dec- | 22 Jan- | | | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | Opens 11 | specific date Closes 30 | |
| Spring-2nd lottery Opens 12 Closes 11 Opens 23 Closes 9 Opens 23 Closes 9 Opens 24 Closes 9 Opens 25 Closes 9 Opens 27 Closes 20 Opens 27 Closes 20 Opens 27 Until permits run out Opens 28 Until permits run out | Species | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery | Oper | ns 11 Clo | yg-22 ses 19 | Sep-2 | Opens 25 | Nov-22 ens 18 until Closes 28 | Dec- | 22 Jan- | | | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | Opens 11 | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| Spring-3rd lottery Spring-Youth Opens 23 Closes 9 | Species | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - 2nd lottery | Oper Clos | ns 11 Clo | yg-22 ses 19 | Sep-2 | Opens 25 | Nov-22 ens 18 until Closes 28 | Dec- | 22 Jan- | | | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | Opens 11 | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| Spring-Youth Spring-OTC Opens 17 Closes 20 Opens 7 until permits run out | Species Deer | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery | Open Clos | ns 11 Clo | yg-22 ses 19 | Sep-2 | Opens 25 | Nov-22 ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close | 22 Jan- | 23 | | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | Opens 11 | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| Spring-OTC Opens 7 until permits run out | Species Deer | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - 2nd lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lotter | Oper Clos | ns 11 Clo | yg-22 ses 19 | Sep-2 | Opens 25 | Nov-22 ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close | Jan- | 23 | Feb-23 | full deta | 3 A | oses 30 | Opens 11 | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| National Page 18t lottery 16-31 | Species Deer | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lotter Spring-3rd lottery | Oper Clos | ns 11 Clo | yg-22 ses 19 | Sep-2 | Opens 25 | Nov-22 ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close | Jan- irun out s 1 s 1 c Close Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 A | oses 30 | Opens 11 | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| Youth Opens 31 Opens 1 | Species Deer | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lottery Spring-3rd lottery Spring-Youth | Oper Clos | ns 11 Clo | yg-22 ses 19 | Sep-2 | Opens 25 | Nov-22 ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close | Jan- irun out s 1 s 1 c Close Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| Value of the color of the col | Species Deer | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lotter Spring-3rd lottery Spring-Youth Spring-OTC | Oper Clos | -22 Au | sses 19 | Sep-2 | Opens 25 | Nov-22 ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close | Jan- run out s 1 s 1 c Close Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| 3rd lottery | Species Deer | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lotter Spring-3rd lottery Spring-Youth Spring-OTC 1st lottery | Oper Clos | es 4 | sses 19 sses 22 | Sep-2 | Opens 25 S 19 until permi | Nov-22 ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close | Jan- run out s 1 s 1 c Close Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| As available Opens 1 until gone Upland One-time lottery 1-31 1st lottery 1-30 2nd lottery 6 | Species Deer Turkey | Lottery 1 st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lottery Spring-3rd lottery Spring-Youth Spring-OTC 1 st lottery Youth | Oper Clos | es 4 | sses 19 sses 22 | Open | Opens 4 Opens 1 | Nov-22 ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close | Jan- run out s 1 s 1 c Close Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| Upland One-time lottery 1-31 | Species Deer Turkey | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-3rd lottery Spring-Youth Spring-OTC 1st lottery Youth 2nd lottery | Oper Clos | es 4 | sses 19 sses 22 | Open 1-15 | Opens 4 Opens 1 | Nov-22 ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close | Jan- run out s 1 s 1 c Close Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| Doves 1st lottery 1-30 2nd lottery 6 | Species Deer Turkey | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lotter Spring-3rd lottery Spring-OTC 1st lottery Youth 2nd lottery 3rd lottery | Oper Clos | es 4 | sses 19 sses 22 | Open 1-15 | Opens 4 Opens 1 | ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close Opens | 22 Jan- run out s 1 12 Close Open Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| Doves 2nd lottery 6 | Species Deer Turkey Waterfowl | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lottery Spring-Youth Spring-OTC 1st lottery Youth 2nd lottery 3rd lottery As available | Oper Clos | es 4 | sses 19 sses 22 | Open 1-15 16-28 | Opens 4 Opens 1 | ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close Opens | 22 Jan- run out s 1 12 Close Open Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| | Species Deer Turkey Waterfowl | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lottery Spring-Youth Spring-OTC 1st lottery Youth 2nd lottery 3rd lottery As available | Oper Clos | es 4 | sses 19 sses 22 | Open 1-15 16-28 | Opens 4 Opens 1 | ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close Opens | 22 Jan- run out s 1 12 Close Open Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | specific date Closes 30 | es |
| OTC Character 27 Claracter 25 | Species Deer Turkey Waterfowl | Lottery 1 st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1 st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1 st lottery Spring-3rd lottery Spring-7outh Spring-OTC 1 st lottery Youth 2nd lottery As available One-time lottery | Oper Clos | es 4 | sses 19 sses 22 | Open 1-15 16-28 | Opens 4 Opens 1 | ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close Opens | 22 Jan- run out s 1 12 Close Open Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | Closes 30 | es |
| OTC Opens 27 Closes 25 | Species Deer Turkey Waterfowl Upland | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lottery Spring-3rd lottery Spring-OTC 1st lottery Youth 2nd lottery As available One-time lottery 1st lottery | Oper Clos | es 4 | sses 19 sses 22 | Open 1-15 16-28 | Opens 4 Opens 1 | ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close Opens | 22 Jan- run out s 1 12 Close Open Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | Closes 30 | es |
| Bobcat One-time lottery 1-30 | Species Deer Turkey Waterfowl Upland | Lottery 1st lottery Youth lotteries 2nd lottery 3rd lottery OTC Late Winter Fall - 1st lottery Fall - OTC Spring-1st lottery Spring-2nd lottery Spring-3rd lottery Spring-OTC 1st lottery Youth 2nd lottery As available One-time lottery 1st lottery | Open Clos | es 4 Clo | sses 19 sses 22 | Open 1-15 16-28 | Opens 4 Opens 1 | ens 18 until Closes 28 | permits Close Opens | 22 Jan- run out s 1 12 Close Open Open | 23 : 11 : 11 : 23 : 23 | Feb-23 | Mar-2 March | 3 AA | oses 30 page 18 | Opens 11 Early May | Closes 30 | Closes 4 |

HUNTING LICENSE INFORMATION

- All residents and non-residents will need an applicable base hunting license, unless noted as exempt in the table below.
- Additional licenses, permits and stamps required to hunt or trap particular species are listed in sections covering those species in this digest.
- All hunting licenses and state stamps are effective from date of purchase 2022 through 31 March 2023.
- For online license sales, please visit www.exploremoreil.com
- Every person holding a hunting license shall have it, including all appropriate stamps, in his/her possession for immediate presentation for inspection to any authorized law enforcement officer while hunting.
- For Residency restrictions see definition on page 5.
- For license necessity see (520 ILCS 5/3.1) (from Ch. 61, par. 3.1) in Wildlife Code.

| | Base Hunting Licenses (does not include vendor or transaction fees) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------|---------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| License Type | Fee | Online | Vendors | Specifications | | | | | | | |
| Resident | \$12.00 | Х | Х | | | | | | | | |
| Resident Senior | \$6.00 | Х | Х | Only available to hunters age 65 to 74 (inclusive). | | | | | | | |
| Resident Super Senior | \$1.00 | Х | Х | Only available to hunters age 75 or older. | | | | | | | |
| Illinois Veteran | \$6.00 | Х | х | Illinois veterans who served overseas or were mobilized by the President of the United States and have a form DD214 can submit their form to IDNR's Springfield office at DNR.License@illinois.gov and ask to be certified as qualifying for half priced licenses. Please redact your SSN before emailing your DD214. | | | | | | | |
| Apprentice | \$7.00 | Х | Х | Apprentice hunters must be supervised by a validly licensed Illinois resident or non-resident hunter who is 21 years of age or older. A hunter safety course is not required to purchase this license. | | | | | | | |
| Youth Hunt/Trap | \$7.00 | Х | х | Any hunter/trapper under 18 years of age may purchase this license. Hunters/trappers with this license must be supervised by an adult who is 21 years of age or older and has the appropriate Illinois hunting or trapping license. The youth hunter shall not hunt or trap or carry a hunting device, unless the youth is accompanied by and under close personal supervision of that adult. | | | | | | | |
| Resident Lifetime | \$360.00 | Х | Х | | | | | | | | |
| Resident Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish | \$25.50 | Х | Х | | | | | | | | |
| Illinois Veteran Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish | \$12.75 | Х | Х | See specification on veteran license above. | | | | | | | |
| Resident Senior Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish | \$12.75 | Х | Х | Only available to hunters age 65 to 74 (inclusive). | | | | | | | |
| Resident Super Senior Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish | \$2.00 | Х | Х | Only available to hunters age 75+ | | | | | | | |
| Resident Lifetime Sportsman Combination Hunt/Fish | \$765.00 | Х | Х | | | | | | | | |
| Non-resident | \$57.00 | Х | Х | | | | | | | | |
| Non-resident (5 day) | \$35.00 | Х | Х | | | | | | | | |
| Disabled See specifications | | | | Illinois residents with a disability may hunt without a license if they have an Illinois Driver's License or Illinois Disability Identification Card indicating that they have a Type 1 or Type 4, Class 2 disability. Veterans with a disability (both resident and nonresident) may hunt without a license if they possess an Affidavit of Disability Card (resident) from the IL Department of Veteran's Affairs or documentation (non-resident) that they are at least 10% disabled with service-related disabilities. Certain stamps are still required. | | | | | | | |
| Active Duty - Armed Forces See specifications | | | | A person on active duty in the Armed Forces, who entered the service from Illinois and is an Illinois resident, may, while on ordinary or emergency leave, hunt without a license. Illinois resident military, guard or reserve members who served overseas within the last 2 years may be eligible for the Illinois Resident Armed Forces Special Pass, which waives fees for fishing, hunting and camping. See details at www2.illinois.gov/dnr or call (217) 782-2965. | | | | | | | |

| Resident License/Stamps Guidelines (X = Applicable) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------|-------|-----|----------|---------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| License/Stamp | Under 16 | 16-1 <i>7</i> | 18-64 | 65-74 | 75+ | Disabled | Disabled Veteran | Former POW | Active Duty - Armed Forces* | Landowner | |
| Resident | Х | Х | Χ | | | | | | See footnote | | |
| Senior | | | | Х | | | | | See footnote | | |
| Super Senior | | | | | Х | | | | | | |
| Apprentice | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Χ | | | | Х | | |
| Sportsman Combo | | Х | Х | | | | | | Х | | |
| Senior Sportsman Combo | | | | Х | | | | | Х | | |
| Super Senior Sportsman Combo | | | | | Х | | | | | | |
| Lifetime | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | | | |
| Youth Hunting & Trapping | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | |
| Trapping | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | | | |
| Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamp | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| State Migratory Waterfowl Stamp | | | Х | Х | Х | | | | See footnote | | |
| State Habitat Stamp | | | Х | Х | Χ | Х | | | Х | Χ | |
| HIP Certification | Х | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | | | | See footnote | | |

^{*}A person on active duty who entered the service from Illinois and is an Illinois resident, may, while on ordinary or emergency leave, hunt without a license. Illinois resident military, guard or reserve members who served overseas within the last 2 years may be eligible for the Illinois Resident Armed Forces Special Pass, which waives fees for fishing, hunting and camping. See details at www2.illinois.gov/dnr or call (217) 782-2965.

| Non-Resident License/Stamps Guidelines (X = Applicable) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-------|-------|-----|----------|------------------|------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| License/Stamp | Under 16 | 16-17 | 18-64 | 65+ | Disabled | Disabled Veteran | Former POW | Landowner | | | | |
| Non-Resident | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Χ | | | | |
| Non-Resident 5-Day | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | | | | |
| Apprentice | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | | | | |
| Youth Hunting & Trapping | Х | Х | | | Х | | | | | | | |
| Trapping | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | | | | |
| Federal Waterfowl Stamp | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | |
| State Migratory Waterfowl Stamp | | | х | Х | Х | | | х | | | | |
| State Habitat Stamp | | | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | | | | |
| HIP Certification | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | | | | |

Hunting Times Table

Use government sources such as www.weather.gov/dvn/sunrise-sunset for accurate sunrise/sunset times.

Windshield Cards

Windshield Cards For Public Land Hunting/Trapping

Free "Windshield Cards" are required to hunt deer and record hunting effort/harvest at many Illinois Public Hunting Areas. Cards are available at: dnr2.illinois.gov/Windshieldcard/ Print a card for each site you intend to hunt and place on the dashboard of your vehicle when hunting the site. Each hunter will need to display a windshield card. For information or assistance, contact the site where you intend to hunt.

Hunters are required to return to this website prior to Feb. 15 each year to record harvest information.

Firearm Owner's I.D. Card

For legal possession of Firearms, see 430 ILCS 65 and 66

IDNR does not issue F.O.I.D cards. To obtain a F.O.I.D. card visit this site www.ispfsb.com/Public/FOID.aspx or call the Illinois State Police at (217) 782-7980.

Definitions

Bow and Arrow: Means a longbow, recurve bow, compound bow, or crossbow.

Case: Any case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or container acceptable under Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 2012. www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/documents/072000050k24-1.htm

Daily Limit: The maximum number or amount of species that can be lawfully taken by one person in one calendar day.

Floating Blind: Any watercraft or floating structure that is capable of carrying a person and which is camouflaged, disguised or altered in appearance to offer a place of concealment. Such floating blind may be mechanically powered as long as such power is used only for movement to and from the place of hunting and no attempt is made to hunt during such movement.

Freshly Killed: Any carcass, remains or parts of the body of any dead mammal or bird that has not been prepared for immediate consumption or storage for later consumption.

Furbearing Mammals: Mink, muskrat, raccoon, striped skunk, weasel, opossum, beaver, red fox, gray fox, badger, bobcat, river otter and coyote.

Game Birds: Bobwhite quail, Hungarian partridge, chukar partridge, ring-necked pheasant and wild turkey.

Game Mammals: Eastern cottontail and swamp rabbits, white-tailed deer, fox squirrel, gray squirrel and woodchuck (groundhog).

Green Hide: Any hide or pelt which has not been tanned.

Gun: Shotgun, rifle, handgun or airgun.

Hunt: act of a person possessing a weapon or being accompanied by a dog or a bird of prey for the purpose of taking species protected by this Act in any location such species may inhabit.

Hunting: the lawful pursuit, trapping, shooting, capture, collection, or killing of wildlife or the attempt to pursue, trap, shoot, capture, collect, or kill wildlife.

Hunting License: an electronic or physical license authorizing the person to take a certain type of animal during a specified period of time.

IDNR: Illinois Department of Natural Resources.

Lead Ammunition: A projectile containing one or more percent lead by weight.

Migratory Game Birds: Mourning dove, Eurasian collared dove, whitewinged dove, ringed-turtle dove, sora rail, Virginia rail, American woodcock, snipe (Wilson's snipe), American coot, ducks, geese, swans and American crow.

Possession Limit: Maximum number or amount of species which can be lawfully held or possessed by one person at any time.

Protected Species: Wild birds and wild mammals, including parts, which shall include their nests, eggs and green hides, in the State of Illinois, or which may be brought into the state. See 520 ILCS 5/2.2 of the Wildlife Code for details.

Definitions

Resident: "Resident" means a person who in good faith makes application for any license or permit and verifies by statement that he or she has maintained his or her permanent abode in this state for a period of at least 30 consecutive days immediately preceding the person's application, and who does not maintain permanent abode or claim residency in another state for the purposes of obtaining any of the same or similar licenses or permits covered by this Code. A person's permanent abode is his or her fixed and permanent dwelling place, as distinguished from a temporary or transient place of residence. Domiciliary intent is required to establish that the person is maintaining his or her permanent abode in this State. Evidence of domiciliary intent includes, but is not limited to, the location where the person votes, pays personal income tax or obtains a drivers license. Except for the purposes of obtaining a Lifetime License, any person on active duty in the Armed Forces shall be considered a resident of Illinois during his or her period of military duty.

Sale: To sell, barter or otherwise offer goods to another for consideration. The term sale includes serving the same as a part of a meal by any restaurant, hotel or other commercial establishment.

Scull boat: a boat propelled by means of an oar fixed in a notch in the transom of a boat and worked in a turning or sculling motion.

Take: To hunt, shoot, pursue, lure, kill, destroy, capture, gig or spear, trap or ensnare, or harass or attempt to do so.

Transport or Ship: To convey by means of parcel post, express, freight baggage or shipment by common carrier of any description; or by automobile, motorcycle or other vehicle of any kind; or by water or aircraft of any kind or by any other means of transportation.

Trap: To capture, or attempt to capture, by setting or placing a leg-hold trap, cushion-hold trap, body-gripping trap, cage or box trap, snare or other similar device permitted by the Illinois Wildlife Code to capture, hold or kill any protected wildlife.

Vehicle: Any device capable of transporting a person on land, on ice, on water, in water or in the air.

Wildlife: Any bird or mammal living in a state of nature without the care of man, including all protected wildlife.



Shooting Safety and Skills Clinics

The IDNR and partners offer "wingshooting" clinics that teach shooting safety, fundamentals and hunting skills using shotguns and moving clay targets. Clinics are held for novice to advanced shooters on weekends throughout Illinois during spring through early fall of each year. Visit the following website for more information, including a calendar of clinics: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/recreation/wingshooting/Pages/default.aspx

Statewide Regulations

Hunting Hours Restrictions Hunting shall only occur during times specified for those game species in reference to official sunrise-sunset times for the location. Some DNR sites may have more restricted hunting times. Please refer to the hunter fact sheet for the site specific regulations.

Possession and Daily Limits You cannot legally possess wild game birds, wild game mammals or wild fur-bearing mammals or any parts thereof in excess of the legally established daily limit or possession limit, whichever applies.

Maintaining Separate Bag You cannot legally possess wildlife for which there is a daily or possession limit unless each hunter maintains his/her "bag" of such species separately and distinctly from those of all other

Possessing Another's Wildlife You cannot legally receive or have in custody any protected game belonging to another person, except in the personal abodes of the donor or donee, unless such protected species are tagged with the hunter's or trapper's name and address, the total number of individuals by species and the date such species were harvested. (But see "Possession and Tagging" in Waterfowl Hunting section found on pg. 35.)

Retrieving Killed/Crippled Wildlife (Wanton Waste of Game) You cannot legally kill or cripple any species protected by the Illinois Wildlife Code for which there is a harvest limit without making a reasonable effort to retrieve such species and include it in the harvest limit. It is also unlawful for any person having control over harvested game mammals, game birds, or migratory game birds for which there is a harvest limit to wantonly waste or destroy the usable meat of the game, except this shall not apply to wildlife harvested by means of a nuisance wildlife removal permit or wildlife harvested by means of a scientific collection permit. "Usable meat" means the breast meat of a game bird or migratory game bird and the hind ham and front shoulders of a game mammal. It shall be unlawful for any person to place, leave, dump, or abandon a wildlife carcass or parts of it along or upon a public right-of-way or highway or on public or private property, including a waterway or stream, without the permission of the owner or tenant. It shall not be unlawful to properly discard game meat that is determined to be unfit for human consumption.

Possession of Illegally Harvested Wildlife You cannot legally possess any species of wildlife or wildlife parts harvested unlawfully in Illinois or any other state or country, whether or not the wildlife or wildlife parts is indigenous to Illinois.

Possession of Freshly Killed Game Out of Season You cannot legally possess any freshly killed game when the season is closed for taking (see Wildlife Conflicts section for Deer Accidentally Killed).

Selling Wildlife, Feathers etc. You cannot legally buy, sell, or offer to sell or barter game birds or migratory game birds, or parts thereof, including feathers, nests or eggs (including wild turkey parts) or the edible parts of game mammals except as provided by specific permits.

Hunting Near Inhabited Dwellings

You cannot legally hunt or allow a dog to hunt within 300 yards of an inhabited dwelling without first obtaining permission of the owner or tenant of the dwelling. Except: A 100-yard restriction shall apply while trapping, hunting with bow and arrow, or hunting with shotgun using shotshells only, or on licensed game breeding and hunting preserve areas, on federally owned and managed lands, on IDNR-owned, -managed, -leased or -controlled lands.

Hunter Interference

You cannot leadly:

- · interfere with or disturb another person engaged in the lawful taking of a wild animal with intent to prevent the taking, or disturb or engage in an activity that will disturb wild animals, with intent to prevent their lawful taking.
- use a drone in a way that interferes with another person's lawful taking of wildlife or aquatic life. "Drone" means any aerial vehicle that does not carry a human operator.

Hunting Devices and Ammunition Restrictions

- You cannot legally:
- · hunt or trap any protected species except with a gun, bow and arrow, or trap that is authorized for a specific species and season. See the specific species sections for additional information. .
- use any shotgun larger than 10 gauge while taking or attempting to harvest any protected species. Barrel length shall not be less than 18 inches, and the overall length shall not be less than 26 inches.
- hunt with, or have in your possession while hunting, a shotgun shell with shot larger than lead shot size BB, steel shot size T or number BBB of any other non-toxic shot. Except: Shot size is unrestricted for furbearer hunting and deer may be harvested with a shotgun no larger than 10 gauge or smaller than 20 gauge loaded with slugs.
- harvest any species of wild game except deer and furbearers with a shotgun loaded with slugs.
- use a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells in the magazine and chamber combined. Any shotgun having a capacity of more than three shells must be fitted with a one-piece plug that is irremovable without dismantling the shotgun or otherwise altered to render it incapable of holding more than three shells in the magazine and chamber combined. Except: This does not apply on licensed hunting preserves unless hunting wild migratory game birds and does not apply during Conservation Order light goose (snow, blue and Ross' geese) seasons.
- · use a rifle, handgun or airgun to harvest game birds or migratory game birds.
- · discharge a rifle, handgun or airgun on, over or into water or ice.
- · use a gun equipped with a silencer.
- possess any rifle in the field during the gun deer season except licensed trappers to dispatch animals or muzzleloading rifles used by deer hunters only. Note: The lawful possession of rifles to harvest furbearing mammals and game mammals other than deer shall not be prohibited during the Youth Deer Season, Muzzleloading Rifle Deer Season, Special CWD season and the Late Winter Antlerless-only Deer Season.



Discover Outdoorlllinois Journal

 People in Conservation • Innovations in Conservation • Hot Topics • Creature Features • Habitat Management • How & Where to Recreate . Research

outdoor.wildlifeillinois.org





Outdoortllinois Journal is a collaborative effort of people and institutions led by the National Great Rivers Research and Education Center in Illinois. Other organizations include the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Division of Wildlife Resources and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Wildlife and Sport Fish Restaration. Funding for Outdoorslines Journal was made available through Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Project W-147-T and the Illinois Wildlife Preservation Fund.













THANK YOU!

To all of you who have completed and returned surveys about your harvest and hunting and trapping activities in Illinois, we thank you. The Illinois Department of Natural Resources has partnered with the Illinois Natural History Survey for 30 years to gather important input on hunting and wildlife management in Illinois. Information from you and your fellow hunters and trappers helps guide the management of Illinois' wildlife resources and evaluating changes to hunting and trapping regulations.



Michael Wefer

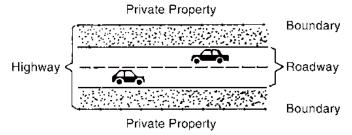
Chief, Wildlife Resources Division Illinois Department of Natural Resources

Hunting From Vehicles, Boats, and use of Drones

It is unlawful to take, pursue or intentionally harass or disturb in any manner any wild birds or mammals by use or aid of any vehicle, conveyance, or unmanned aircraft [drone] except as permitted by the Code of Federal Regulations for the taking of waterfowl. Exception: Paraplegics or other disabled persons, with a permit from the Office of Law Enforcement, may hunt from any stationary motor vehicle or stationary motor-driven land conveyance. Note: It is legal to hunt game birds and game mammals (except deer and furbearing mammals) from a boat not camouflaged or disguised to alter its identity or further provide a place of concealment and not propelled by sail or mechanical power. A boat merely painted in a camouflage pattern is not considered camouflaged and may be used to hunt under conditions specified above. See exceptions to boat use in the Waterfowl Hunting section of this digest.

Hunting from Roads

You cannot legally hunt, trap or discharge a gun or bow and arrow device along, upon, across or from a public roadway, highway or right-of-way. Highway (right-of-way) means the entire width between the boundary lines of every public road. Roadway means the portion of the public road that is improved or ordinarily used for vehicle travel, excluding the berm or shoulder.



Hunting Near Fires

You cannot legally hunt adjacent to or near any peat, grass, brush or other flammable substance when it is burning.

Transporting Shotguns on Boats

<u>You cannot legally</u> place, carry, possess or trasnport a shotgun on a boat of any type in an area under the jurisdiction of IDNR from 1 Feb to 31 May inclusive, except a person having a valid, unfilled turkey permit and licensed or authorized hunters legally hunting wildlife in season.

Transporting Firearms and Bow and Arrow Devices in Vehicles

You cannot legally:

- have or carry a shotgun, rifle, handgun or airgun in or on any vehicle, conveyance or aircraft unless the firearm or airgun is unloaded and completely enclosed in a case except as noted in the Blinds section of Waterfowl Hunting in this digest. Also see Hunting From Vehicles and Boats and "FAQs" hereafter.
- carry a bow or bow and arrow device in or on a vehicle, conveyance or aircraft unless it is unstrung or enclosed in a case, or otherwise made inoperable.

Concealed Carry

For questions involving Concealed Carry, please reference 430 ILCS 66 (Firearm Concealed Carry Act)

Night Hunting with Lights, Shining Wildlife

It is unlawful to take, pursue or intentionally harass or disturb in any manner any wild birds or mammals by use or aid of any vehicle, or conveyance, or unmanned aircraft [drone]. It is unlawful to use the lights of any vehicle or conveyance, any light connected to any vehicle or conveyance, or any other lighting device or mechanism from inside or on a vehicle or conveyance in any area where wildlife may be found. This does not prohibit normal use of headlamps for driving upon a roadway. Other lighting device or mechanism shall include, but not be limited to, any device that uses infrared or other light not visible to the naked eye, electronic image intensification, active illumination, thermal imaging, or night vision. Except: skunk, opossum, red or gray fox, coyote and raccoon may be harvested during the open season using a small hand-operated light by a person who is on foot and not in any vehicle.

Property Laws

Purple Paint Law

Landowners or lessees can mark trees or posts on private land with purple paint as a "no trespassing" notice. See 720 ILCS 5/21-3 for further information.

Damaging Property while Hunting

<u>You cannot legally</u> damage or destroy another person's property while hunting or trapping on his/her land.

Private Land Permission and Access

It is unlawful for any person to take (see definition of "take") or attempt to take any species of wildlife or parts thereof or intentionally or wantonly allow a dog to hunt, within or upon the land of another, or upon waters flowing over or standing on the land of another, or to knowingly shoot a gun or bow and arrow device at any wildlife physically on or flying over the property of another without first obtaining permission from the owner or the owner's designee. For the purposes of this law, the owner's designee means anyone whom the owner designates in a written authorization and the authorization must contain (i) the legal or common description of property, (ii) the extent that the owner's designee is authorized to make decisions regarding who is allowed to take or attempt to take any species of wildlife or parts thereof, and (iii) the owner's notarized signature.

Illinois law does not grant the right of trespass for the purpose of retrieving wounded or crippled wildlife or hunting dogs. Secure permission from the landowner or tenant before entering any property. Your conduct while hunting and trapping can influence the landowner's decision to allow future hunting or trapping. Note: Railroad rights- of-way are private property and permission from the owner is needed before hunting or trapping.

Possession of Captive-reared Game Mammals and Birds

You cannot legally hold, possess or engage in the raising of game mammals, game birds or migratory game birds without obtaining a Class A Noncommercial or Class B Commercial Game and Game Bird Breeders Permit. Permit holders must keep detailed records of the acquisition and disposal of each species. Class B permit holders must keep records of sales. Records must be available for inspection by IDNR and peace officers. Complete regulations are available in the Wildlife Code [520 ILCS 5/3.23] at www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs3.asp?ActID=1729&ChapterID=43

Taxidermy Laws

Any person who engages in the business of taxidermy must obtain an IDNR permit. Persons taking animals to a taxidermist must be able to prove that the animal was legally harvested. Taxidermists are required to keep written records of all animals received. All animals in their possession must be properly tagged or labeled. For further information contact an IDNR office.

Outfitter Regulation Information

The development of outfitter regulations was initiated by concerned hunters and outfitters. Their interests were to ensure hunters utilizing outfitters were provided the proper services and treatment, to strengthen the reputation of the outfitting industry in Illinois, and to ensure the proper management of the state's deer herd, wild turkey flock, and waterfowl resource. To apply for an Outfitter Permit or obtain a complete copy of the regulations contained in 17 Ill. Admin. Code. 640 may be found at www.2.illinois.gov/dnr or by contacting the Office of Law Enforcement (217) 782-6431.

Falconry

State falconry permits, issued in accordance with federal regulations 50 CFR 21.29, are required to take, possess and transport hawks, falcons and great horned owls for falconry purposes. Call the Office of Law Enforcement for details at (217) 782-6431 or email Brian.Clark@illinois.gov.

Dogs — Deer and Turkey

<u>You cannot legally</u> allow your dog to chase, harass or kill deer or turkey. Dogs may be used for hunting, except for deer and turkey. See section "Hunting Deer with Dogs, Horses, Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft."

Field Trial and Dog Training

You cannot legally:

- hold a field trial, organized night hunt, water race or other competitive event involving sporting dogs without first obtaining a IDNR permit. Applications must be submitted 4 weeks prior to the event.
- unless in accordance with the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, possess
 any firearm or ammunition other than a pistol loaded with blank
 cartridges while training dogs when hunting seasons are closed,
 except on an authorized field trial or dog training area. When
 training dogs from sunset to sunrise, no person in, along with, or
 accompanying the dog training party shall be in possession of a
 firearm or live ammunition, except pistols capable of firing only blank
 cartridges,. unless in accordance with the Firearm Concealed Carry
 Act.
- If using live birds in training area, the operator must obtain a wild game breeder's permit (217-785-3423) and dog training area permit (217-785-8129) from IDNR. Complete information about field trials and dog training is available at www.lillinois.gov/dnr.

Feeding Wildlife

<u>You cannot legally</u> make available food, salt, mineral blocks or other products for ingestion by wild deer or other wildlife. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of the bait.

Except

- elevated bird/squirrel feeders providing seed, grain, fruit, worms or suet for birds or squirrels located within 100 feet of a dwelling devoted to human occupancy.
- · incidental feeding of wildlife within active livestock operations.
- feeding of wild animals, other than wild deer, by hand as long as a reasonable attempt is made to clean up unconsumed food.
- feeders for wildlife other than deer so long as deer are excluded from the feed in and around the feeder by fencing or other barriers.
- grain or other feed scattered or distributed solely as a result of normal agricultural, gardening or soil stabilization practices.
- standing, flooded or manipulated natural vegetation or food/seed deposited by natural vegetation.
- grain or other feed distributed or scattered solely as the result of manipulation of an agricultural crop or other feed on the land where grown, for purposes of dove hunting.
- food material placed for capturing or killing wildlife pursuant to 520 ILCS 5/2.37, 2.30, and 1.3.
- scientific permits issued pursuant to 17 III. Adm. Code 520 that allow food to attract wildlife.
- any other permits issued by IDNR that require the attraction of wildlife for purposes of management, research or control.

Dens, Nests and Feed Beds

You cannot legally:

- use a mechanical device, smoke or gases to remove an animal from its den.
- molest or destroy any feed bed (a mound, pile or mat of branches, cattails or other vegetation gathered and piled by muskrats or beaver), nest, den, house or other animal cavity.

Releasing Wildlife and Possessing Live Wildlife

You cannot legally:

- release from captivity any wildlife except as authorized by IDNR or as authorized by permits for a field trial, dog training area, game breeding and hunting preserve area, or wild game and bird breeder permits.
- carry into this state alive or possess alive any species of protected wildlife taken outside of this state without first obtaining IDNR permission, except licensed game breeders, as permitted by the Illinois Wildlife Code.
- · take wildlife and retain it alive.

Hawks, Eagles, and Owls Protected

<u>You cannot legally</u> harvest, or attempt to harvest, molest or disturb any hawk, eagle, or owl or parts thereof (including feather, nests, and eggs), at any time, except as provided by falconry regulations.

If You Find an Injured or Orphaned Animal

- Most wild birds and mammals in Illinois are considered a protected species and picking up or possessing the animal outside of a legal hunting season is unlawful.
- If you suspect an animal is injured or orphaned, do not attempt to rescue the animal, call a wildlife rehabilitator immediately.
- Go to: www.wildlifeillinois.org/list-of-licensed-wildliferehabilitators/ for a rehabilitator in your area.
- Stay calm and quiet when you are around the animal and leave it alone to minimize stress.
- · Do not feed or provide fluids to the animal.

Protection and Care of Wildlife

- All wild birds (EXCEPT the house sparrow, European starling and domestic pigeon) and parts thereof (their nests and eggs) are protected. Wild turkey, purple swamphen, muscovy duck and game birds listed in this digest are legal to harvest.
- Wild mammals and parts thereof, including their green hides, are
 protected EXCEPT as authorized by a hunting or trapping season,
 and include: woodchuck, gray squirrel, fox squirrel, eastern cottontail
 rabbit, swamp rabbit, white-tailed deer, muskrat, beaver, raccoon,
 opossum, least weasel, long-tailed weasel, mink, striped skunk, red fox,
 gray fox, river otter, bobcat, badger and coyote.
- Wild mammals and parts thereof, including their green hides, are
 protected through-out the year and include: all white white-tailed
 deer, grey/timber wolves, flying squirrel, red squirrel, white squirrel,
 eastern woodrat, golden mouse, rice rat, bats, mountain lion and black
 bear. Note: piebald deer are legal to harvest.
- It shall be unlawful for any person to take any other living wild animal not covered above without the permission of the landowner or tenant.
- You cannot legally take, possess, sell or offer for sale any such wild birds (dead or alive) and parts thereof (including their nests and eggs), or such wild mammals (dead or alive) and parts thereof, including their green hides, contrary to the provisions of the Illinois Wildlife Code.
- You cannot legally bring into Illinois for the purpose of holding, releasing, propagating or selling any other living wild animal not listed under the Protected Species section above without first obtaining a DNR permit. Contact Division of Wildlife Resources (217) 785-2614.

Duty to Report Hunting and Trapping Accidents

Every hunting or trapping accident involving serious personal injury including falls from elevated tree stands or a gunshot or archery wound must be reported to IDNR within 5 days. Persons involved in a hunting or trapping accident must render assistance to persons affected by the accident provided they can do so without serious danger to themselves and others. Accidents must be reported on forms obtained from the Safety Education Section at 1-800-832-2599 or www2.illinois.gov/dnr/safety/Pages/IncidentReportSummaries.aspx



Authority of Conservation Police Officers (CPOs)

All Conservation Police Officers are empowered, pursuant to law, to enter all lands and waters to enforce the provisions of the Wildlife Code and Administrative Rules.

Serving Since 1885 Illinois Conservation Police

To be a vigilant guardian of the natural resources, public safety and homeland security of Illinois.

The Illinois Conservation Police would like to thank YOU, the sportsmen and women of Illinois, for your continued support over the last 135 years. It's your passion for conservation that has enabled us to protect the natural resources of this great state while providing a safe place to enjoy the outdoors. Our unique partnership will continue to provide future generations with lifelong outdoor recreational opportunities.

Contacting a Conservation Police Officer

The Department of Natural Resources' Office of Law Enforcement developed the Target Illinois Poachers program to encourage any concerned citizen who witnesses a poaching offense to report the violation, such as poaching or polluting.

Good law enforcement is everybody's responsibility. If you see a violation, report it. Let's Target Illinois' Poachers and Polluters!

Internet:

www2.illinois.gov/dnr/LawEnforcement/Pages/Target-Poachers.aspx

REPORT VIOLATIONS TO: 1-877-2DNRLAW (236-7529)

Operates 24 hrs./day, 7 days a week.

Contact a CPO: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/LawEnforcement/Documents/DistrictCPOPhonesAndEmails.pdf

Ameritech Relay 1-800-526-0644 for the deaf and hearing impaired.

For all other requests for an Illinois Conservation Police Officer after regular business hours, contact your Illinois State Police district HQ dispatch center.

Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact

Illinois is a participating member of the Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact.

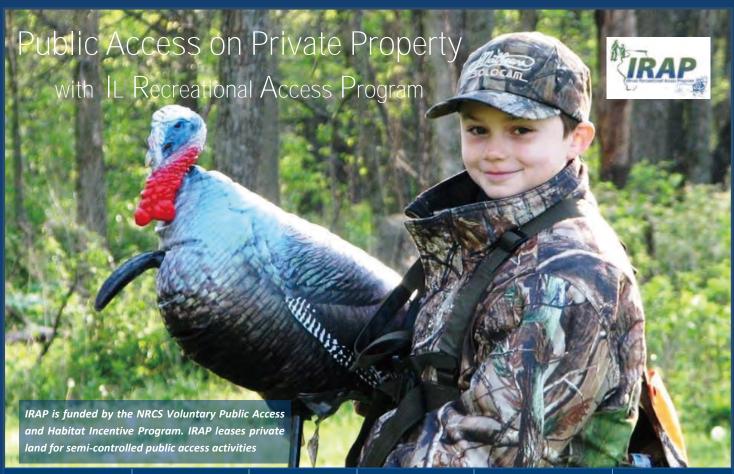
How the IWVC works:

- · Compact membership applies to aquatic life and wildlife violations.
- The Compact allows non-resident violators receiving citations for violations in participating states to be treated the same as residents who are in violation.
- A violator who fails to comply with the terms of a citation issued in a participating state faces the possibility of the suspension of his/her privileges in his/her home state until the terms of the citation are met.
- The Compact provides for the reciprocal recognition of the suspension of license privileges by participating states. (Illinois has recognized suspensions imposed by other states for several years. Membership in the Compact allows other states to recognize Illinois' suspensions.)
- The Compact provides that information on convictions in participating states may be forwarded to the home state of the violator.
- IWVC not only assures equal treatment of residents and non-residents of participating states, but also enhances the law enforcement services and deterrent value of time spent patrolling by uniformed officers. The reciprocal recognition of suspensions between states is intended to address the problems associated with the mobility of many violators.

Season Dates - Rules of Thumb

Many hunters need to plan vacations and hunting trips in advance of the annual distribution of the Digest of Hunting and Trapping Regulations. For such planning purposes, here are the general rules of thumb used for setting annual season dates. Although there are no guarantees that these season dates will be used in future years, this is the best information available for those who must make plans well in advance of announcements of official season dates. Actual season dates may vary from year to year. Please refer to the specific hunting season sections for season start and end dates for the hunting year that this digest covers.

- · Coyote & Striped Skunk Open year-round, except closed during firearm deer seasons.
- · Crow Oct. 28 Feb. 28.
- **Deer Archery** Oct. 1 through the first Sunday after Jan. 13 (closed during firearm deer season except in Cook, DuPage, Lake, and Kane (East of Rt 47) counties).
- **Deer Firearm** The Friday, Saturday and Sunday immediately before Thanksgiving and the first four-day weekend (Thursday-Sunday) after Thanksgiving.
- **Deer Late Winter Antlerless and Special CWD** The first Thursday-Sunday after Dec. 25; and the first Friday-Sunday after Jan. 11.
- **Deer Muzzleloader** The third three-day weekend (Friday, Saturday and Sunday) following Thanksgiving. Hunting also allowed during the second firearm deer season.
- · Deer Youth Firearm The Saturday, Sunday, and Monday that includes the second Monday of October.
- **Dove** 90-day season. Split season opens Sept. 1 and runs approximately 75 days; reopens the day after Christmas and runs the remainder of the 90 days.
- Early Canada Goose Sept. 1 15.
- Furbearer Hunting Nov. 10 Feb. 15 for raccoon, opossum, gray and red fox, bobcat (with permit), except closed during firearm deer seasons.
- Furbearer Trapping Nov. 10 Feb. 15 for everything except river otter, beaver (Nov. 10 Mar. 31) and woodchuck (June 1 Sept. 30). Must wear blaze orange/pink during firearm deer seasons.
- **Pheasant, Quail and Partridge** North First Saturday in November through Jan. 8. South First Saturday in November through Jan. 15.
- · Rabbit First Saturday in November through Feb. 15.
- · Rail Opens with teal season and runs for 70 days.
- · Snipe Opens with teal season and runs for 107 days.
- **Squirrel** Aug. 1 Feb. 15, except closed during firearm deer seasons.
- · Teal Opens on the first or second Saturday in September and runs for 16 days.
- **Turkey Fall Archery** Oct. 1 through the first Sunday after Jan. 13, except closed during firearm deer seasons.
- Turkey Fall Gun The nine days beginning on Saturday of the second complete two-day weekend (Saturday and Sunday) after Oct. 10.
- Turky Spring South Zone Begins on the first Monday in April after April 2 and ends 32 days later. Lengths for each season (in days) are 5, 6, 6, 7 and 8, respectively.
- Turkey Spring North Zone Same as South Zone except one week later.
- · Turkey Youth Spring The two consecutive weekends prior to the opening of South Zone's first season.
- Waterfowl Varies, see 5 year season plans online: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/Pages/
 WaterfowlHunting.aspx
- · Woodchuck June 1 Mar. 31, except closed during firearm deer seasons.
- · Woodcock 45 days beginning on the third Saturday in October.



| Activity | Who Can Apply | How | When to Apply | IRAP Activity Date | Additional Information |
|--|---|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Youth TURKEY Hunting | Licensed youth hunters age 17 and under | Complete online application | Online application available November 20 | Youth Spring Turkey Season | Must hunt with a non-hunting adult |
| Spring TURKEY Season Segments 3 & 4 | Any licensed hunter | Complete online application | Online application available November 20 | North/South 3rd and 4th spring season | |
| SPORTFISHING | Any licensed angler | Register and reserve a site online | Online reservations available March 25 | April 1—September 30 Friday—Monday | No boats |
| SQUIRREL Hunting | Any licensed hunter | Register and reserve a site online | Online reservations available July 25 | August 1—September 15 | Up to 4 in hunting group |
| Youth Shotgun DEER hunting | Licensed youth hunters age 17 and under | Complete online application | Online application available July 1 | Second 3-day weekend in October | Must hunt with a non-hunting adult |
| Archery DEER Hunting | Any licensed hunter | Complete online application | Online application available July 1 | Month of October and December 16-31 | |
| WATERFOWL Hunting | ATERFOWL Hunting Any licensed hunter | | Online application available August 15 | November 1– December 31 | Blinds onsite; Dogs allowed; up to 4 in hunting group |
| UPLAND GAME Hunting | Any licensed hunter | Complete online application | Online application available October 1 | 2-day weekend hunts; last 3 weekends in December | Dogs allowed; Up to 4 in hunting group |
| RABBIT Hunting | Any licensed hunter | Register and reserve a site online | Online reservations available November 25 | December 10-31 | Dogs Allowed; up to 4 in hunting group |

IRAP is available to Illinois residents and non-residents. A participant must have an IRAP site permit and reservation prior to using any site. Participants must follow all laws and obtain necessary permits and licenses as outlined in the Illinois Digest of Hunting and Trapping and Fishing Regulations.

Additional information can be found at: https://www2.illinois.gov/dnr/conservation/IRAP or by calling 217-782-0137

Wildlife llinois

- Get Help with Wildlife Identification
- Control & Prevent Damage
- Find Wildlife Control Operators & Wildlife Rehabilitators
- Learn About Seasonal **Behaviors**
- Report Sightings
- **Request Permits**

wildlifeillinois.org

O @livingwithwildlifeillinois

f /livingwithwildlifeillinois

Wildlife Illinois is a collaborative effort of people and institutions led by the National Great Rivers Research and Education Center in Illinois. Other organizations include the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR), Division of Wildlife Resources and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration. Funding for Wildlife Illinois we made available through Federal Ard in Wildlife Restoration Project W-147-T.













Wildlife Friendly Development

What are you developing?

Residential

- Plant Management
- Pollinators
- · Wildlife Habitat
- Aguatics & Water Resources

Commercial

- **Endangered Species & Construction**
- Sustainable Development
- **Outdoor Lighting**
- Soil Erosion Control

cicada-idnr.org





CICADA is a collaborative effort led by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Office of Realty & Capital Planning, and the National Great Rivers Research and Education Center. The CICADA website was developed with funding from the Illinois Wildlife Preservation Fund. Those funds are to be used for preserving, protecting, perpetuating, and enhancing non-game wildlife in the state.







Antlered deer limit in footnote

below does not apply to this

season. See Special CWD Deer

Hunting section for open counties.

Counties open during this season



29 Dec 2022 - 1 Jan 2023

and 13-15 Jan 2023

29 Dec 2022 - 1 Jan 2023

Special CWD

Late Winter Antlerless

sunset

One deer per

valid permit

One antlerless

⁽Shotgun, Muzzleloader, Handgun) and 13-15 Jan 2023 deer per permit will be posted online in October.

Youth Firearm 8-10 Oct 2022 One deer **See footnote below

^{**}No hunter, regardless of the quantity or type of permits in his/her possession, may harvest more than two antlered deer during a year, including the youth, archery, muzzleloader and firearm seasons except as allowed during the special CWD season. For this harvest limit, deer seasons are in the same year if their opening dates are within the same 12-month period that begins July 1.

| Deer H | unting (| Credential: | s (doe | s not i | nclude | vendor d | or transaction fees) | | |
|---|------------------|------------------------|---------|---------|------------|-----------|---|--|--|
| | Р | rice | How | to app | y for or p | ourchase | | | |
| License/Permit/Stamp | Resident | Non-Resident | Lottery | Online | Vendors | Paper App | Specifications | | |
| Hunting License | Variable | Variable | | х | x | | See Statewide Regulations section for license types | | |
| State Habitat Stamp | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | | x | x | | Purchasers of a lifetime hunting license prior to Jan 1, 1993 and legally disabled veterans and former prisoners of war are exempt from this stamp. | | |
| Super Senior Habitat Stamp | Free | n/a | | х | х | | Must be 75 or older and pay vendor fees. | | |
| Deer Firearm Permits | | | | | | | | | |
| Either-Sex Permit | \$25.00 | \$300.00 | х | х | х | х | | | |
| Antlerless-Only Permit | \$1 <i>7</i> .50 | \$25.00 or \$100.00 | x | x | x | х | Non-resident applicants must possess an ES permit to be eligible for a discounted (\$25) AO permit. The nonresident \$100 permit is only available at license vendors. | | |
| Deer Muzzleloader Peri | mits | | | | | | | | |
| Either-Sex Permit | \$25.00 | \$300.00 | х | х | х | х | | | |
| Antlerless-Only Permit | \$1 <i>7</i> .50 | \$25.00 or \$100.00 | x | x | x | x | Non-resident applicants must possess an ES permit to be eligible for a discounted (\$25) AO permit. The nonresident \$100 permit is only available at license vendors. | | |
| Deer Archery Permits | | | | | | | | | |
| Combination Archery Permit (1 either-sex & 1 antlerless permit) | \$25.00 | \$410.00 | | x | x | | Non-residents may obtain permits online from 6/1 until 6/30, after which permits are only available over-the-counter at vendors. Non-resident youth (<18 yrs.) may purchase a resident Combination Archery Permit for \$25. | | |
| Single Either-Sex Permit | \$1 <i>5</i> .00 | n/a | | | | х | | | |
| Single Antlerless-Only Permit | \$1 <i>7.</i> 50 | \$25.00 or \$100.00 | | | x | | Non-resident applicants must possess an archery ES permit to be eligible for a discounted (\$25) single AO permit. | | |
| Deer Landowner Permit | ls | | | | | | | | |
| Combination Firearm Permit (1 either-sex & 1 antlerless permit) | Free | \$175.00 | | | | х | Landowners and resident tenants (of commercial agricultural leases) must have at least 39.5 acres of land to qualify for | | |
| Combination Archery Permit (1 either-sex & 1 antlerless permit) | Free | \$210.00 | | | | x | landowner permits. Permits are only valid on the owned/leased land. See 17 III. Adm. Code 528. | | |
| Deer Youth Firearm Per | mits | | | | | | | | |
| Either-Sex Permit | \$10.00 | \$10.00 | | | х | | | | |
| Deer Late Winter Firear | m Permit | s | | | | | | | |
| County-specific Antlerless-only | \$1 <i>7.5</i> 0 | n/a | | | х | | Open counties to be publicly announced; | | |
| Special Hunt Area Antlerless-only | \$1 <i>7.5</i> 0 | n/a | | х | | | see our website at www2.illinois.gov/ dnr/hunting | | |
| Special Chronic Wasting | Disease | e Season D | eer Per | mits | | | | | |
| County-specific Antlerless-only | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | | | х | | See SPECIAL CWD DEER HUNTING | | |
| Special Hunt Area Antlerless-only | \$1 <i>7.5</i> 0 | n/a | | х | | | section for open counties. | | |

HUNTING CREDENTIALS AND REQUIREMENTS

- To hunt deer, residents and non-residents will need a hunting license, a habitat stamp, and at least one pertinent deer permit listed in the Deer Hunting Credentials table. Exemptions to these requirements are specified in table. For residency qualification, see Resident definition in Statewide Regulations.
- ES = deer of either sex; AO = antlerless-only deer.

You cannot legally:

- hunt deer without an IDNR permit.
- hunt deer unless the permit is properly signed and in the hunter's possession while hunting.
- transfer, loan, use, possess or falsify any license, permit, tag, or harvest record issued to another person.
- harvest an antlered deer with an antlerless-only permit. An antlered deer is defined as a deer having at least one antler of a length of 3 inches or more. An antlerless deer is defined as a deer without antlers or a deer having antlers less than 3 inches long.
- hunt deer in a county or area other than specified on the permit.
- move, transport or field dress a deer upon kill before properly attaching the temporary harvest tag as instructed on the permit. Deer must be tagged immediately upon kill.





Check for ticks frequently.

Look especially behind knees, armpits. groin, and in hair/behind ears. On dogs, look around the head/ears, belly, tail, and paws. Remove ticks with fine-tipped tweezers and save in a tightly-sealed container for later ID.

https://vetmed.illinois.edu/i-tick/



Dry, then wash.

Remove clothes upon arriving home from outdoor areas and dry on HIGH for 10-15 minutes to kill loose ticks. Ticks can survive the wash.



Save and report any ticks.

The **TickApp** is a free smartphone app to send a photo of your tick and receive relevant information. For more information check out: https://thetickapp.org/. Available from Google Play and the AppStore.

How to avoid becoming a meal



while hunting for yours



Tick bites can transmit germs that cause illnesses like Lyme disease, Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever, or even trigger a red-meat allergy.



Treat gear before you go.

Permethrin (0.5%) is an odorless fabric spray that repels and kills ticks on contact with clothing for up to 4-6 weeks per application as directed.



Use EPA-approved repellent on exposed skin.

Products like 20-30% DEET spray, LipoDEET lotion, picaridin, or IR3535 offer excellent repellency of ticks and other biting pests.



Protect your dog.

Dogs can also get tick-borne illnesses, or bring loose ticks home. Talk to your veterinarian about an effective tick preventative, and use it whenever outdoors - even in

winter.

Deer Harvest Limit

- You cannot legally kill more than one deer per permit during any deer hunting season.
- No hunter, regardless of the quantity or type of permits in his/her possession, may harvest more than two antlered deer during a year, including the youth, archery, firearm and muzzleloader seasons.
- For the purpose of this harvest limit, deer seasons are considered to be in the same year if their opening dates are within the same 12-month period that begins July 1.
- Deer harvested during the special CWD deer season (select counties only) do not count toward the antlered buck limit.
- You cannot legally harvest any all-white white-tailed deer at any time. Piebald deer are legal to harvest.

Deer Hunting Regulations (in addition to Statewide Regulations)

Firearm and Archery Equipment Regulations

You cannot legally:

- · use or possess any other firearm or ammunition in the field, unless legal for that season, while hunting white-tailed deer except as provided in the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
- Carry a loaded gun or bow with a nocked arrow in the field except during legal hunting hours or in accordance with the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

Tree Stand Requirements

You cannot legally:

- use more than one tree stand or ground blind at an IDNR owned or managed site.
- construct or use any tree stand using nails, screws or any device which pierces or cuts the bark of the tree on which it is installed on an IDNR owned or managed site. Tree stands must be portable and removed at the end of each day, unless otherwise specified in site-specific regulations.

Clothing Requirements

A solid blaze orange or blaze pink cap/hat and an upper outer garment displaying at least 400 square inches of solid blaze orange or blaze pink material must be worn:

- to hunt deer during all firearm deer seasons.
- to track wounded deer with a dog during all firearm deer seasons.
- by individuals accompanying youth during youth firearm deer hunts.

White-tailed Deer Illinois



Learn About Deer Ecology & Management Report Sick or Dead Deer Get Tips to Control Damage Find Harvest Information

deer.wildlifeillinois.org

The Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Division of O @irvingwithwildifeillinois
Wildlife Resources, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
Wildlife Resources, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
Wildlife Resources, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
Wildlife Resources, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Servic













You cannot legally use or occupy a ground blind during any firearm deer season on IDNR-owned or -managed land unless at least 400 square inches of solid, vivid blaze orange or blaze pink material is securely attached to the uppermost portion of the blind and a substantial amount of orange or pink is visible for 360 degrees. Camouflage blaze orange or camouflage blaze pink does not meet clothing or ground blind requirements.

Deer Hunting with a Single Shot Centerfire Rifle

This section regarding Single Shot Centerfire Rifles does not go into effect until January 1st, 2023. Until that time, it is illegal to use a centerfire rifle to hunt deer in Illinois.

- "Centerfire" means a gun that will only fire a round that contains the primer in the center of the cartridge and not in the rim of the cartridge.
- "Single shot" means a gun that is either manufactured or modified to only be capable of holding a total of one round in the magazine and chamber combined. "Single shot" does not include: (a) a rifle in the possession of a person who is also in possession of or in close proximity to a magazine that would allow the rifle to be capable of holding more than one round or (b) a revolver. A gun shall be considered single shot if there is no magazine in the possession of or in close proximity to a hunter in the field and the gun can only hold a total of one round.
- After January 1st, 2023, you cannot legally take deer except with a shotgun, handgun, single shot centerfire rifle, muzzleloading rifle, or bow and arrow as authorized for the season that is being hunted.
- The only legal ammunition for a centerfire handgun or rifle is a bottleneck centerfire cartridge of .30 caliber or larger with a case length not exceeding one and two-fifths inches, or a straight-walled centerfire cartridge of .30 caliber or larger, both of which must be available as a factory load with the published ballistic tables of the manufacturer showing a capability of at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle. Full metal jacket bullets may not be used to harvest deer.
- Further information from the Department will be forthcoming in early 2023.



Tracking Deer with Dogs

<u>You cannot legally</u> use a dog, horse, automobile, aircraft, boat or other vehicle to harvest deer with a firearm or bow and arrow. Dogs may, however, be used to track wounded deer if the following conditions are met:

- Any person using a dog for tracking wounded deer must maintain physical control of the dog at all times by means of a maximum 50 foot lead attached to the dog's collar or harness.
- Tracking wounded deer is permissible at night, but at no time outside
 of legal deer hunting hours or seasons shall any person handling or
 accompanying a dog being used for tracking wounded deer be in
 possession of any firearm or archery device.
- Persons tracking wounded deer with a dog during the firearm seasons shall wear blaze orange or blaze pink as required.
- Dog handlers tracking wounded deer with a dog are exempt from hunting license and deer permit requirements so long as they are accompanied by the licensed deer hunter who wounded the deer. You cannot legally track deer with dogs on any IDNR-owned or -managed site during hours when deer hunting is open on the site.

Hunting Deer Over Salt, Mineral or Bait

It is illegal to feed deer at any time and/or take deer by the use or aid of bait or baiting of any kind. Despite their widespread availability, deer baits and attractants commonly sold in stores are also illegal to use at any time except for use by properly licensed owners of captive cervids while feeding captive animals. For the purpose of this section, "bait" means any material, whether liquid or solid, including food, salt, minerals and other products that can be ingested, placed or scattered in such a manner as to attract or lure white-tailed deer. "Baiting" means the placement or scattering of bait to attract deer. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of the bait.

For the purposes of taking white-tailed deer, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the manipulation, including mowing or cutting, of standing crops as a normal agricultural or soil stabilization practice, food plots or normal agricultural practices, including planting, harvesting and maintenance, such as cultivating, or the use of products designed for scent only and not capable of ingestion, solid or liquid, placed or scattered, in such a manner as to attract or lure deer.

Driving Deer on IDNR-Controlled Properties

<u>You cannot legally</u> "drive deer", or participate in a deer drive, on IDNR-owned or IDNR-managed properties during all deer seasons. A deer drive is defined as a deliberate action by one or more persons (whether armed or unarmed) whose intent is to cause deer to move within firearm range of one or more participating hunters.

Transportation

- To taxidermist if the head/antlers are delivered to a taxidermist for processing, the confirmation number/temporary harvest tag must be recorded on the 'head tag' portion of the permit and both must remain with the deer at the taxidermist.
- To meat processor if the carcass is taken to a meat processor, the
 permanent tag or temporary harvest tag (leg tag) with confirmation
 number must remain with the deer while it is processed, and until it is
 at the legal residence of the person who legally took or possessed the
 deer.
- To tanner persons delivering deer/parts of a deer to a tanner for processing must supply the tanner with their deer permit number to verify lawful acquisition. In the absence of a permit number, the tanner may rely on the written certification of the person from whom the deer was received that the specimen was legally harvested or obtained.

Exportation of Deer by Non-residents

Non-resident hunters who harvest a wild deer in Illinois should contact the state wildlife agency in states they will be traveling through, including their home state, to inquire about regulations related to possession/transportation of deer carcasses and/or parts of carcasses through the state in question as regulations vary from state to state.

Importation of Animal Carcasses and Parts

Importation of hunter-harvested deer and elk carcasses into Illinois is prohibited except:

- deboned meat, antlers, antlers attached to skull caps, hides, upper canine teeth (also known as "buglers," "whistlers," or "ivories"). Skull caps shall be cleaned of all brain and muscle tissue;
- · finished taxidermy mounts;
- carcasses or parts of carcasses with the spinal column or head attached may be transported in the state only if they are submitted to a licensed meat processor or a licensed taxidermist for processing within 72 hours after entry; licensed meat processors and taxidermists shall dispose of all inedible tissue not listed in the first dot point in a properly permitted landfill or with a renderer; tissues can be imported into the state for use by a diagnostic or research laboratory.

NOTE: Nothing in this Part shall prevent renderers regulated under the Illinois Dead Animal Disposal Act [225 ILCS 610] with Class A or B licenses from transporting cervid carcasses or parts into the state for the purpose of rendering.

Mandatory Deer Harvest Registration

- All deer harvested during muzzleloader, archery, late winter antlerlessonly, special CWD season and during firearm season in counties without CWD surveillance must be registered by 10 p.m. on the same calendar day the deer was harvested by calling the toll-free telephone check-in system at 1-866-452-4325 (1-866-ILCHECK) or by accessing the online check-insystem at www.exploremoreil.com/wildlife/harvest
- In non-CWD surveillance counties the harvest confirmation number must be written by the hunter onto the temporary harvest tag (leg tag). If the condition of the tag precludes writing on the tag in the appropriate space (i.e., bloody, etc.), the confirmation number shall be written else where on the tag, or onto a piece of paper and attached to the deer along with the temporary harvest tag.
- The deer must remain whole (or field dressed) until it has been checked in. In instances where deer are checked in while the hunter is still afield, the deer may not be dismembered while afield beyond quartering the animal. If quartered, all parts of the carcass (except the entrails removed during field dressing) must be transported together and evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to one quarter. Evidence of sex is:
 - For a buck: head with antlers attached to carcass, or attached testicle, scrotum or penis.
 - For a doe: head attached to carcass or attached udder (mammary) or vulva.
- The temporary harvest tag (leg tag) and confirmation number or permanent leg tag must remain attached to the deer until it is at the legal residence of the person who legally took or possessed the deer, the deer has been checked in, and final processing is complete.
- Deer harvested in CWD surveillance counties (Boone, Carroll, DeKalb, Grundy, Jo Daviess, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, LaSalle, Livingston, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson, Will, and Winnebago) during firearm deer seasons need to be physically registered at a designated check station and receive a permanent leg tag, see page 20 for more details.



Firearm and Muzzleloader Deer Hunting

Counties Open

 All counties except Cook, DuPage, Lake and that portion of Kane County east of State Route 47, are open to firearm/muzzleloader deer hunting.

Legal Hunting Equipment

See "Deer Hunting with a Single Shot Centerfire Rifle" on page 16.

- Shotguns, loaded with slugs only, of not larger than 10 nor smaller than 20 gauge, not capable of firing more than three consecutive slugs; or
- Single or double barreled muzzleloading rifles of at least .45 caliber shooting a single projectile through a barrel of at least 16 inches in length; or
- Centerfire revolvers or centerfire single-shot handguns of .30 caliber or larger with a minimum barrel length of 4 inches.
- A muzzleloading rifle is defined as a rifle into which the projectile is incapable of being inserted from the breech end.
- Only blackpowder or a "blackpowder substitute" such as Pyrodex may be used. Modern smokeless powders (nitrocellulose-based) are an approved blackpowder substitute only in muzzleloading firearms specifically designed for their use.
- Percussion caps (shotgun primers are legal percussion caps), wheellock, matchlock or flint type ignition only may be used, except a muzzleloader with an electronic ignition is legal to use.
- A muzzleloading firearm is considered unloaded when: removal of percussion cap or removal of prime powder from frizzen pan with frizzen open and hammer all the way down or removal of prime powder from flashpan and wheel unwound or removal of prime powder and match with match not lit, or removal of the battery from the electronic ignition.
- During firearm deer season hunters with a valid, unfilled Firearm Deer Permit may, on private land only, use archery equipment meeting all legal requirements as outlined in the Archery Deer Hunting section hereafter.
- · Use of a suppressor/silencer of any type is not permitted
- · Scopes may be used on any legal firearm for hunting deer.

Legal Ammunition

- For shotguns and muzzleloading firearms, the minimum size of the projectile shall be .44 caliber. A wad or sleeve is not considered a projectile or a part of the projectile.
- For handguns, a bottleneck centerfire cartridge of .30 caliber or larger with a case length not exceeding 1.4 inches, or a straight-walled centerfire cartridge of .30 caliber or larger, both of which must be available as a factory load with the published ballistic tables of the manufacturer showing a capability of at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle. There is no case length limit for straight-walled cartridges.
- Non-expanding, military-style full metal jacket bullets cannot be used to harvest white-tailed deer; only soft point or expanding bullets (including copper/copper-alloy rounds designed for hunting) are legal ammunition.

Permit Requirements

- Firearm deer hunters must have a current, valid Firearm Deer Permit or unfilled Property-only Landowner/Tenant Firearm Deer Permit, even if hunting with archery equipment during the firearm season
- Muzzleloading rifle deer hunters must have a current, valid Muzzleloading Rifle Deer Permit, or an unused Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Deer Permit valid for that year's firearm deer season.
- A hunter with a Muzzleloading Rifle Deer Permit may also hunt during the second firearm deer season providing the hunter must use only a legal muzzleloading rifle.
- Unfilled Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Deer Permits used during the muzzleloader season are valid only on lands owned/leased by the permit holder, and the holder must use a muzzleloading rifle.

Deer Permit Application Process

- Apply for a deer permit: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/LPR/Pages/ DeerPermitsFees.aspx
- To receive hardcopy application forms for a firearm or muzzleloader deer hunting permit, contact the permit office at (217) 782-7305.
- Applicants please allow approximately 4 weeks after the respective application deadline dates for Lottery Drawing results.

| Deer Permit Applications | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|---------------------------|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Application Period/Location | Methods | Hunt Period | Lottery Opens | Lottery Closes | Notes | | | | | |
| Firearm and Muzzleloader Season | | | | | | | | | | |
| First lottery (residents only) | Internet/Hardcopy | | 8 Mar 2022 | 30 Apr 2022 | | | | | | |
| Second lottery | Internet/Hardcopy | 18-20 Nov and | 11 May 2022 | 30 Jun 2022 | | | | | | |
| Third lottery | Internet/Hardcopy | 1-4 Dec 2022 | 11 Jul 2022 | 19 Aug 2022 | | | | | | |
| Over-the-counter | Vendors | | 18 Oct 2022 | As available | County-specific permits | | | | | |
| Late Winter/CWD Lottery | Internet | 29 Dec 2022 - 1 Jan 2023 and 13-15 Jan 2023 | 25 Oct 2022 | 28 Nov 2022 | Limit 1 SHA application | | | | | |
| Site-specific Youth Opportunities (Hunter | rs age 17 or younger) | | | | | | | | | |
| Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge | Internet/Hardcopy | 18-20 Nov 2022 | Same as lott | teries above | | | | | | |
| Lake Le-Aqua-Na State Park | Internet/Hardcopy | 18-20 Nov 2022 | Same as lott | teries above | Site-specific permit required | | | | | |
| Lost Mound Unit FL | Internet/Hardcopy | Contact Site | Contact Site Site Contact | | Site Contact Information: 815-273-3184 | | | | | |

Unfilled Youth Deer Permits may be used on public sites that do not require regular site-specfic lottery permits. See lottery webpage for list of sites.

Disabled Hunter Opportunities

See the following link for opportunities: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/DOO Additional hunts may be available, for more information contact jay.d.williams@illinois.gov

- First Lottery: Only resident hunters may apply for firearm season permits and special muzzleloader season permits during the first lottery. Permits are issued using a computerized lottery. Applicants wanting to determine whether they were successful before the second lottery deadline can check online at www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/deer/Pages/OnlineDeerPermitInquirySystem.aspx
- Second Lottery: Resident hunters who were rejected for a deer permit during the first lottery, who are applying for their first permit, or who are non-residents may apply for firearm and muzzleloader deer permits during this lottery. Applicants may apply for one either-sex deer permit and one bonus antlerless-only deer permit to be allocated from permits remaining after the first lottery. Illinois residents have preference over non-residents in this lottery.
- Third Lottery: Residents and non-residents may apply for additional firearm or muzzleloader permits left over from the county quotas. Anyone (regardless of other deer permits they may have) may apply for one or more permits in this lottery.
- Over-the-Counter Sales Period: Permits remaining after the Third Lottery Drawing will be available to residents and non-residents over-the-counter
 from license vendors throughout the state on a first-come, first-served basis. Permits will be sold until quotas are exhausted, or until the close of the
 firearm deer season, whichever occurs first.
- · Permit Limit: Prior to the Third Lottery Drawing in August, no hunter may receive, or attempt to receive, more than one either-sex permit and one antlerless-only permit for the firearm or muzzleloader deer season.

HUNTERS SUSTAIN WILDLIFE CONSERVATION

Pittman-Robertson Act • Since 1937



Resources (25%) matches USFWS (75%) funding with hunting license & stamp funds to conduct wildlife conservation projects & habitat improvements.

Mandatory Firearm Harvest Reporting and Transportation in Counties with CWD Surveillance

Boone, Carroll, DeKalb, Grundy, Jo Daviess, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, LaSalle, Livingston, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson, Will and Winnebago

- Successful firearm season hunters must take their deer either whole or field-dressed to a designated firearm deer check station on the same day it was killed.
- Daily check station hours are 8 a.m. 8 p.m.
- A permanent harvest tag will be attached to the leg of the deer upon registration at the check station.
- If not able to locate a harvested deer in sufficient time to enable checking it in by 8 p.m., the hunter must take the deer to the appropriate check station upon its opening at 8 a.m. the following morning, or immediately upon retrieving it if that occurs later than the opening of the check station. If this situation occurs on a Sunday, the hunter must contact the appropriate regional IDNR Law Enforcement office by 10 a.m. Monday morning for instructions on checking the
- Successful hunters using their muzzleloader deer permits during the second weekend of the firearm season may, at their option, register their harvest either electronically (via phone or online registration) or at a designated firearm deer check station by 8 p.m. on the day the deer was killed.
- Aside from deer harvested with a muzzleloader permit during the second firearm season, all deer harvested during the firearm seasons in counties with CWD surveillance must take their deer to a designated firearm deer check station. Check station locations can be found at: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/programs/CWD/Pages/default.aspx

Special CWD Deer Hunting Seasons

Counties Open to Hunting (all harvest reported electronically via phone or online registration)

 Boone, Carroll, DeKalb, Grundy, Jo Daviess, Kankakee, Kendall, LaSalle, Lee, Livingston, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson, Will, Winnebago counties, and the portion of Kane County west of State Route 47. Information and a map of counties composing the CWD hunting zone for 2022/2023 will be available around 1 Oct at: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting

CWD Permit Requirements

- Hunters must have an unfilled deer permit valid for the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season and valid for one of the open counties; or a valid Special CWD Deer Permit (issued for one county and valid only in the county stated on the permit).
- Unfilled Firearm or Muzzleloader Deer Permits are valid only for the county for which they were originally issued, except that unfilled Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Deer Permits are valid only for the lands which the person to whom it was issued owns, leases or rents within the open counties/portion of counties. Unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permits originally issued for special hunt areas are not valid during the CWD season unless the hunter is redrawn to hunt at the same site at a special site lottery, or if the special hunt area is open to persons with a county permit without conducting a lottery.
- Special CWD Deer Permits are available over-the-counter from participating license vendors beginning 13 Dec. These permits are antlerless-only.
- Unfilled youth deer hunting permits will be valid in any open county.

Special Harvest Regulations

- Persons using unfilled permits from the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season may harvest only the type of deer specified on that permit (either-sex or antlerless-only).
- The harvest limit is one deer per legally authorized either-sex or antlerless-only permit.
- Deer harvested during the special CWD season are not subject to the antlered deer harvest limit restrictions imposed during the firearm, muzzleloader, youth and archery deer hunting seasons.

Legal Firearms

- Hunters with valid, unused permits from the firearm, youth or muzzleloader seasons may use only the weapons allowed by that permit in those respective seasons.
- Hunters with a valid Special CWD Deer Permit may use any of the weapons allowed during the late winter antlerless-only season.

County-specific Deer Archery Change

To grow deer populations to their appropriate county goals, only antlered deer may be harvested during the 1–15 October period of archery season in the following counties: Champaign, Douglas, Macon, Moultrie, Piatt. After October 15, archery regulations are the same as the rest of the state. Firearm deer permits have already been decreased considerably in these counties and archery harvest, which accounts for half or more of deer harvest, must be managed to allow deer to increase.

Archery Deer Hunting

Legal Archery Equipment

- A long, recurve or compound bow with a minimum pull of 30 pounds at some point within a 28-inch draw. Minimum arrow length is 20 inches.
- A crossbow with minimum draw weight of 125 pounds; minimum overall length of 24 inches; have a working safety; and used with fletched bolts or arrows of not less than 14 inches.
- Broadheads must be used and may have fixed (must be metal or flint-, chert- or obsidian-knapped) or expandable (must be metal) cutting surfaces, but they must have a minimum 7/8 inch diameter when fully opened.
- · Electronic tracking systems utilizing radio-telemetry are illegal.
- Archery equipment use is legal on private land ONLY during firearm deer season, provided the hunter has a valid county Firearm Deer Permit. Archery hunting is not allowed using an Archery Deer Permit during the firearm deer season in counties open to firearm deer hunting.
- You cannot legally have any firearm in possession while hunting deer with a bow and arrow or crossbow (but see Statewide Regulations on concealed carry handguns).

Resident Archery Permits and Limits

Resident antlerless-only and combination archery deer permits can be purchased without limit from your local hunting license vendor beginning **2 August.**

Non-resident Archery Permits and Limits

- Non-residents may apply for and receive only one archery combination permit per license year. A non-resident landowner who has obtained landowner archery permits is also eligible for one combination nonresident archery permit.
- Applications are accepted 1-30 June at www.exploremoreil.com
- The number of permits is limited to 25,000, with clients of outfitters licensed by IDNR given preference in the drawing for the first 7,500. Clients of licensed outfitters should contact the outfitter prior to applying to receive a certification number to be used in the application process to verify their outfitter client status. Permits will be allocated using a computerized, random lottery drawing conducted after **June 30**. If the number of eligible outfitter clients in the drawing is less than 7,500, all remaining permits will be allocated to the remaining applicants until the quota is reached. If the number of eligible outfitter clients in the drawing exceeds 7,500, those outfitter clients unsuccessful in obtaining one of the first 7,500 permits will compete against nonclient applicants for the remaining 17,500 permits.
- Non-resident archery deer permits issued to outfitter clients who received a permit based on the preference given to outfitter clients are valid only on property controlled by the outfitter used to gain preference; all other archery permits are valid statewide.
- Any permits remaining after the drawing will be sold over-the-counter on a first-come, first-serve basis.
- Non-residents who have previously obtained either a Non-resident Combination Archery Deer Permit or a Non-resident Landowner Archery Deer Permit may purchase single antlerless-only archery deer permits for a fee of \$25. Non-residents without one of those permits will be charged a fee of \$100. There is no limit for single antlerlessonly permits.
- Non-residents may not purchase a combination archery deer permit after 30 September if they have previously purchased any single antlerless-only archery deer permit.

CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE (CWD) IN ILLINOIS

Neurological disease of deer • All deer are susceptible • CWD is always fatal
There is no treatment or cure • Caused by a misfolded protein known as a prion

If CWD is not controlled:

- This disease will likely spread over large portions of the state.
- Infection rates are expected to increase to high levels.
- Deer populations will likely be reduced, if not eliminated, by this disease.

CWD is transmitted by:

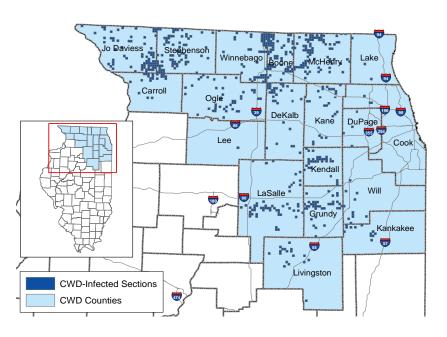


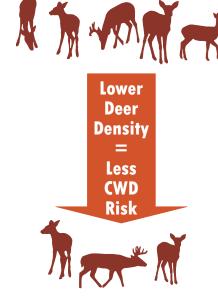


Direct contact with an infected deer

Ingestion of residual body fluids from a sick deer shed into the environment

Illinois CWD Infected Sections





Reducing deer populations within 2 miles of where CWD has been found has kept infection levels low and minimized spread.

Additional Deer Seasons

Additional deer seasons were established with low cost permits in CWD counties.

Hunters are encouraged to harvest as many deer as possible in CWD areas and have them tested. Samples provided by hunters contribute toward disease management goals.

Testing is free and available at:

- · Check stations in CWD counties during firearm deer season.
- Select processors, taxidermists and drop-off stations statewide and during all seasons.
- · List is available at: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/Programs/CWD

Cull Additional Deer

Where needed, IDNR staff will cull additional deer:

- Only on land with permission of owner in close proximity to known infection.
- · After hunting seasons are completed.

Suitable venison is returned to landowners or donated to local food pantry networks.

Minimize Spread Through Proper Carcass Disposal

Carcass parts (especially the head and spinal column) can carry CWD agents

- · Carcass parts should be buried under 6" of soil or landfill.
- This is critical for deer harvested in CWD areas and moved to other parts of the state.

Health Concerns

CWD is not known to be a threat to human health, livestock or pets, but recent research is raising the level of concern.

Health authorities recommend that:

- Deer should be tested, especially when harvested from known CWD areas.
- Deer should be handled and processed in a way to minimize exposure to CWD causing agents.
- No part of any CWD positive animal should be consumed by humans or other animals.

Additional Information

IDNR is responsible for proper management and conservation of deer, with an eye toward long term benefit and sustainability. In CWD affected areas, hunters and managers are being asked to sacrifice some deer abundance today to ensure the prosperity of deer resources statewide in the future. Additional information about CWD in Illinois is available at www2.illinois.gov/dnr/programs/CWD

Late Winter Antlerless Deer Hunting

Counties Open to Hunting (all harvest reported electronically via phone or online registration): Information and a map of counties composing the late winter antlerless-only deer hunting zone for 2022/2023 will be available around 1 Oct at: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/Pages/DeerHunting.aspx

During the 2021/2022 hunting season, 21 counties were open for the late winter antleress-only deer season and 16 northern Illinois counties were open to CWD deer season. Even though the seasons are held concurrently, and all harvest in each is reported via phone or online registration, different regulations may apply for the two seasons. See FAQs hereafter regarding both seasons.

Permit and Application Information

- Resident Late Winter Deer Permits will be available for sale over-thecounter from license vendors beginning 13 Dec 2022 through the last day of the late winter antlerless-only deer season.
- Illinois resident hunters must have a current, valid Late Winter Deer Permit, or an unfilled Firearm, Youth, Muzzleloader or Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Firearm Deer Permit valid for the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season and valid for one of the open counties.
- Nonresident hunters must have an unfilled firearm or muzzleloader deer permit valid for the previous youth, firearm or muzzleloader deer season and valid for one of the open counties.
- · Unfilled youth deer hunting permits are valid in any open county.
- Unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permits that were
 originally issued for special hunt areas are not valid during the late
 winter antlerless-only deer season unless the hunter is redrawn to hunt
 at the same site at a special site lottery, or if the special hunt area is
 open to persons with a county permit without conducting a lottery.
- Persons using an unfilled firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer permit valid for the previous firearm, youth or muzzleloader deer season (including landowner permits) may harvest only antlerless deer even when using an either-sex permit.

Legal Firearms

Hunters using:

- Unfilled Firearm Deer or Late Winter Deer Permits may use all firearms described in Firearm and Muzzleloader Deer Hunting above, as well as single-shot muzzleloading handguns (blackpowder handguns incapable of being loaded from the breech end) of .50 caliber or larger capable of producing at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle according to published ballistic tables of the manufacturer. Single-shot muzzleloading handguns must use a projectile of .44 caliber or larger with sufficient blackpowder or "blackpowder substitute" (such as Pyrodex) to produce at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the muzzle. A wad or sleeve is not considered a projectile or part of a projectile.
- Unfilled Muzzleloader Deer Permits may use only muzzleloading rifles.
- Unfilled Youth Deer Permits may use all firearms described in the Youth Hunting section.



LEARN TOHUNT

The Learn to Hunt program provides FREE educational workshops aimed at teaching ADULT participants how to hunt deer, turkey, small game, upland game, waterfowl and furbearers.

SIGN UP TO LEARN

Hunting ethics and conservation - Equipment and safety Licenses and laws - Game ecology - Target shooting Hunting techniques - Butchering and processing wild game

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Facebook: www.facebook.com/IllinoisLearnToHunt
Website: www.learntohuntil.com



Youth Deer Hunting

- Only young hunters (resident or non-resident) who have not reached their 18th birthday before the first day of the hunt may participate in the Youth Deer Hunt. Unfilled Youth Permits are also valid during the first weekend of firearm deer season.
- · Participants must have a current, valid Youth Deer Hunt Permit.
- Each hunter participating in the youth deer hunting season while using an Apprentice Hunter License or Youth Hunting and Trapping License must be accompanied by a non-hunting, validly-licensed (Illinois hunting license) adult who is 21 years of age or older. All other hunters (using other types of hunting licenses or license-exempt) participating in the youth deer hunting season must each be accompanied by a non-hunting supervisor (parent, guardian or responsible adult). A nonresident supervisor must have a valid Illinois hunting license.
- Permits will be available for sale over-the-counter from license vendors beginning 2 August through the last day of the youth deer season in October.
- Hunters may purchase only a single permit (either-sex) that is valid statewide.
- All counties except Cook, DuPage and Lake counties, and that portion of Kane County east of State Route 47, are open to youth deer hunting.
- Legal firearms are limited to shotguns and muzzleloading rifles during the youth firearm deer season.
- Single shot centerfire rifles will be a legal hunting device to take deer with starting in 2023. Additional information regarding single shot centerfire rifles and there use for specific seasons will be provided by the Department in early 2023. See page 16 for more information.

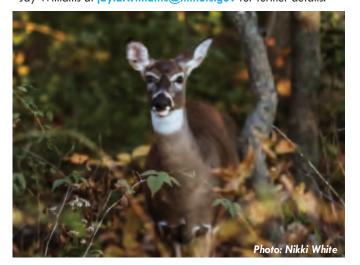
Integrated Hunting Opportunities

Site-specific Youth Deer Hunts: (hunters age 17 or younger)

- Crab Orchard NWR: Hunting occurs 18-20 Nov 2022. Apply via paper lottery or online lottery application.
- Lake Le-Aqua-Na SP. Hunting occurs 18-20 Nov 2022. Apply via paper lottery or online lottery application.
- Lost Mound Unit FL: Please contact site at 815-273-3184 for hunt information.
- Unfilled Youth Deer Permits are not valid for hunting during the first firearm deer season on public land sites that limit the number of hunters during the firearm season using the site-specific lottery permit system. But, public sites that allow unrestricted access with no lottery permits may be hunted.

Disabled Hunter Deer Hunts: (qualified disabled persons only)

- Clinton Lake SRA; Crab Orchard NWR; Horseshoe Lake; Johnson-Sauk; Jubilee College SP; Lost Mound Unit FL; Rend Lake WMA (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers); Rock Cut SP; Spoon River; Starved Rock SP, Wayne Fitzgerrell; Wolf Creek SP/ Shelbyville FL (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers)
- · Physically Challenged Archery Deer Hunt: Kankakee River SP
- Additional deer hunt locations for disabled individuals may be available. Contact IDNR Disabled Outdoor Opportunities Coordinator Jay Williams at jay.d.williams@illinois.gov for further details.



Deer Hunting FAQs

Can I use mechanical deer decoys or electronic calls for deer hunting?

A: Yes. (Note: electronic turkey decoys and electronic calls are illegal for turkey hunting).

Which counties are open for hunting during the late winter antierlessonly and the CWD deer seasons?

A: IDNR will announce in October the counties open to the late winter antlerless-only deer season. Hunters should watch for news releases or check www2.illinois.gov/dnr. Counties open to the special CWD deer season are Boone, Carroll, DeKalb, Grundy, Jo Daviess, Kankakee, Kendall, LaSalle, Lee, Livingston, McHenry, Ogle, Stephenson, Will and Winnebago counties, and the portion of Kane County west of State Route 47.

Can I kill an antlered deer during the late winter antlerless-only or the special CWD deer seasons?

A: Hunters hunting in counties open for the late winter antlerlessonly deer season are limited to shooting "antlerless deer only,"
regardless of the type of firearm permit held by the hunter. Hunters
hunting in counties open to the special CWD deer season may
harvest an antlered deer if they have a leftover unused Either-sex
Permit from the current year firearm, muzzleloader or youth deer
seasons; but hunters may only harvest an antlerless deer when
utilizing the Special CWD Deer Permit.

How many deer can I harvest during the Late Winter Antlerless-only or the special CWD deer seasons?

A: Hunters hunting during the late winter antlerless-only season may harvest one "antlerless" deer per Late Winter Deer Permit. Hunters also may fill any unused leftover current year Firearm, Muzzleloader, Property-Only Landowner/Tenant Firearm or Resident Youth Firearm Deer Permits provided they were issued for an open county. Leftover permits may be used to harvest "antlerless deer only," regardless of whether the permit is stamped "antlerless" or "either-sex." Late winter antlerless deer hunters must use the weapon specified on the permit.

Hunters hunting in open counties of the special CWD deer season may only harvest one "antlerless" deer per Special CWD Deer Permit, and also can use any unused leftover current year firearm permits, as above. Hunters in the CWD counties also can harvest an antlered deer if they have an unfilled "either-sex" permit left over from the regular firearm, muzzleloader or the youth firearm deer seasons issued for an open CWD season county.

Can I archery deer hunt during the Late Winter Antierless-only and the special CWD deer seasons, and if so, do I have to wear orange clothing?

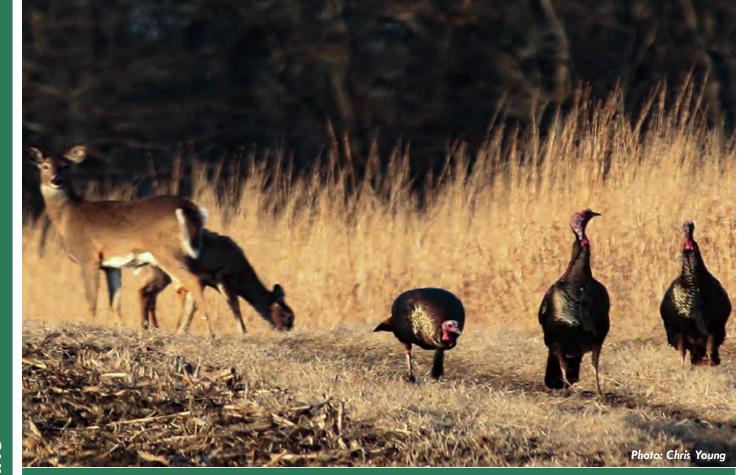
A: Yes. Even though archery season is closed during the regular firearm season, archery season is still open during the youth, muzzleloader, late winter antlerless-only and the special CWD deer seasons. If you are archery hunting in a county open to one of the firearm deer seasons, you must wear a solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink hat and a solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink outer upper garment of at least 400 square inches.

If I am archery deer hunting during the days when the late winter antlerless-only or the special CWD deer seasons are open, can I shoot an antlered deer?

A: Yes, archers are subject to the archery deer season regulations, so you may shoot an antlered deer with a bow when archery deer hunting concurrently with the late winter antlerless-only or the special CWD deer seasons if you possess a valid Either-Sex Archery deer permit and if you have not previously reached the limit of two antlered deer.

Can I firearm deer hunt and archery hunt at the same time during the late winter antierless-only or the special CWD deer seasons or use a bow to fall a Firearm Deer Permit?

A: Archery hunters cannot be in possession of a firearm while archery deer or turkey hunting. However, you can legally possess a bow and firearm at the same time while firearm deer hunting as long as you have a Firearm Deer Permit.



TURKEY SEASON DATES AND LIMITS DATES ADDITIONAL HOURS SEASON LIMIT (inclusive) **REGULATIONS** Season 2023 **Segment North** South 1 10-14 Apr 3-7 Apr $\frac{1}{2}$ hour One tom, jake or bearded See map of turkey hunting Spring 2 15-20 Apr 8-13 Apr before sunrise hen per permit, maximum of zones for specific season (shotgun and archery) to 1 p.m. 3 Spring permits segments in each zone 14-19 Apr 3 21-26 Apr 4 27 Apr-3 May 20-26 Apr 5 4-11 May 27 Apr-4 May Permit is valid to One tom, jake or bearded $\frac{1}{2}$ hour hunt individual counties or hen per permit, counts **Youth Spring** 25-26 Mar and 1-2 Apr 2023 before sunrise (1 permit per year) IDNR sites during toward maximum of to 1 p.m. season dates 3 Spring permits One either-sex turkey per $\frac{1}{2}$ hour permit, maximum See map of fall firearm Fall 22-30 Oct 2022 before sunrise (shotgun) of 2 Fall Turkey Shotgun turkey hunting to sunset permits Season open in all $\frac{1}{2}$ hour One either-sex turkey per counties, statewide. Closed Fall (archery) before sunrise permit, maximum 1 Oct 2022-15 Jan 2023 during firearm deer to $\frac{1}{2}$ hour after of 2 Fall Turkey Archery season in counties open to permits sunset firearm deer hunting

Turkey Hunting Areas



Spring Turkey Zones (2023):

North Zone includes that portion of Illinois north of Crawford, Jasper, Effingham, Fayette, Bond and Madison counties. South Zone includes the remainder of the state.



Fall Firearm Turkey Zone:

Counties shaded in gray are those open to fall firearm turkey hunting.

Hunting Credentials and Requirements

To hunt turkey, residents and non-residents will need:

- · a valid hunting license
- · a state habitat stamp
- at least one valid turkey permit.
- See above turkey hunting maps for associated spring and fall zones.
- Exemptions to these requirements are specified in table. For residency qualification, see Resident definition on page 5.

You cannot legally:

- •hunt wild turkey without first obtaining an IDNR permit.
- •hunt wild turkey unless the permit is signed and is in the hunter's possession while hunting.
- *harvest in Illinois, or have in possession, more than one wild turkey per legally authorized permit.
- •leave in the field or transport a wild turkey without first immediately attaching the leg tag securely around the leg as instructed on the permit.

Note: Leg tag must be affixed to the wild turkey immediately upon kill. The leg tag must remain attached to the leg of the turkey until it is at the legal residence of the person who legally took or possessed the turkey and the turkey has been checked in.

- butcher a turkey until it has been checked in.
- * possess, while in the field during wild turkey seasons, any wild turkey permit issued to another person.
- •hunt wild turkey in a county or area other than specified on the permit.

| Turkey Hunting Credentials (does not include vendor fees) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|--------------|---------|--------|-------------|-------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | Price | | How to | apply for a | or purchase | | | | | |
| License/Permit/Stamp | Resident | Non-Resident | Lottery | Online | Vendors | Paper Application | Specifications | | | | |
| Hunting License | Variable | Variable | | Х | Х | | See Statewide Regulations section for license types. | | | | |
| State Habitat Stamp | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | | Х | х | | Purchasers of a lifetime hunting license prior to 1993 and legally disabled veterans are exempt from this stamp. Exempt under 18. | | | | |
| Super Senior Habitat Stamp | Free | n/a | | х | Х | | Must be 75 or older, and pay vendor fees. | | | | |
| Turkey Permits | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Spring Shotgun/Archery | \$15.00 | \$125.00 | Х | Х | х | х | | | | | |
| Fall Archery OTC | \$5.00 | \$75.00 | | | х | | OTC = over-the-counter at vendors | | | | |
| Fall Shotgun | \$15.00 | \$125.00 | Χ | Х | Х | Х | | | | | |
| Spring Youth Special Hunt Area (SHA) | \$10.00 | | Х | Х | | | | | | | |
| Spring Youth OTC | \$10.00 | \$10.00 | | | Х | | OTC = over-the-counter at vendors | | | | |
| Landowner Spring Shotgun/Archery | Free | \$37.50 | | | | Х | Landowners and resident tenants (of commercial agricultural leases) must have at | | | | |
| Landowner Fall Shotgun | Free | \$37.50 | | | | X | least 39.5 acres of land to qualify for landowner permits. Permits are only valid on the owned/ | | | | |
| Landowner Fall Archery | Free | \$25.00 | | | | X | leased land. | | | | |

Firearm and Archery Equipment Regulations

- •The only firearm that can be used to hunt wild turkey is a shotgun (20 gauge to 10 gauge only, no .410 or 28 gauge allowed). You may not possess any other type of firearm for the purpose of hunting wild turkey unless in accordance with the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
- •No. 4 shot is the largest shot that may be used while hunting turkey with a shotgun.
- Legal vertical bow types are long, recurved or compound bows with a minimum pull of 30 pounds at some point within a 28-inch draw.
 Minimum arrow length for all vertical bow types is 20 inches (not including point).
- •To use a crossbow it must have a minimum draw weight of 125 pounds; minimum overall length of 24 inches; a working safety; and used with fletched bolts or arrows of not less than 14 inches (not including point).
- $^{\circ}$ Broadheads must be used for archery turkey hunting. Broadheads may have fixed (must be metal or flint-, chert or obsidian-knapped) or expandable (must be metal) cutting surfaces, but they must have a minimum 7/8 inch diameter when fully opened.
- •All other bows and arrows, including electronic arrow-tracking systems utilizing radio-telemetry, are illegal.
- Hunters can legally carry a shotgun and bow and arrow during spring season.
- Hunters cannot legally have any firearm in possession while hunting turkey with any type of bow and arrow during fall season (see page 7 on concealed carry handguns).



Decoys and Other Attractants

You cannot legally:

- •use live or electronic decoys, dogs or recorded calls.
- possess or use any net or trap for harvesting turkeys.
- *harvest wild turkeys by the use or aid of bait or baiting of any kind. "Bait" means any material, whether liquid or solid, including food, salt, minerals and other products that can be ingested, placed or scattered in such a manner as to attract or lure wild turkeys. "Baiting" means the placement or scattering of bait to attract wild turkeys. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of the bait.

For the purposes of taking wild turkeys, nothing in this Section shall be construed to prevent the manipulation, including mowing or cutting, of standing crops as a normal agricultural or soil stabilization practice, food plots, or normal agricultural practices, including planting, harvesting, and maintenance such as cultivating.



Ingredients

- 2 pounds ground turkey
- 15 ounces tomato sauce
- 12 ounces tomato paste
- 1 cup brown sugar 1/4 cup Worcestershire sauce
- 1/4 cup red wine
- 1/4 cup balsamic vinegar
- 1 red onion (diced)
- 1 red bell pepper (diced) 1/2 tablespoon kosher salt
- 1 stick butter

Kaiser rolls



WILD GAME RECIPE

Heat skillet on medium heat and caramelize diced onion in 1/2 stick of butter with balsamic vinegar; remove onion from skillet. Reduce red wine in skillet for 15-20 seconds on medium heat. Add ground turkey, tomato sauce and paste, Worcestershire sauce, brown sugar, kosher salt and caramelized onion. Simmer on medium heat until burger is browned, then reduce heat to low and continue simmering for 20-30 minutes. Butter Kaiser rolls and toast face down until golden brown. Smother toasted Kaiser rolls with sloppy venison, top with diced red bell pepper

FOR MORE INFORMATION

www.learntohuntil.com

Mandatory Turkey Harvest Reporting

Successful hunters must register their harvest by 10 pm on the same calendar day the turkey was harvested by calling toll-free 1-866-452-4325 (1-866-ILCHECK) or by accessing the online check-in system at www.exploremoreil.com. Hunters must provide all information requested by the telephone check-in system and will be provided with a confirmation number to verify that they checked in their harvest. The confirmation number must be written by the hunter onto the leg tag.

Turkey Permit Process

- Apply online at www.exploremoreil.com or with a hardcopy application. To receive hardcopy applications for a wild turkey hunting permit, contact the Springfield Permit Office at (217) 782-7305. See sections on the permit application process for spring and fall hereafter.
- Applicants please allow approximately 4 weeks after the respective application deadline dates for Lottery Drawing results.

| | T | urkey Permit A | pplications | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Application Period/Location | Application Period/Location Methods Lottery Opens Lottery Closes Notes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Spring Archery/Gun Hunting Season | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| First lottery (residents only) | Internet/Hardcopy | 4 Oct 2022 | 1 Dec 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Second lottery | Internet/Hardcopy | 12 Dec 2022 | 11 Jan 2023 | www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/ | | | | | | | | | |
| Third lottery | Internet/Hardcopy | 23 Jan 2023 | 9 Feb 2023 | Pages/TurkeyHunting.aspx | | | | | | | | | |
| Over-the-counter | Vendors | 14 Mar 2023 | As available | | | | | | | | | | |
| Spring Youth Season | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Special Hunt Area Lottery | Internet Only | 17 Jan 2023 | 20 Feb 2023 | www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/ | | | | | | | | | |
| County-specific Permits (Over-the-Counter) | Vendors | 7 Mar 2023 | 2 Apr 2023 | Pages/Youth-Turkey-Information.aspx | | | | | | | | | |
| Fall Gun Hunting Season | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| First lottery (residents only) | Internet/Hardcopy | 3 May 2022 | 4 July 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Second lottery | Internet/Hardcopy | 15 July 2022 | 22 Aug 2022 | www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/ Pages/TurkeyHunting.aspx | | | | | | | | | |
| Over-the-counter | Vendors | 19 Sep 2022 | As available | | | | | | | | | | |

Disabled Hunter Opportunities

See the following link for opportunities: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/DOO Additional hunts may be available, contact Jay Williams at jay.d.williams@illinois.gov





Turkey Hunting Season Information (Additional to Statewide Regulations)

Spring Season Regulations

Turkeys Legal to Harvest

• Only toms and jakes (males) or a hen with a visible beard are legal to harvest during the spring season.

Clothing Requirements

 Hunters are encouraged to wear at least a blaze orange or blaze pink hat or vest when not actively hunting to maximize visibility to other hunters.

Spring Permit Application Process

- First Lottery: Only resident hunters may apply for one turkey hunting permit. This excludes hunters who have received or will receive a landowner property-only hunting turkey permit for the spring season. Applications are accepted through 1 December.
- Second Lottery: All hunters are eligible to apply for one turkey hunting permit, but hunters who have not already been awarded a permit will receive preference. Applications are accepted through the first working day after 10 January.
- Third Lottery: All hunters are eligible to apply. Hunters may apply
 for up to three permits during this period, except that no one may
 exceed the maximum number of three permits in total for spring turkey
 hunting. Applications are accepted through the first working day after
 8 February.
- Over-the-Counter Sales Period: Permits remaining after the Third Lottery Drawing will be available over-the-counter from license vendors throughout the state on a first-come, first-served basis beginning the second Tuesday in March. Permits will be sold until quotas are exhausted, or until the close of the specific turkey season for which the permit is being requested. Hunters may purchase one or more permits during this period, subject to availability, except that no one may exceed the limit of three permits in total for spring turkey hunting.
- Permit Limit: Three wild turkey hunting permits may be obtained for the spring season, including regular, youth, and landowner permits, subject to availability.

Turkey Calling Prior to Season

You cannot legally use a turkey call that imitates sounds made by a turkey, or attempt to call a turkey by making these sounds, while in the field in the Southern Zone from 15 March through the day before turkey season, and in the Northern Zone from 22 March through the day before turkey season. This prohibition applies only in counties open to spring turkey hunting and does not apply to hunters while participating in the youth turkey season. Note: This does not prohibit the use of locator calls that imitate other species such as owls, crows, hawks, etc.

Shooting Turkeys in Trees

You cannot legally shoot a wild turkey while it is in a tree before 7 a.m.

Non-Hunting Activities During Spring Seasons

At IDNR sites offering spring wild turkey hunting, mushroom hunting and other non-hunting activities are prohibited during legal shooting hours for wild turkey hunting (1/2 hour before sunrise to 1 p.m.).

Youth Wild Turkey Hunting Season

- The spring youth turkey hunt is open only to young hunters (resident or non-resident) who have not reached their 18th birthday before the first day of the hunt.
- Participants must have a current valid Youth Turkey Hunt permit and a valid hunting license or apprentice hunting license.
- Each hunter participating in the Illinois Youth Turkey Hunt while using an Apprentice Hunter License or Youth Hunting License must be accompanied by a non-hunting, validly-licensed (Illinois hunting license) adult who is 21 years of age or older.
- All other hunters (using other types of hunting licenses or licenseexempt) participating in the Youth Turkey Hunt must each be accompanied by a non-hunting supervisor (parent, guardian or responsible adult). If the youth is hunting with a firearm, a nonresident supervisor must have a valid Illinois hunting license.

Fall Gun and Archery Season Regulations

Clothing Requirements

 Hunters are encouraged to wear at least a blaze orange or blaze pink hat or vest when not actively hunting to maximize visibility to other hunters.

Turkeys Legal to Harvest

 Turkeys of any sex are legal to harvest during the fall gun and fall archery seasons.

Fall Gun Permit Application Process

- First Lottery: Residents may apply for one turkey hunting permit. This excludes applicants who have received or will receive a landowner property-only hunting turkey permit for the fall gun season.
- Second Lottery: Residents who were rejected for a wild turkey permit during the first lottery, who are applying for their first permit, or non-residents may apply for one permit. Eligible Illinois residents have preference over non-residents in this lottery. This excludes applicants who have received or will receive a landowner property-only hunting turkey permit for the fall gun season.
- Over-the-Counter Sales Period: Permits remaining after the Second Lottery Drawing will be available over-the-counter from license vendors throughout the state on a first-come, first-served basis beginning the 4th Monday after the 2nd Lottery deadline. Permits will be sold until quotas are exhausted, or until the close of the Fall Gun turkey season. Hunters may purchase one or more permits during this period, subject to availability, except that no one may exceed the limit of two permits in total for fall gun turkey hunting, including landowner permits.

Fall Gun Permit

A limit of two wild turkey hunting permits may be obtained for the fall gun season, subject to availability.

Permits are issued for a specific county or area and are valid only in the county or area designated on the permit.

Archery Permit Application Process and Limit

Fall archery permits do not require lottery drawing and are available over-the-counter from license vendors only. Two wild turkey hunting permits may be obtained for the fall archery season.

Shooting Turkeys in Trees

You cannot legally shoot a wild turkey while it is in a tree before 7 a.m.





| WATERFOWL SEASON DATES AND LIMITS | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SPECIES | ZONE | DATES (inclusive) | HOURS | DAILY LIMIT | POSSESSION LIMIT | ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS | | | | | |
| Teal (early season) | Statewide | 10-25 Sep 2022 | Sunrise to Sunset | 6 | 18 | Blue-winged teal, green-winged teal and cinnamon teal are the only legal duck species during this season. Daily and possession limits are for all teal species combined (in the aggregate). | | | | | |
| Rail (Sora and Virginia only) | Statewide | 10 Sep - 18 Nov 2022 | | 25 | 75 | Daily and possession limits are for both rail species combined (in the aggregate). | | | | | |
| Snipe (Wilson's snipe) | Statewide | 10 Sep - 25 Dec 2022 | | 8 | 24 | | | | | | |
| Ducks (but see Scaup below) | North Central South Central South | 22 Oct - 20 Dec 2022 29 Oct - 27 Dec 2022 12 Nov 2022 - 10 Jan 2023 3 Dec 2022 - 31 Jan 2023 | | 6 | 18 | Basic daily limit is 6 ducks of any species. However, daily limit can consist of no more than the following: 4 mallards (of which no more than 2 can be hen mallards), 3 wood ducks, 2 Scaup for the first 45 days in each zone, 1 Scaup for the last 15 days in each zone, 2 redheads, 2 canvasback, 2 black ducks, 1 pintail and 1 mottled duck. Possession limit for ducks is three times the daily limit by species and sex. | | | | | |
| Mergansers | Same as ducks | Same as ducks | | 5 | 15 | Mergansers do not count toward your daily limit of ducks, but only 2 can be hooded mergansers. Merganser possession limit is no more than three times their daily limit, including max of 6 hooded mergansers. | | | | | |
| Coots | Same as ducks | Same as ducks | | 15 | 45 | | | | | | |
| | North | 22 Oct - 5 Dec 2022 & 6 Dec - 20 Dec 2022 | ½ hour before sunrise to sunset | | | | | | | | |
| Scaup (Bluebills) | Central South Central South | 29 Oct - 12 Dec 2022 & 13 Dec - 27 Dec 2022 12 Nov - 26 Dec 2022 & 27 Dec 2022 - 10 Jan 2023 3 Dec 2022 - 16 Jan 2023 | | 2/day First 45 days 1/day Last 15 days | First 45 days 6 Last 15 Days 3 | FWS regulations require 45 days with 2/day bag limit, 15 days with 1/day bag limit. Dates will be different in each zone. | | | | | |
| | 300111 | & 17 Jan - 31 Jan 2023 | | | | | | | | | |

| WATERFOWL SEASON DATES AND LIMITS | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| SPECIES | ZONE | DATES (inclusive) | HOURS | DAILY LIMIT | POSSESSION LIMIT | ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS | | |
| Canada Geese (early season) | North and Central South Central and South | 1-15 Sep 2022 | | 5 2 | 15 | | | |
| Canada Geese | North Central South Central South | 22 Oct 2022 - 19 Jan 2023 29 Oct 2022 - 6 Nov 2022 - 8 12 Nov 2022 - 31 Jan 2023 12 Nov 2022 - 31 Jan 2023 3 Dec 2022 - 31 Jan 2023 | | 3 | 9 | | | |
| Light Geese (Snow/Blue/Ross' Geese) | North Central South Central South | 22 Oct 2022 - 19 Jan 2023 29 Oct 2022 - 31 Jan 2023 12 Nov 2022 - 31 Jan 2023 3 Dec 2022 - 31 Jan 2023 | ½ hour before sunrise to sunset | 20 | Unlimited | Daily bag limit is for both species combined (in the aggregate). | | |
| Brant | Same as light geese | Same as light geese | | 1 | 3 | | | |
| White-fronted Geese (Specklebellies) | North Central South Central South | 24 Oct 2022 - 19 Jan 2023 5 Nov 2022 - 31 Jan 2023 12 Nov 2022 - 31 Jan 2023 3 Dec 2022 - 31 Jan 2023 | | 2 | 6 | | | |
| Conservation Order Light Geese (Snow/Blue/Ross' Geese) | North Central, South Central, South | 20 Jan - 30 Apr 2023 1 Feb - 30 Apr 2023 | ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset | Unlimited | Unlimited | The following apply to the Conservation Order only: 1) unplugged shotguns may be used and there is no limit to the number of shells that may be placed in a shotgun, 2) electronic calling devices may be used, 3) federal duck stamp not required, 4) Illinois duck stamp and hunting license is required. | | |
| Youth Waterfowl | North Central South Central South | 15-16 Oct 2022 22-23 Oct 2022 5-6 Nov 2022 26-27 Nov 2022 | ½ hour before sunrise to sunset | Same as during regular duck, goose, and coot seasons | Same as during regular duck, goose, and coot seasons | The following apply to the Youth season only: 1) youth hunters must be 17 years of age or younger and have a hunting license and HIP registration/certification unless hunting on property they reside; 2) No stamps are required for youth under age 16; 3) Federal waterfowl stamps are required for all hunters age 16 and older; 4) hunters aged 18 years and older may not hunt waterfowl and/or coots during Youth Waterfowl Hunting Days, even if hunting with a Youth License. | | |





Waterfowl Hunting Zone Descriptions

North Duck Zone: That portion of the state north of a line extending west from the Indiana border along Peotone-Beecher Road to Illinois Route 50, south along Illinois Route 50 to Wilmington-Peotone Road, west along Wilmington-Peotone Road to Illinois Route 53, north along Illinois Route 53 to New River Road, northwest along New River Road to Interstate Highway 55, south along I-55 to Pine Bluff-Lorenzo Road, west along Pine Bluff-Lorenzo Road to Illinois Route 47, north along Illinois Route 47 to I-80, west along I-80 to I-39, south along I-39 to Illinois Route 18, west along Illinois Route 18 to Illinois Route 29, south along Illinois Route 29 to Illinois Route 17, west along Illinois Route 17 to the Mississippi River, and due south across the Mississippi River to the lowa border.

Central Duck Zone: That portion of the state south of the North Duck Zone line to a line extending west from the Indiana border along I-70 to Illinois Route 4, south along Illinois Route 4 to Illinois Route 161, west along Illinois Route 161 to Illinois Route 158, south and west along Illinois Route 158 to Illinois Route 159, south along Illinois Route 3, south along Illinois Route 3 to St. Leo's Road, south along St. Leo's Road to Modoc Road, west along Modoc Road to Modoc Ferry Road, southwest along Modoc Ferry Road to Levee Road, southeast along Levee Road to County Route 12 (Modoc Ferry Route and southwest on the Modoc Ferry Route across the Mississippi River to the Missouri border.

South Duck Zone: That portion of the state south and east of a line extending west from the Indiana border along Interstate 70, south along U.S. Highway 45, to Illinois Route 13, west along Illinois Route 13 to Greenbriar Road, north on Greenbriar Road to Sycamore Road, west on Sycamore Road to N Reed Station Road, south on N Reed Station Road to Illinois Route 13, west along Illinois Route 13 to Illinois Route 127, south along Illinois Route 127 to State Forest Road (1025 N), west along State Forest Road to Illinois Route 3, north along Illinois Route 3 to the south bank of the Big Muddy River, west along the south bank of the Big Muddy River, west across the Mississippi River to the Mississippi River, west across the Mississippi River to the Mississippi River to

South Central Duck Zone: The remainder of the state between the south border of the Central Zone and the North border of the South Zone.

Goose Zones

North Goose Zone: That portion of the state north of a line extending west from the Indiana border along Interstate 80 to I-39, south along I-39 to Illinois Route 18, west along Illinois Route 18 to Illinois Route 29, south along Illinois Route 29 to Illinois Route 17, west along Illinois Route 17 to the Mississippi River, and due south across the Mississippi River to the lowa border.

Central Goose Zone: That portion of the state south of the North Goose Zone line to a line extending west from the Indiana border along I-70 to Illinois Route 4, south along Illinois Route 4 to Illinois Route 161, west along Illinois Route 151 to Illinois Route 158, south and west along Illinois Route 158 to Illinois Route 159, south along Illinois Route 159 to Illinois Route 3, south along Illinois Route 3 to St. Leo's Road, south along Illinois Route 3, south along Illinois Route 3 to St. Leo's Road to Modoc Road, west along Modoc Road to Modoc Ferry Road, southwest along Modoc Ferry Road to Levee Road, southeast along Levee Road to County Route 12 (Modoc Ferry entrance Road), south along County Route 12 to the Modoc Ferry Route and southwest on the Modoc Ferry Route across the Mississippi River to the Missouri border.

South Goose Zone: Same zones as for ducks.

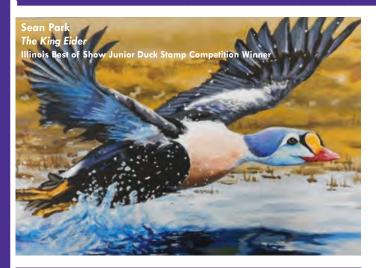
South Central Goose Zone: Same zones as for ducks.

Hunting Credential Requirements

To hunt migratory waterfowl, residents and non-residents will need: a hunting license, State Waterfowl Stamp, Federal Waterfowl Stamp and HIP Certification. Exemptions to these requirements are specified in table. For residency qualification, see Resident definition in Statewide Regulations (page 5) hereafter.

See waterfowl hunting maps for associated zones.

| Waterfowl Hunting Credentials (does not include vendor fees) | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|--------------|------------------------------|---|---------|---|--|--|
| | Price | | How to apply for or purchase | | | | | |
| License/Permit/Stamps | Resident | Non-Resident | Lottery Online Vendors | | Vendors | Specifications | | |
| Hunting License | Variable | Variable | | Х | Х | See Statewide Regulations section for license types. | | |
| State Migratory Waterfowl Stamp | \$15.00 | \$15.00 | | х | Х | Required for any person 18 years of age or older, including lifetime license holders, to hunt migratory waterfowl except toe-clipped, hand-reared mallards on licensed Game Breeding and Hunting Preserve Areas. Disabled individuals, servicemen, and landowners may be exempt from this stamp. See table on page 4. | | |
| Federal Migratory Bird Hunting and Conservation Stamp | \$25.00 | \$25.00 | | Х | X | Required for any person 16 years of age or older, including lifetime license holders, to hunt migratory waterfowl except toe-clipped, hand-reared mallards on licensed Game Breeding and Hunting Preserve Areas. Must be signed in ink across the face of the stamp. E-stamps are now available from many states and are legal nationwide. Upon purchase, the E-stamp will be temporarily valid, and a physical copy will be mailed to the purchaser. www.fws.gov/service/buy-duck-stamp-or-e-stamp | | |
| HIP Certification | Free | Free | | Х | Х | To hunt migratory birds, all licensed hunters, including lifetime license holders, must register with HIP and have their proof of registration with them while migratory bird hunting, see HIP Registration description hereafter. Not required to hunt crows in Illinois. | | |
| Site-specific Duck and Goose Hunting Permits | Variable | Variable | Х | Х | | See Permit Applications hereafter for details. Some Permits require in- person drawing. Fee may be charged at sites. | | |



Federal Migratory Bird Hunting & Conservation Stamp

Each year waterfowl hunters purchase Migratory Waterfowl Stamps, or "duck stamps" as a requirement to hunt migratory waterfowl. Authorization for a federal duck stamp came in 1934 from passage of the Migratory Bird Hunting Stamp Act, which was largely driven by waterfowl hunters' concern over habitat loss and declining waterfowl populations. Funds from the purchase of these stamps are directed towards the purchase or lease of lands for inclusion in the National Wildlife Refuge System, providing critical breeding, migration and wintering habitat for waterfowl and a variety of other species, and recreation opportunity in many areas. With an initial cost of \$1 and current cost of \$25, Federal Duck Stamp funds to date have totaled over \$800 million to protect more than 5.7 million acres of wildlife habitat nationwide.

State Migratory Waterfowl Stamp

Similar to the federal duck stamp, Illinois hunters initiated the Illinois Migratory Waterfowl Stamp Fund, which was established in 1975. The stamps originally cost \$5, increasing to \$15 in 2011. Over the life of the fund, stamp purchases have led to over \$24 million deposited in this fund, with current average sales of about 60,000 stamps annually, leading to nearly \$1 million annual revenue. Physical paper

Illinois stamps affixed to hunters' licenses were discontinued in 2011 and now only appear as a line item on printed licenses. Half of the funds generated annually are used within Illinois to manage, maintain and acquire waterfowl and wetland habitat and hunting areas. The remaining funds are used to conserve critical grassland and wetland habitat on the Canadian breeding grounds, where many of the ducks that visit Illinois and the Mississippi Flyway originate.

HIP Registration

Free registration with HIP (National Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program) is required by law every year to hunt migratory game birds. Any licensed hunter who plans to hunt any species of migratory game bird must register with HIP before hunting. Get your HIP certification when purchasing your hunting or sportsman license or register for HIP by calling 1-866-716-6550 (record the transaction number on your license). Lifetime license holders also need to register with HIP on an annual basis. HIP is a nationwide program and you must register separately in every state where you hunt waterfowl, coots, doves, rails, snipe, woodcock and other migratory game birds except American crow. www.fws.gov/program/migratory-bird-harvest-surveys. Cooperation and support from hunters make sound resource management possible.

Waterfowl Bands

The U.S. Geological Survey's Bird Banding Laboratory maintains a website for reporting all migratory bird bands, including waterfowl. If you harvest a banded bird, please visit www.reportband.gov and provide information about when and where you shot the bird. The 1-800 call-in number is no longer available for reporting bird bands. The phone number will direct you to the www.reportband.gov website. All federal bird bands, even those without a web address printed on them, can be reported online. Old bands with numbers worn off may still be reported by emailing: bandreports@usgs.gov for instructions. The band may need to be sent in, but the process does not destroy the band, and it will be returned to you. Band reporters will be emailed a Certificate of Appreciation with information about when and where the bird was banded. Your cooperation on reporting band numbers gives waterfowl biologists a wealth of information useful in managing the resource to provide hunters with maximum recreational opportunities while protecting waterfowl populations.

| Public Duck and Goose Hunting Area Permit Applications | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------|----------------|---|--|--|--|
| Application Period | Application Period Methods Opens Closes Notes | | | | | | |
| Regular Season | | | | | | | |
| First (residents only) | Internet | 16 Aug | 31 Aug | | | | |
| Second | Internet | 1 Sep | 1 <i>5</i> Sep | | | | |
| Third | Internet | 16 Sep | 28 Sep | www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/Pages/WaterfowlHunting.aspx | | | |
| First-come-first-served | Internet | 1 Oct | See Website | | | | |
| Youth (Ages 10-17) | Paper Application | 31 Aug | 1 Oct | | | | |

Site-Specific Hunting Permits

Waterfowl hunting permits for specific dates on several IDNR sites are available through a lottery system. A total of 5 permits for ducks and five permits for geese may be obtained through the lotteries and unfilled quotas system. Applications from Illinois residents only will be accepted for inclusion in the first lottery. A second lottery will be held for unsuccessful resident applicants, non-residents or anyone who did not apply in the first lottery. A third lottery will be held for applicants to receive either a first and/or second permit. Additional permits may be obtained from unfilled quotas on a first-come, first-served basis ending 72 hours prior to the hunt date by visiting www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/Pages/WaterfowlHunting beginning Oct. 1.

Waterfowl Hunting Outlook

See the IDNR Waterfowl Hunting website here: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/Pages/WaterfowlHunting

Waterfowl and Wetland Management

See the IDNR Wetland Wildlife website here: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/conservation/wildlife/Pages/WetlandWildlife Management.aspx

Other Hunting Opportunities

Public waterfowl hunting opportunities exist at over 100 sites in Illinois covering a broad range of access and management. Please see the regional site maps at the end of this digest for sites offering waterfowl hunting, check Hunter Fact Sheets or call sites directly for details on hunting opportunities and regulations.

TOM ROSTER'S 2016 NONTOXIC SHOT LETHALITY TABLE®

| Proven Nontoxic Loads For Waterfowl, Doves, & Upland Game Birds ¹ Vel. Range Tested: 1,225 – 1,700 FPS ACTIVITY | Observed Hunters' Typical Shooting Range During Activity (Yards) | Most Effective Nontoxic Shot Size(s) For Birds Listed Under ACTIVITY At The Distances Listed In The Second Column | Minimum Load Weight (Ounces) | Minimum Pellet Hits Needed on Lethal Areas for Clean Kills | Minimum Pattern Count Needed at Any Distance for Clean Kills (# of Pellets in 30" Circle) | NOTE: The pellets in the stee shot loads listed in this table were traditional, highly spherical ball-shaped pellets of ~7.86 g/cc density and 90.95 DPH hardness. The HEVI. Shot pellets were of 12.0 g/cc density and are harder thar traditional steel pellets. |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Large Geese At Long Range | 50-65 | Steel BBB to T | 1-1/4 | 1-2 | 50-55 | Improved Modified |
| Giant, Western, Atlantic and Interior Canadas | 50-70 | HEVI-Shot 2 to B | 1-1/2 | 1-2 | 50-55 | Improved Modified, Full |
| Large Geese Over Decoys | 35-50 | Steel BB to BBB | 1-1/4 | 1-2 | 50-55 | Improved Cylinder, Modified |
| | 35-50 | HEVI-Shot 2 to B | 1-1/2 | 1-2 | 50-55 | Improved Cylinder, Modified |
| Medium/Small Geese Long Range | 50-65 | Steel BB to BBB | 1-1/4 | 1-2 | 60-65 | Improved Modified |
| Snow, White-fronted, Lesser Canadas | 50-65 | HEVI-Shot 2 | 1-1/2 | 1-2 | 60-65 | Improved Modified, Full |
| Medium/Small Geese Over Decoys | 35-50 | Steel 2 to BB | 1-1/8 | 1-2 | 60-65 | Light Modified, Modified |
| | 35-50 | HEVI-Shot 4 to 2 | 1-1/4 | 1-2 | 60-65 | Improved Cylinder, Modified |
| Large Ducks At Long Range | 45-65 | Steel 2 to 1 | 1-1/8 | 1-2 | 85-90 | Improved Modified, Full |
| Mallard, Black, Pintail, Goldeneye, Gadwall | 45-65 | HEVI-Shot 4 | 1-1/4 | 1-2 | 85-90 | Improved Modified, Full |
| Large Ducks Over Decoys | 20-45 | Steel 6 to 2 | 3/4 - 1 | 1-2 | 85-90 | I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds) |
| | 20-45 | HEVI-Shot 6 to 4 | 1-1/8 | 1-2 | 85-90 | I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds) |
| Medium Ducks Over Decoys | 20-45 | Steel 6 to 3 | 1 | 1-2 | 115-120 | I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds) |
| Wigeon, Scaup, Shoveler | 20-45 | HEVI-Shot 6 to 4 | 1-1/8 | 1-2 | 115-120 | I.C. (20-35 Yds), Mod. (35-45 Yds) |
| Small Ducks Over Decoys | 20-45 | Steel 6 to 4 | 1 | 1-2 | 135-145 | Mod. (20-35 Yds), Full (35-45 Yds) |
| Teal, Ruddy, Bufflehead | 20-45 | HEVI-Shot 6 | 1-1/8 | 1-2 | 135-145 | Mod. (20-35 Yds), Full (35-45 Yds) |
| Ring-Necked Pheasants | 20-50 | Steel 3 to 2 | 1 | 2-3 | 90-95 | I.C. (20-30 Yds), Mod. (30-50 Yds) |
| | 20-50 | HEVI-Shot 6 to 4 | 1-1/8 | 2-3 | 90-95 | I.C. (20-30 Yds), Mod. (30-50 Yds) |
| Turkeys (Head and Neck Shots) | 20-40 | Steel 4; HEVI-Shot 6 | 1-1/4 | 3-4 | 210-230 | Full or Extra Full |
| Mourning Doves | 20-45 | Steel 8 to 7 | 5/8 = 3/4 | 1-2 | 200-210 | IC-8's/LM-7's (20-30 Yds);Mod>30 Yd |
| | 20-45 | HEVI-Shot 71/2 | 3/4 | 1-2 | 200-210 | I.C. (20-30 Yds); Light Mod (30-45 Yd) |
| Northern Bobwhite Quail | 20-30 | Steel 8 to 7 | 5/8 -3/4 | 1-2 | 200-210 | Imp. Cyl., Light Modified |
| Swatter Load For Wounded Birds | 20-30 | Steel 7 to 6 | 1 | 1 | 175 | Improved Modified, Full |

This table summarizes Tom Roster's analyses to date of the lethality data bases for certain of the 16 U.S. steel vs lead waterfowl & dove shooting tests published between 1968 & 2014 & one steel-only pheasant shooting test (1999) plus lethality data bases owned by ammunition companies for birds taken with nontoxic shotshell loads Roster tested for them & the CONSEP Org.

Note: Steel #BBB (190") & HEVI-Shot #2 (150") have exhibited the best all-around performance for taking geese; steel #3 (140") & HEVI-Shot #4 (130") the best all-around performance for taking ing-necked pheasants; & steel 7's (.100") the best all-around performance for taking ing-necked pheasants; & steel 7's (.100") the best all-around performance for taking dives.

¹These findings are derived from testing 2½" 28 gauge; 3" 20 ga.; 2¾", 3" & 3½" 12 ga.; & 3½" 10 ga. steel loads; plus 2½" 28 ga.; 2¾" & 3" 20 ga.; and 2½" & 3" 12 ga. HEVI-Shot loads. © Copyright 2016 by Tom Roster. For answers to questions on this table contact: Tom Roster, 1190 Lynnewood, Klamath Falls, OR, USA 97601. tomroster@charter.net

Blue-winged Teal Spatula discors



A regular summer resident in the northern two-thirds of the state, decreasing in abundance southward. This bird winters as far south as Peru and Guyana and are among the first ducks to migrate each fall and one of the last in the spring. Their small size and twisting turning flight gives the illusion of great speed. They arrive in Illinois on their northward migration from late February through May. Both sexes have dull-brown feathers and a powder-blue wing patch. In spring, the male has dark blue head feathers with a white, crescent moon-shaped patch between the bill and eye. They are more vocal than most ducks, their high pitched peeping and nasal quacking is commonly heard in spring and to a lesser extent in fall.

Length: 14-16 inches

Wingspan: 22-24 inches

Weight: 8-19 ounces

Call: kick, kick, kick, kick

Habitat Preference: In and around ponds, lakes, sloughs, flooded fields, ditches and marshes. They prefer temporary and seasonal wetlands during the breeding season with hemi-marsh conditions, but shift to more permanent wetlands later as seasonal wetlands dry up.

Food Preferences: Natural aquatic plants and vegetation, mollusks (snails, mussels) and aquatic insects. Blue-winged teal will readily consume moist-soil seeds and are considered omnivores that will adapt to available food sources.

Illinois Abundance: Common migrant through Illinois. Reasonable numbers of blue-winged teal accumulate in late-August, with peak numbers often occurring in mid-September. The best chance to harvest a blue-winged teal would be during the early teal season in mid-September.

Illinois Status: Migratory Game Bird

DID YOU KNOW ILLINOIS HUNTERS ARE CONSERVATIONISTS?

Contributions of Illinois Hunters on local wildlife populations

WHITE-TAILED DEER



WATERFOWL

FEW TODAY 46,000,000 *Mississippi Flyway Population

WILD TURKEY

2 0 TODAY 150,000

These and many other species continue to benefit from the hunter's role in conservation efforts

Hunters and target shooters purchase firearms and ammunition



Manufacturers pay an 11% federal excise tax





Revenue from this excise tax is distributed to wildlife state agencies



State wildlife agencies use these funds to purchase land for habitat and to manage wildlife populations

AND SUPPORT OVER 18,000 ILLINOIS JOBS



Migratory Waterfowl Regulations

The following state and/or federal rules apply to the taking, possessing, shipping, transporting and storing of migratory birds. This material is only a summary and hunters also should consult Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20 www.ecfr.gov, and Chapter 520 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, or speak with a Conservation Police Officer.

Prohibited Devices and Methods

You cannot legally:

- *use a trap, snare, net, rifle, pistol, swivel gun, shotgun larger than 10 gauge, punt gun, battery gun, machine gun, fishhook, poison, drug, explosive or stupefying substance to harvest waterfowl.
- hunt by driving, rallying or chasing waterfowl with any motorized conveyance or any sailboat to put them in the range of the hunters.
- •hunt with a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells, UNLESS it is plugged with a one-piece filler which limits total shell capacity to three and which is incapable of removal without disassembling the gun. This does not apply during Light Goose Conservation Order seasons (snow/blue and Ross' geese) that occur after Canada goose season has closed.

Non-toxic Shot Requirements for Waterfowl, Snipe & Rail

You cannot legally:

have in possession while attempting to harvest waterfowl (including coots and captive-reared mallards), snipe or rail any shotgun shells not approved as non-toxic by federal regulations. Most commercially available shot shells from major manufactures are approved non-toxic options. A list of non-toxic shot currently approved by the USFWS can be found at: www.fws.gov/story/2022-04/nontoxic-shot-regulations-hunting-waterfowl-and-coots-us. Also see Tom Roster's Nontoxic Shot Lethality Table© on page 33.

Blinds

You cannot legally:

- •Hunt from a floating blind that is not anchored except a scull boat may be used on certain public waters and waterfowl may be harvested from a boat not mechanically powered (see Hunting From Vehicles and Boats in Statewide Regulations) and not camouflaged or disguised.
- hunt waterfowl from a moving watercraft propelled by mechanical power or sails.
- hunt from a sink box (a low floating device, having a depression affording the hunter a means of concealment beneath the surface of the water).

Attractants

You cannot legally:

- •hunt waterfowl with the use or aid of live decoys. All live, tame or captive ducks and geese shall be removed for a period of 10 consecutive days prior to hunting and confined within an enclosure which substantially reduces the audibility of their calls and totally conceals such tame birds from the sight of migratory waterfowl.
- use a recording or electronic calling device to hunt migratory
 waterfowl. Such electronic calling devices may be used to hunt snow,
 blue and Ross' geese during Light Goose Conservation Order seasons
 that occur after Canada goose seasons close.

Retrieval of Downed Birds (Wanton Waste)

You cannot legally:

- fail to retrieve, if possible, and retain in the custody of the hunter in the field, all waterfowl killed or crippled. Note: You need permission to enter private property.
- •have or carry an uncased or loaded shotgun in a motorized boat. Waterfowl hunters may have an uncased and unloaded gun in their boats for pursuing crippled waterfowl incapable of normal flight to reduce said bird to possession, provided that the attempt is made immediately upon downing the bird and is done within 400 yards of the blind from which the bird was downed. The gun cannot be loaded unless the motor has been completely shut off and crippled birds may not be shot from the boat until the motor has been completely shut off and the boat's progress has ceased.
- wantonly waste or destroy the useable meat (defined as the breast meat of a migratory game bird) of any game bird or migratory game bird that has a bag limit, and to leave, dump or abandon a wildlife carcass or its parts along or upon a public right-of-way or highway or on public or private property, including a waterway or stream without permission.

Possession and Tagging

You cannot legally:

- possess more than one daily limit while in the field or while returning from the field to one's car, hunting camp, home, etc.
- every migratory game bird wounded by hunting and reduced to possession by the hunter shall be immediately killed and become a part of the daily bag limit. No person shall at any time, or by any means, possess or transport live migratory game birds.
- completely field dress any migratory waterfowl and then transport the birds from the field. The head or one fully-feathered wing must remain attached to all such birds while being transported from the field to one's home or to a commercial preservation facility.
- give, put or leave any waterfowl at any place other than his/her personal abode, or in the custody of another person, unless the birds are tagged by the hunter with the hunter's signature and address, the total number of birds involved, by species, and the dates such birds were killed.
- receive or have in custody any waterfowl belonging to another person unless such birds are properly tagged. Tags available at: www2. illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/waterfowl/Documents/WaterfowlGiftTags.pdf
- receive, possess or give to another any freshly-killed waterfowl as a gift, except at the personal abode of the donor or donee, unless such birds have a tag attached (see tagging requirements above).
- consider termination of bird possession by the hunter, until the hunter delivers the birds to another person as a gift or to a post office, common carrier or migratory bird preservation facility and consigned for transport by the Postal Service or a common carrier to some person other than the hunter.

Exporting and Importing

You cannot legally:

- ship migratory waterfowl unless the package is marked on the outside with the name and address of the person sending the birds, the name and address of the person to whom the birds are being sent and the number of birds, by species, contained in the package.
- import migratory waterfowl killed in any foreign country, except Canada, unless such birds are dressed (except one fully-feathered wing must remain attached to all migratory waterfowl being transported between a port of entry and one's home or to a migratory bird preservation facility), drawn and the head and feet are removed. For information regarding the importation of migratory waterfowl killed in another country, consult 50 CFR 20.61 through 20.66.
- •import migratory waterfowl belonging to another person.

Federal Baiting Regulations

This is a summary of the federal regulations regarding baiting. Please see www.ecfr.gov/current/title-50/chapter-I/subchapter-B/part-20 for greater detail.

You cannot legally:

take migratory game birds by the aid of baiting, or on or over any baited area, where a person knows or reasonably should know that the area is or has been baited (see www.ecfr.gov/current/title-50/chapter-l/subchapter-B/part-20). An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive dys following the removal of the bait. However, nothing prohibits: the taking of any migratory game bird, including waterfowl and coots, on or over the following lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas

- (i) Standing crops or flooded standing crops (including aquatics); standing, flooded or manipulated natural vegetation; flooded harvested croplands; or lands or areas where seeds or grains have been scattered solely as the result of a normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or normal soil stabilization practice;
- (ii) From a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with natural vegetation;
- (iii) From a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with vegetation from agricultural crops, as long as such camouflaging does not result in the exposing, depositing, distributing or scattering of grain or other feed; or
- (iv) Standing or flooded standing agricultural crops where grain is inadvertently scattered solely as a result of a hunter entering or exiting a hunting area, placing decoys or retrieving birds.

Hunters MAY:

- •hunt ALL legal migratory game birds, including waterfowl and coots.
- *hunt ALL legal migratory game birds over standing crops, standing flooded crops and flooded harvested croplands.
- ·use natural vegetation to conceal a blind.
- •hunt over natural vegetation that has been mowed or manipulated in other ways. There is no restriction on when manipulation may occur. In other words, the manipulation may occur before, during or after any season where seeds or grains have been scattered solely as the result of "normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or normal soil stabilization practice."
- hunt over surface-mined lands being reclaimed where seeds or grains are scattered solely as a result of a "normal soil stabilization practice."
- *use vegetation from agricultural crops to conceal a blind provided that the crop seed is not exposed, deposited, distributed or scattered in the process. For example, corn stalks may be used to camouflage a blind as long as the attached ears remain tightly in the husk.
- continue hunting over standing or flooded standing agricultural crops if they inadvertently scatter grain solely as a result of entering or leaving the field, placing decoys or retrieving downed birds.
- be charged with hunting over bait or a baited area if they "know or reasonably should know" that the area is baited.

With respect to federal prohibitions, hunters MAY NOT:

- place, expose, deposit, distribute, or scatter salt, grain or other feed that could lure or attract migratory game birds, except crows, to, on or over an area where hunters are attempting to harvest them.
- hunt migratory game birds, except crows, with the aid of bait or on or over any baited area.
- hunt over any baited area until all salt, grain or other feed has been completely removed for at least 10 days.
- hunt waterfowl and coots over manipulated planted millet. Planted millet is not considered natural vegetation unless it becomes naturalized and grows (volunteers) on its own in subsequent years.
- hunt waterfowl and coots over seed or grain from manipulated agricultural crops or normal agricultural operations except where seed or grain is present solely as a result of "normal planting, harvesting or post-harvest manipulation" or "normal agricultural soil stabilization practices."
- hunt migratory game birds, other than crows, if the use of vegetation from agricultural crops to conceal a blind exposes, deposits, distributes or scatters grain or other crop seed.

Hunters also should remember that:

- •they are responsible for ensuring that the hunting area has not been baited before they start hunting.
- they should physically inspect the field or marsh; question landowners, guides and caretakers; and take other reasonable steps to verify the legality of the hunting area.
- they must know and obey all applicable federal and state hunting regulations.
- when making agricultural determinations, the Fish and Wildlife Service relies on the official recommendations of state extension specialists of the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Cooperative Extension Service.



Don't Shoot a Swan!

Don't make a mistake!

All wild swans are protected in Illinois.

Trumpeter Swans have made a substantial comeback throughout the Midwest region. These native swans are migrating through and wintering in Illinois. You can help bring back this magnificent swan by:

- Learning the difference between swans and snow geese.
- Reporting observations of swans having wing tags, neck collars or leg bands.
- Protecting wetland habitat.
- Reporting any harassment of trumpeter swans.

Report Swan Sightings to:

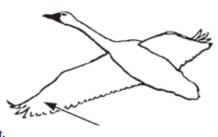
Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Waterfowl Program 700 South 10th Street, Havana, IL 62644 (309) 543-3065

Trumpeter Swan

Protected Species Long neck Length: ~4 ft.

Wingspan: ~7 ft. Weight: 20-30 lbs

Caution - White Pelicans have black wing tips, but their wingspan is 8-9 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft.



Snow Goose

Legally Hunted Short Neck Length: ~1 ½ ft. Wingspan: ~3 ½ ft. Weight: 3-6 lbs White plumage, but BLACK WING TIPS







Definitions

Upland Game: Bobwhite Quail, Hungarian Partridge, Ring-necked Pheasant, Eastern Cottontail and Swamp

Small Game: for purposes of this digest are defined as Doves (migratory), Woodcock (migratory), Crows, and Squirrels.

Non-toxic shot: Any shot type that does not cause sickness and death when ingested by animals or humans. Shot types: www.fws.gov/story/2022-04/nontoxic-shot-regulations-hunting-waterfowl-and-coots-us

Lead Ammunition: A projectile containing one or more percent lead by weight.

| | UPLA | ND AND SM | ALL GAME SEAS | ON DATES | AND LIMI | rs |
|--|------------------|---|---|----------------|---------------------|---|
| SPECIES | ZONE | DATES (inclusive) | HOURS | DAILY LIMIT | POSSESSION LIMIT | ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS |
| Doves (mourning and white-winged) | Statewide | 1 Sep – 14 Nov 2022 and 26 Dec 2022 – 9 Jan 2023 | | 15 | 45 | No limits on Eurasian-collared doves and ringed turtle doves, but they may be harvested only during the established season dates and hours and using only legal methods for mourning/white-winged doves. Hunters may not remain in the field for taking Eurasian-collared doves or ringed turtle doves after they reach their daily limit for mourning/white-winged doves. |
| Pheasants (roosters only) | See zones map | 5 Nov 2022 - 8 Jan 2023 (North Zone) 5 Nov 2022 - 15 Jan 2023 (South Zone) | Sunrise to | 2 | 6 | Until the 3rd day of the hunting season, you may not possess more than twice the daily limit. Hen pheasants are illegal to harvest or possess, except as specified on controlled hunting areas. |
| Quail (Bobwhite) | See zones map | 5 Nov 2022 - 8 Jan 2023 (North Zone) 5 Nov 2022 - 15 Jan 2023 (South Zone) | Sunset | 8 | 20 | Until the 3rd day of the hunting season, you may not possess no more than twice the daily limit. |
| Hungarian Partridge | See zones map | 5 Nov 2022 - 8 Jan 2023 (North Zone) 5 Nov 2022 - 15 Jan 2023 (South Zone) | | 2 | 6 | Until the 3rd day of the hunting season, you may not possess more than twice the daily limit. |
| Rabbits (cottontail and swamp) | Statewide | 5 Nov 2022 - 15 Feb 2023 | | 4 | 10 | Until the 3rd day of the hunting season, you may not possess more than twice the daily limit. |
| Woodcock | Statewide | 15 Oct - 28 Nov 2022 | | 3 | 9 | |
| Squirrels (gray and fox) | Statewide | 1 Aug 2022 - 15 Feb 2023 | ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset | 5 | 10 | Closed 18-20 Nov and 1-4 Dec 2022 in counties open for firearm deer hunting. Bag limits are for both species combined. |
| Crow | Statewide | 28 Oct 2022 - 28 Feb 2023 | ½ hour before sunrise to sunset | No limit | No limit | |



Upland and Small Game Zones:

Zones for rooster pheasant, quail, Hungarian partridge are divided by U.S. Route 36 from the Indiana state line to Springfield, Illinois Route 29 from Springfield to Pekin, and Illinois Route 9 from Pekin to Dallas City, then due west to the Mississippi River.

Hunting Credentials and Requirements

- To hunt upland and small game, residents and non-residents will need a hunting license and a habitat stamp listed below. Individuals intending to hunt doves or woodcock will also need HIP Certification. Exemptions to these requirements are specified in table. For residency qualification, see Resident definition in Statewide Regulations.
- Individuals wanting to hunt upland birds and/or rabbits on specific IDNR sites may also need to apply for a Free Upland Game Permit.
- See upland and small game hunting map for associated upland bird and rabbit hunting zones

Types of Hunting Opportunities

There are different opportunities for hunting upland game on state, federal and private lands. The primary types of upland hunting include:

- Open hunting on state sites some IDNR sites do not require a lottery permit to hunt upland and small game but may require a windshield card or signing in and out when you hunt. Check the Hunter Fact Sheets or call site for hunting opportunities and regulations in your area.
- Upland Game Permit for IDNR sites FREE permit issued by a lottery that takes place in August, see Upland Game Permit Process section hereafter.
- 3. Controlled Pheasant hunting on IDNR sites application period and stand-by hunt info found in the 'controlled pheasant hunting' section
- 4. Open hunting on federal sites see Hunting Areas Information section for links to potential opportunities.
- Open hunting on private lands provided permission from landowner.

Non-toxic Shot and HIP Registration Requirement

Non-toxic Shot Requirement:

- Hunters should be aware that several IDNR sites now require use of non-toxic shot, such as steel.
- •For ease of this conversion, note that steel shot #3 is ballistically similar to lead shot #5, and steel shot #6 is ballistically similar to lead shot #7.5 or #8.
- •For comparison of shot size and effectiveness, see Tom Roster's Nontoxic Shot Lethality Table© (page 33).

HIP Registration:

• Free registration with HIP (National Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program) is required by law every year to hunt mourning doves and woodcock in Illinois. Crow hunting does not require HIP Certification. Get your HIP certification when purchasing your hunting or sportsman license or register for HIP by calling 1-866-716-6550 (record the transaction number on your license). Lifetime license holders also need to register with HIP on an annual basis. HIP is a nationwide program and you must register separately in every state where you hunt migratory birds. Cooperation and support from hunters make sound resource management possible.

| Upland an | d Small G | ame Hun | ting Cr | edentia | ıls (does r | not include vendor fees) |
|------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|-------------|--|
| opiana un | Pri | | | | purchase | let meloue venuer rees) |
| License/Permit/Stamps | Resident | | Lottery | Online | Vendors | Specifications |
| Hunting License | Variable | Variable | | Х | Х | See Statewide Regulations section for license types. |
| State Habitat Stamp | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | | х | Х | Required for all hunters 18+ years old. Not required to hunt hand-reared game birds on licensed game breeding and hunting preserve areas, as well as hand-reared pheasants on Department-controlled Pheasant Hunting Areas. Purchasers of a lifetime hunting license prior to 1993 and legally disabled veterans are exempt from this stamp. |
| Super Senior Habitat Stamp | Free | n/a | | Х | Х | Must be 75 or older, and pay vendor fees. |
| HIP Certification | Free | Free | | Х | Х | Before hunting Dove or Woodcock, all licensed hunters, including lifetime license holders, must register with HIP. See the HIP Registration section on page 32. |
| Upland Game Management Areas | Free | Free | Х | Х | | |
| Controlled Pheasant Areas | Site Fee | Site Fee | | | х | See Upland Game Permit Process section for details. Fee may be charged at controlled hunting sites. |
| Dove Management Areas | Free | Free | Х | Х | | |

Upland and Small Game Hunting Regulations (Additional to Statewide Regulations)

Legal Firearm and Archery Equipment

- *Upland birds, including migratory species, can be hunted with shotgun or bow and arrow (flu-flu arrows only; no broadheads) under regulations outlined in Statewide Regulations.
- Rabbits and squirrels can only be hunted with a gun or bow and arrow, but equipment regulations vary by site.
- Many IDNR sites require non-toxic shot, such as steel, but some do not. Check Hunter Fact Sheets or call site for site-specific regulations.

Clothing Requirements

- A solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink cap/hat and an upper outer garment displaying at least 400 square inches of solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink material must be worn while hunting pheasant, quail, partridge, woodcock or rabbits on IDNR lands or when accompanying youth on controlled pheasant or firearm deer hunts.
- On non-IDNR land, a solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink hat/cap must be worn to hunt upland birds (except doves) or rabbits with a firearm.
- •Camouflage blaze orange or camouflage blaze pink material does not meet the solid orange or solid pink requirement.
- •No blaze orange or blaze pink clothing is required for hunting doves, crows and squirrels, unless simultaneously hunting other types of upland birds or rabbits which requires blaze orange or blaze pink clothing noted above.

Additional Hunting Regulations

Below are several pertinent regulations when hunting upland birds in Illinois. Numerous other state and/or federal regulations apply to the taking, possessing, shipping, transporting and storing of upland and small game birds, especially migratory species. Hunters should also consult Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20 www.ecfr.gov, and Chapter 520 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs.asp, or talk with a Conservation Police Officer for questions on specific regulations.

You can legally:

- •use dogs to hunt upland birds
- •use all types of non-toxic shot, such as steel and bismuth at all IDNR sites
- ·use stationary or spinning-wing decoys

You cannot legally:

- *use lead shot at many IDNR sites, but some allow lead shot. Check Hunter Fact Sheets or call the site for site-specific regulations.
- use a recording or electronic calling device to hunt migratory birds other than crows
- possess or use any net or trap for harvesting upland birds
- trap rabbits or squirrels
- attempt to harvest any other squirrel species besides gray and fox
 harvest doves or woodcock by the use or aid of bait or baiting of any kind. "Bait" means any material, whether liquid or solid, including food, salt, minerals and other products that can be ingested, placed or scattered in such a manner as to attract or lure upland birds. "Baiting" means the placement or scattering of bait to attract upland birds. For the purposes of harvesting upland birds, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the manipulation, including mowing or cutting, of standing crops as a normal agricultural or soil stabilization practice, food plots, or normal agricultural practices, including planting, harvesting, and maintenance, such as cultivating, or the use of products designed for scent only and not capable of ingestion, solid or liquid, placed or scattered, in such a manner as to attract or lure upland birds. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for
- harvest upland birds, unless they are flying, except for harvesting pheasants that are not flying when crippled and not capable of normal flight and otherwise irretrievable. However, doves, woodcock and crows may be harvested while not in flight.

10 consecutive days following the removal of the bait.

- •remove plumage of pheasants in the field or while being transported to one's home, taxidermist or food processor.
- transport woodcock unless the head or one fully-feathered wing is attached

Dove and Woodcock Banding

If you harvest a leg-banded dove or woodcock, we encourage you to report information about when and where you harvested the bird. You will be emailed a Certificate of Appreciation with information about when and where the dove was banded. Your cooperation on reporting band numbers gives biologists a wealth of information useful in managing the resource to provide hunters with optimal recreational opportunities while protecting dove populations.

Report banded birds at: www.reportband.gov

Lead Poisoning in Game Birds

The hazards of lead poisoning in game birds consuming spent shotgun pellets have been well-publicized. Research has determined that doves and other birds also are at risk from acute lead poisoning due to consuming spent shotgun pellets in hunted fields, and that many more doves may be dying each year than waterfowl did prior to the lead shot ban. While non-toxic shot is not required on all hunting areas, upland and small game hunters are encouraged to use steel or other non-toxic shot types to spare doves and other wildlife from potential lead poisoning. No. 6 or 7 steel shot used with shotgun chokes one size more open than typically used for lead are very effective in harvesting doves. Improved cylinder or skeet is the best choke to use with steel shot for doves. For pheasant, No. 2 or 3 steel will perform like lead No. 4 or 5 lead shot. Even though non-toxic shot is a little more expensive than lead, the cost is justified to help conserve our valuable wildlife resources.

Upland Permit Process

- Apply for FREE site-specific upland game and dove hunting permits (see tables on the next page for drawing information and website link and sites offering hunting opportunities). Residents receive application preference.
- Permit holding hunters can bring a number of hunting partners depending on the site but hunting partners cannot hunt without the permit holder being present to hunt.
- Hunting dates depend on each site. Check the IDNR Upland and Small Game webpage or contact the site directly for details.
- Tables hereafter show permit application information and a list of IDNR sites with Upland Game or Dove Hunting Permits.



| | | 2022 Uplo | ınd an | d Smal | l Game Permit Applications |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------|---------|---|
| Application Period/Location | Methods | Hunt Period | Opens | Closes | Specifications |
| Upland Game Hunt Permi | ts (Free) | | | | |
| One Drawing Only | Internet | Varies by Site | 1 Aug | 31 Aug | These free hunts limit the number of hunters, via permit, pursuing wild birds and rabbits on habitat areas and select state sites. Upland Game Hunting is for rooster pheasant, quail, Hungarian partridge, and rabbits. Applicants can receive only one (1) permit per year. www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/pages/uplandgame.aspx |
| Site-specific Dove Permit I | lunts (Free | e) | | | |
| First (Residents Only) | Internet | 1-5 Sept | 1 June | 30 June | The permit holder only hunts on IDNR managed dove fields. Applicants can apply for |
| Second | Internet | 1-5 Sept | 6 July | 20 July | up to five (5) different sites and can apply with a partner who will receive a permit for the same site and date. Non-residents can apply for the second lottery and also |
| Over-the-counter | Internet | 1-5 Sept | 27 July | 25 Aug | receive over-the-counter permits. Applications accepted for first or second permit during over-the-counter period. Youth hunters must be accompanied by a supervising |
| Youth (ages 10-17) | Internet | 3 Sept | | | adult. www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/pages/dovehunting.aspx |
| Controlled Pheasant Hunt | s (Fee Cha | rged) | | | |
| First | Internet | Varies by Site | 2 Aug | 9 Aug | |
| Second | Internet | Varies by Site | 9 Aug | 16 Aug | These application-based hunts allow a controlled number of hunters to pursue released, captive-raised pheasants on state and public/private partnership sites. |
| Third | Internet | Varies by Site | 16 Aug | 23 Aug | dnr2.illinois.gov/controlledhunt/ |
| Youth (ages 10-17) | Internet | Varies by Site | 2 Aug | 23 Aug | aniz.miorago y comoncurony |

| Upland and Sm | iall Game Pei | rmit Sites |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Check Hunter Fact Sh www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hu | | |
| Site Name | County | Non-toxic shot required |
| Birkbeck PHA | DeWitt | No |
| Bradford PHA | Stark | Yes |
| Chatsworth PHA | Livingston | Yes |
| Clifton PHA | Iroquois | No |
| Coffeen Lake SFWA | Montgomery | No |
| Dublin Highlands PHA | Stephenson | No |
| Edward R. Madigan SP | Logan | Yes |
| Finfrock SHA | DeWitt | No |
| Freeman Mine SWA | Montgomery | No |
| Franklin Creek SNA | Lee | No |
| Gifford PHA | Champaign | No |
| Green River SWA | Lee | Yes |
| Hallsville PHA | DeWitt | No |
| Harry "Babe" Woodyard SNA | Vermilion | No |
| Herschel Workman PHA | Vermilion | No |
| Hindsboro PHA | Douglas | No |
| llo Dillin HA | Tazewell | Yes |
| Jim Edgar Panther Creek SFWA | Cass | Yes |
| Larry D. Closson HA | Douglas | No |
| Little Rock Creek HA | Carroll | No |
| Loda PHA | Iroquois | No |
| Mackinaw River SFWA | Tazewell | Yes |
| Manito PHA | Tazewell | No |
| Mautino SFWA | Bureau | Yes |
| Maxine Loy LWR | Marion | Yes |
| Maytown PHA | Lee | No |
| Milks Grove PHA | Iroquois | No |
| Nachusa Prairie c/o Franklin Creek SNA | Ogle | No |
| Paul C. Burrus HA | Coles | No |
| Perdueville PHA | Ford/Champaign | No |
| Pyramid SP | Perry | No |
| Ramsey Lake SP | Fayette | Yes |
| Sand Prairie PHA | Lee | No |
| Sand Ridge SF | Mason | Yes |
| Sangchris Lake SP | Christian/Sangamon | No |
| Saybrook PHA | McLean | No |
| Sibley PHA | Ford | No |
| Steward PHA | Lee | No |
| Victoria PHA | Knox | Yes |
| Whitefield PHA | Marshall | Yes |
| Willow Creek HA | Edgar | No |

| | Dove Hunting Permit Sites | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Site | County | Specifications |
| Big Bend SFWA | Whiteside | |
| Clinton Lake SRA | DeWitt | |
| Coffeen Lake SFWA | Montgomery | |
| Des Plaines SFWA | Will | |
| Edward R. Madigan SP | Logan | |
| Fox Ridge SP | Coles | |
| Green River SWA | Lee | |
| Harry "Babe" Woodyard SNA | Vermilion | |
| Hidden Springs SF | Shelby | |
| Horseshoe Lake SP | Madison | For all sites listed to the left: |
| Iroquois County SWA | Iroquois | Lottery permit required first 5 days of season |
| Jim Edgar Panther Creek SFWA | | |
| Johnson Sauk Trail SP | Henry | See Hunter Fact sheets for check-in times |
| Kankakee River SP | Kankakee/Will | Many of these sites require Non-Toxic |
| Mackinaw River SFWA | Tazewell | Shot. Please check the current site |
| Matthiessen SP | LaSalle | regulations at Huntlllinois.org before hunting. |
| Middle Fork SFWA | Vermilion | |
| Moraine View SFWA | McLean | |
| Ramsey Lake SP | Fayette | |
| Sangchris SP | Christian | |
| Shelbyville FL | Moultrie | |
| Shelbyville SFWA | Moultrie | |
| Silver Springs SFWA | Kendall | |
| Snakeden Hollow SFWA | Knox | |
| Victoria PHA | Knox | |

| room bove remin froming Areas (soperv | 1301 11 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Peoria | |
| Kankakee/Will | Youth |

 Kankakee River SP
 Kankakee/Will

 Mackinaw River SP
 Tazewell

 Mt. Vernon Game Farm
 Jefferson

 Ramsey Lake State Park
 Fayette

 Sam Parr SFWA
 Jasper

 Sangchris Lake SP
 Christian/Sangamon

Youth hunts at these sites occur the first weekend day of the season or Labor Day, whichever comes first, with a supervisor allowed to hunt.

Check-in 10-11 a.m. No standbys available

Non-Toxic Shot required at all sites

A Kendall Youth Dove Permit Hunting Areas (No Supervisor Hunting)

Horseshoe Lake SP Madison
Stephen A. Forbes SP Marion

Same regulations as above, but only youth is permitted to hunt. Supervisor **may not** hunt.



Jubilee College SP

Silver Springs SFWA



Controlled Pheasant Hunting

- On controlled pheasant hunting areas State Habitat Stamps are not required when hunting captive-reared pheasants. State Habitat Stamps are required when hunting quail, Hungarian partridge and woodcock on controlled pheasant hunting areas where these species can be harvested during the controlled pheasant hunting season.
- •Information about controlled pheasant hunting permit reservations is available at: dnr2.illinois.gov/controlledhunt/
- •Information about controlled pheasant hunting permit reservations for the public/private partnership areas is available through T. Miller, Inc. at: www.tmillerinc.com or (217) 793-6146.
- Thanksgiving Day hunting hours at all controlled pheasant hunting sites are 9 a.m. - 1 p.m.

Permits Required for Leased Lands & Commercial Clubs

See 520 ILCS 5/3.27 in the Wildlife Code for more information on permits. www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs3.asp?ActID=1729&Chap-

Disabled Hunters

Disabled hunters with Standing Vehicle Permits may obtain Controlled Pheasant Hunting Permits for Eldon Hazlet, Des Plaines and Moraine View where special vehicles are available to assist with the hunt. Disabled hunters, as defined by law (520 ILCS 5/2.33), may apply to the IDNR Office of Law Enforcement (217-782-6431) for a Standing Vehicle Permit. Information about controlled pheasant hunting permit reservations for disabled hunters is available at: www2.illinois.gov/ dnr

Upland and Small Game Hunting FAQs

How do I check on the status of my Free Upland Permit?

A: Check the status of your Free Upland Permit here: www2.illinois. gov/dnr/hunting/uplandgame/Pages/Online Permit Application.

Is there a second lottery for leftover permits for the Free Upland **Game Permit sites?**

A: No, there are rarely any permits leftover.

How do I check on the status of my Controlled Pheasant Hunting Permit?

A: You may check the status of your Controlled Pheasnt hunting permit here: dnr2.illinois.gov/controlledhunt

Can I use an air rifle to take upland/small game?

A: An air rifle can only be used to take rabbits and squirrels.

What do I do if I was drawn for a permit?

A: A link to download and print your permit will be provided in your email confirmation

Why aren't there as many pheasant, quail and rabbits as there used to be?

A: Changes in habitat are the primary reasons and includes a decrease in the quantity and quality of habitat. There is less suitable habitat because of changes in the landscape including fewer fencerows, pastures, hayfields, small grains (wheat, oats, etc). Second, the existing habitat quality has decreased because of introduced grasses like fescue and brome that are too thick for upland game.

On some of your Habitat Areas, there is nothing but 'weeds', why doesn't the IDNR plant more food plots?

A: The limiting factor of upland game is quality habitat, not a lack of food. Many annual weeds like ragweed, crabgrass, and foxtail are all consumed by upland species. The focus in our habitat areas is production and sustainability of grassland species by providing all their habitat and resource needs.

Is it true that hawks and coyotes are killing all the upland game?

A: While predators do eat some game birds and rabbits, this is not what is causing our long-term decline. if we had adequate habitat (quanity and quality), there would be more game on the landscape.

Why did the IDNR add more sites to the list requiring non-toxic shot?

A: Lead shot is highly toxic to most bird species when ingested. Birds do not seem to be able to distinguish small weed seeds from small shot pellets. We are making these changes to reduce the amount of lead being deposited (and subsequently ingested by wildlife) on hunting areas with a high volume of shooting and/or sensitive areas.





AVAILABLE IN ILLINOIS. KENTUCKY AND INDIANA

www.quga.org



Quail and Upland Game Alliance - QUGA



Furbearer Trapping and Hunting Credentials (does not include vendor fees)

| | F | Price | How to d | apply for | or purchase | |
|--|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------------|---|
| License/Permit/Stamps | Resident | Lottery | Online | Vendors | Specifications | |
| Trapping | \$10.00 | | | Х | Х | First-time trappers born on or after Jan. 1, 1998 are required to complete a trapper education course before purchasing a license. Residents with at least 39.5 acres do not need a license to trap on their land. |
| Youth Hunting and Trapping | \$7.00 | | | x | Х | Any hunter/trapper under 18 years of age may purchase this license. Hunters/trappers with this license must be supervised by an adult who is 21 years of age or older and has the appropriate Illinois hunting or trapping license. The youth hunter shall not hunt or trap or carry a hunting device, unless the youth is accompanied by and under close personal supervision of that adult. |
| Trapping (with state reciprocity) | | \$175.00 | | Х | Х | Reciprocity means your state of residence allows Illinois residents to trap. |
| Trapping (without state reciprocity) | | \$250.00 | | Х | Х | See reciprocity specification above. |
| Hunting License | Variable | Variable | | Х | Χ | See Statewide Regulations section for license types. |
| State Habitat Stamp | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | | Х | Х | |
| Species-specific Permits | | | | | | |
| River Otter Registration Permit | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | | Х | Χ | Purchase within 48 hours after river otter harvest |
| Bobcat Hunting & Trapping Lottery Application | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | Х | Х | | Lottery applications accepted Sept 1-30. See lottery section for details |
| Bobcat Registration Permit | \$5.00 | \$5.00 | | Х | | Purchase within 48 hours after bobcat harvest |

General Furbearer Regulations (Additional to Statewide Regulations)

Definitions

Furbearing Mammals: badger, beaver, bobcat, coyote, gray fox, mink, muskrat, opossum, raccoon, red fox, river otter, striped skunk and weasel.

Trap: To capture, or attempt to capture, by setting or placing a leg-hold trap, cushion-hold trap, body-gripping trap, cage or box trap, snare live-trap or other similar device permitted by the Illinois Wildlife Code to capture, hold or kill any protected wildlife.

Water Set: Any trap or similar device that is placed or set in contact with flowing or impounded water.

Land Set: Any trap or similar device not placed or set in contact with flowing or impounded water.

Green Hide: Any hide or pelt which has not been tanned.

Trapping and Hunting Credentials and Requirements

- To trap furbearers, residents and non-residents will need an appropriate trapping license and habitat stamp listed in the chart above. Exemptions to these requirements are specified in the table. For residency qualification, see Resident definition in the Statewide Regulations section.
- To hunt furbearers, residents and non-residents will need an applicable hunting license and state habitat stamp, as listed in the Statewide Regulations section.

Possession of Furbearers and Parts

- Road-kill Furbearing mammals that are found dead or unintentionally killed by a vehicle along a roadway may only be salvaged if the season for that species is open and you possess all appropriate licenses, stamps and permits required to salvage that species. (see credentials table above) NOTE: Bobcats may only be salvaged by permit holders during the open season. Salvage of weasel, mink, muskrat, beaver, badger and river otter requires a trapping license and state habitat stamp if required; salvage of all other species requires a hunting or trapping license and state habitat stamp if required. Salvaged badgers, bobcats and river otters become part of your harvest limit. River otters and bobcats are subject to registration and tagging requirements.
- Green Hides Green hides may be possessed year-round with a valid hunting or trapping license.
- Live Contact IDNR for more specific regulations dealing with possession of live furbearing animals under Chapter $520\ 5/3.25$ of the Wildlife Code.
- Breeding Persons within Illinois who hold, possess or engage in the breeding or raising of live furbearing mammals protected by the Wildlife Code must have a valid Furbearing Mammal Breeder Permit. No permits will be issued for the breeding or raising of striped skunks or coyotes.

Furbearing mammal breeders shall keep a record for two years from the date of acquisition, sale or other disposition of each live furbearing mammal or its green hide so raised or propagated (contact IDNR for more specific regulations dealing with possession of live furbearing animals under Chapter $520\ 5/3.25$ of the Wildlife Code).



Furbearer Zones:

Trapping (Badger): Divided by U.S. Route 36.

Trap Tagging and Checking Requirements

You cannot legally:

- fail to mark or tag with metal tags or inscribe in lettering the name and address of the owner or customer identification number issued by the Department of Natural Resources, all traps used in the taking of furbearing mammals.
- fail to visit and remove all animals from traps at least once each calendar day.

Trap Size Restrictions

You cannot legally:

- $^{\circ}$ on land use a leghold trap that has a jaw spread larger than 6 1/2 inches or a body-gripping trap that has a jaw spread larger than 7 inches on a side, if square, and 8 inches, if round.
- $^{\circ}$ in water use a leghold trap that has a jaw spread larger than 7 $1\!\!/\!2$ inches or a body-gripping trap that has a jaw spread larger than 10 inches on a side, if square, and 12 inches, if round.
- trap beaver or river otter with a leghold trap or one of similar construction having a jaw spread of less than 5 ½ inches or more than 7 ½ inches, except that these restrictions shall not apply during the open season for trapping raccoons.
- trap beaver or river otter with a body-gripping trap or one of similar construction having a jaw spread of less than 7 inches or more than 10 inches on a side, if square, and 12 inches, if round, except that these restrictions shall not apply during the open season for trapping raccoons.
- NOTE: diameter of traps is measured from the inside edges of the jaws.

Closed Trapping Season

You cannot legally:

 set or place any trap in the field, set or unset, during the closed trapping season. Setting out stakes or floats before the season opens, if no traps are attached to them, is permissible.



Bobcat Zones:

Taking bobcats is prohibited in an area bounded by Interstate 39/ Route 51 on the west side and U.S. Route 36 on the south side. Bobcats may be harvested with a valid permit in the remainder of the state.

Illegal Traps

You cannot legally:

- use any trap with saw-toothed, spiked or toothed jaws.
- use or possess a deadfall, net or pit trap to take any protected wildlife.
- use any colony traps or cage, box or stove-pipe trap designed to harvest more than one mammal at a single setting. Single catch cage or box traps are legal.

Snares

You cannot legally:

- place, set, use or maintain a snare unless at least half of the loop is underwater at all times. When set, the snare loop must be 15 inches or less in diameter. Snares must be constructed of cable that is at least 5/64 inch, but no more than 1/8 inch in diameter, and must be equipped with a mechanical lock, anchor swivel and stop device that prevents the snare loop from closing to less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter.
- use or possess cable or wire snares constructed of stainless steel metal.

Dens, Nest and Feed Beds

You cannot legally:

- destroy, disturb or in any manner interfere with dams, lodges, burrows or feed beds of beaver while trapping for beaver or to set a trap inside a muskrat house or beaver lodge.
- set traps closer than 10 feet from any hole or den which may be occupied by a game mammal or furbearing mammal except that this restriction does not apply to water sets. Traps may be legally set within 10 feet of dens in water, but such sets are unlawful on land.

| | FURBEARER TRAPPING REGULATIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SPECIES | ZONE | DATES | LIMIT | ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Raccoon | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Opossum | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Striped Skunk | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Weasels | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mink | Statewide | | None | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Muskrat | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fox (Red and Gray) | | 10 Nov 2022 - 15 Feb 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coyote | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pardura. | North | | 2 per person per season | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Badger | South | | l per person per season | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bobcat | See Bobcat Zone map | | One by permit only | Must possess a Bobcat Hunting and Trapping Permit BEFORE attempting to harvest a bobcat. Must purchase Bobcat Registration Permit within 48 hours of taking a bobcat. Taking bobcats in closed zone is prohibited. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beaver | Statewide | 10 Nov 2022 - 31 Mar 2023 | None | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| River Otter | Statewide | 10 Nov 2022 - 31 Mar 2023 | 5 per person per season | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Woodchuck (Groundhog) | Statewide | 1 Jun - 30 Sep 2022 | None | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Exposed Bait

You cannot legally:

- place, set or maintain any leghold trap within 30 feet of bait placed in such a manner or position that is not completely covered and concealed from sight, except that this shall not apply to water sets.
- bait means any bait composed of mammal, bird or fish flesh, fur, hide, entrails or feathers. Leghold traps set on land may not be placed around exposed bait, such as animal carcasses.

Beaver, Badger, River Otter, Weasel, Mink, and Muskrat
(Trapping Only)

You cannot legally:

harvest beaver, badger, river otter, weasel, mink or muskrat except by trapping. However, beaver, river otter, weasel, mink, and muskrat can be shot with a firearm, pistol, or airgun of a caliber not larger than a .22 long rifle to remove the animal from the trap.

Trapper Education

Illinois Trapper Education Manual

www2.illinois.gov/dnr/safety/Documents/TrapperEducationManual.pdf

Illinois Trapper Education Classes

www2.illinois.gov/dnr/safety/Pages/Counties.aspx

Clothing Requirement

Trappers in the field during the firearm deer seasons must wear a cap and 400 square inches of solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink outer clothing.

Rabbits and Squirrels Cannot Be Trapped

It is only legal to trap furbearing mammals and woodchucks. No other game mammals or birds may be trapped.

Trapping Near Dwellings

You cannot legally:

 trap within 100 yards of an inhabited dwelling without first obtaining permission from the owner or tenant.

Written Authorization to Handle Traps of Another Person

You cannot legally:

 remove mammals from, move, or disturb in any manner, traps owned by another person without written authorization of the owner to do so.

Permission from Landowner

You cannot legally:

 trap furbearers on another person's property without his or her permission. This includes waters flowing over and/or standing on the land of another person.

Damaging Property While Trapping

You cannot legally:

 destroy or damage another person's property while trapping on his or her land.



COMMITTED TO
PROTECTING LABOR AND
THE GREAT OUTDOORS
FOR 25 YEARS

...that's 57 deer years

UNION INSURANCE GROUP

UIGINS.COM

888-200-4545

(O III

THANK YOU TO OUR CORPORATE MEMBERS

Your support helps build, preserve and restore conservation across the state of Illinois.

To become a corporate member visit ilconservation.org or call 217-785-2003



















Furbearer Trapping and Reporting Requirements

The Department conducts an annual survey of trappers to estimate the number of furbearing mammals trapped and sold during the regular trapping season. Approximately 20% of trappers are surveyed annually and if you receive a survey form, you are highly encouraged to complete and return it. For survey results visit: www.humandimensions.inhs.illinois.edu/trapper/

River Otter Harvest and Possession

- No more than five river otters may be harvested or possessed during the season. Possession limits do not apply to fur buyers, tanners, manufacturers or taxidermists. Possession limits do not apply to tanned pelts, mounted specimens or manufactured products.
- Trapping is the only legal method of harvest. Licensed trappers may salvage otters found dead along a roadway during the open season; such animals become part of the person's harvest limit and are subject to permit and tagging requirements.
- Trappers must purchase an River Otter Registration Permit within 48 hours after harvesting a river otter. The cost of a permit is \$5 plus a vendor's fee. Permits are available anywhere you can purchase a hunting or trapping license, including www.exploremoreil.com. You will be mailed an official CITES pelt tag within 2-3 weeks after purchasing a permit. Otter registration permits must be purchased by the individual who captured the otter and cannot be transferred to another person. NOTE: Do not purchase a permit before you harvest an otter.
- An official CITES tag must be permanently affixed to the green hide of each otter (including a whole, un-skinned carcass) before it is exported outside the United States or transferred to a fur buyer, fur tanner, taxidermist or manufacturer (a manufacturer is an individual who dresses and fabricates green hides into fur garments or products). Unsealed CITES tags cannot be transferred to another person.

Bobcat Hunting and Trapping

Hunters and trappers must possess a Bobcat Hunting and Trapping Permit BEFORE taking or attempting to harvest a bobcat. Applications will be available online only at www.exploremoreil.com during 1-30 Sep. Applicants must submit a \$5 non-refundable fee. Available permits will be allocated during a lottery and mailed to successful applicants.

• If you receive a Bobcat Hunting and Trapping Permit, you may harvest one bobcat by hunting, trapping or salvaging a road-kill during open seasons. Examples of legal methods of hunting include archery, predator calling, stalking, and treeing with dogs. The hunting season for bobcats is closed during firearm deer seasons.

This will be the 7th year for bobcat hunting and trapping in Illinois since the season was reopened in 2016. The bobcat and many other game mammals in Illinois were nearly extirpated from the state in the early 1900's because of habitat loss and unregulated harvest. Bobcats, like white-tailed deer, wild turkey, river otter, and beaver made remarkable recoveries as habitat quantity and quality improved and conservation strategies were implemented by wildlife managers. Much of this work was funded by hunters and trappers through license fees and the Pittman-Robertson Act, which taxes sporting goods, firearms, and ammunition. Funds are used for wildlife conservation including: research, habitat improvements, and acquisition of habitat.

- Taking bobcats is prohibited in the closed zone.
- If you harvest a bobcat, you must purchase a \$5 Bobcat Registration Permit at www.exploremoreil.com within 48 hours. (Code 306 under "Permits") The Department will mail you a federal CITES tag within 2-3 weeks.
- NOTE: Bobcat Registration Permits are not available at license vendors.
- A federal CITES tag must be permanently affixed to each bobcat pelt before it is exported from the United States or transferred to a fur buyer, taxidermist, fur tanner, or garment manufacturer. If you plan to have a bobcat mounted, we recommend making a slit between the inner lip and eye hole then placing a piece of wood or plastic in the slit before freezing the bobcat. This will make it easier to insert the federal tag when you receive it.
- Applicants who did not receive a permit the previous year will have preference by being part of the initial random drawing. If any additional permits remain to be allocated after that drawing, a second drawing will take place for all of the individuals who received a permit the previous year.

Attention Trappers and Hunters

Researchers at Southern Illinois University Carbondale are continuing their research on bobcats and river otters and are seeking lower jaws from hunter/trapper harvested animals. They will use the information to update the population estimate for bobcats and river otter in Illinois. Recolonization of central and northern Illinois by these species is a conservation success story made possible by conservation programs and the sportsmen and women throughout Illinois. For more information about the bobcat research at SIUC or if you have a bobcat or otter jaw you would like to donate, please contact Justin Remmers (justin.remmers@siu.edu, phone: 402-984-7256) for more information.

SIUC will soon begin studies of gray foxes to assess their status in Illinois. If you have observed a gray fox, please contact Max Larreur (max.larreur@gmail.com, phone: 407-474-2303) so that SIUC can record that information.

To learn more about bobcat research in Illinois, the successful recovery of bobcats in our state and other information, please visit: www2. illinois.gov/dnr/trapping/Pages/Bobcat-Hunting-and-Trapping.aspx



| FURBEARER HUNTING REGULATIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SPECIES | DATES | HOURS | ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Raccoon | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Opossum | | Open 24 hours and season begins ½ | During Archery Deer Season, bow hunting | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fox (Red and Gray) | 10 Nov 2022 - 15 Feb 2023 | hour before sunrise on opening day and closes ½ hour after sunset on closing day. See Archery Restrictions | hours for raccoon, opossum, fox, coyote, and striped skunk will be ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bobcat | | | Must possess a Bobcat Hunting and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Woodchuck | 1 Jun 2022 - 31 Mar 2023 Closed during first and second firearm deer seasons <u>in counties open to</u> <u>firearm deer hunting.</u> | $rac{1}{2}$ hour before sunrise to $rac{1}{2}$ hour after sunset | Trapping Permit BEFORE attempting to harvest a bobcat. Limit one bobcat per person per season. Must purchase Bobcat Registration Permit within 48 hours of harvesting a bobcat. Taking bobcats in a | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coyote Striped Skunk | Year round Closed during the first and second firearm deer seasons <u>in counties open</u> to firearm deer hunting. | $rac{1}{2}$ hour before sunrise to $rac{1}{2}$ hour after sunset. No time restriction 10 Nov 2022 - 15 Mar 2023 | closed zone is prohibited. Hunters with unfilled firearm deer permits may harvest coyotes during firearm deer seasons with weapons legal for deer hunting ½ before sunrise to ½ after sunset. There is no limit on foxes, coyote, opossum, raccoon, striped skunk and woodchuck. | | | | | | | | | | | |

Tree Climbing or Cutting Devices

You cannot legally:

 use or possess any tree climbing or tree cutting device (i.e., saw or axe) when hunting furbearing mammals. Certain exceptions apply to coyote hunting; see "Coyote Hunting" section.

Furbearer Running Season

Furbearers may be pursued or chased with dogs, but not killed, during the running season. The running season for coyote, gray and red fox, opossum, raccoon and striped skunk is open year-round. Exception: You cannot legally pursue any furbearer with a dog or dogs between the hours of sunset and sunrise during the 10-day period preceding the opening date of the raccoon hunting season and the 10-day period following the closing date of the raccoon hunting season. Note: Competitive hunts licensed by U.K.C., N.K.C., P.K.C. or A.K.C./A.C.H.A. may be held during the 10-day closed periods under authority of a IDNR Field Trial Permit.

When training dogs from sunset to sunrise, no person in, along with or accompanying the dog training party shall be in possession of a firearm or live ammunition, except pistols capable of firing only blank cartridges except as provided in the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

Non-residents are prohibited from hunting furbearers or running their dogs in Illinois during any time when Illinois residents would not be allowed to hunt furbearers or run dogs in the non-resident's state.

You cannot legally:

 possess any firearm or ammunition other than a pistol loaded with blank cartridges while training dogs during the time when hunting seasons are closed except on an authorized field trial or dog training area except as provided in the Firearm Concealed Carry Act



Coyote Hunting

- Coyotes can be hunted 24 hours from 10 November through midnight on 15 March.
- $^{\circ}$ During the rest of the year, hunting hours for coyotes are 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset. Closed during shotgun deer seasons see restrictions below.
- Hunters need a hunting license and habitat stamp unless exempt.
- Coyotes may be hunted on private property using dogs, archery devices, any type and caliber of handgun, any type of legal rifle including large capacity semi-automatic rifles, and shotguns using any type of shell. During firearm deer seasons, coyotes may be harvested only by hunters with valid, unfilled deer permits using the same types of firearms that are allowed for deer. When hunting with a shotgun, make sure that the magazine has been fitted with a plug which makes the shotgun incapable of firing more than three consecutive shots.
- Electronic calling devices are legal for coyote hunting.
- It is legal to bait coyotes for hunting as long as any wild game used was legally harvested.
- Illinois does not restrict the type of sights or scopes used for coyote hunting (including laser sights and night vision scopes).
- Lights with any color of lens can be used while hunting coyotes as long as the lights are not used from or connected to any vehicle or conveyance (including ATVs, unmanned aircraft, and horses).
- It is illegal for a coyote hunter to wantonly allow a dog to hunt on another person's land without first obtaining permission of the landowner or tenant. If a hunting dog crosses onto property in which the coyote hunter has no permission to hunt, the hunter has no legal right to follow the dog. Illinois Animal Control Laws or other local animal control ordinances could apply to dogs running at large.
- Coyote hunters are required to keep their guns unloaded and in a case while in a vehicle or on a conveyance (including but not limited to ATVs and horseback) unless exempt by special IDNR permit.
- Guns must remain unloaded until the hunter is clear of the road and right-of-way alongside the road.
- Deer hunters with an unfilled firearm deer permit may hunt coyotes during the first and second firearm deer seasons, but must wear a cap and 400 square inches of solid blaze orange or solid blaze pink outer clothing when hunting.
- Before coyote hunting at public hunting areas, please check www.huntillinois.org for updated regulations and site contact information. Check with the site office if more information regarding site specific regulations is needed.
- It is legal to hunt coyotes while using or possessing a tree climbing device. However, coyotes may not be hunted utilizing these devices during open season for deer except by properly licensed deer hunters.

IDNR receives many reports of wolf sightings each year, but wolves are very rare and sightings are almost always coyotes. Help us teach others the physical differences between coyotes and wolves.

Deer Accidentally Killed/Injured by Motor Vehicles and Methods Other Than Lawful Hunting

To report and claim road-killed deer online, visit: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/deer/Pages/Claim-a-Road-Kill.aspx

There is no limit to the number of deer that may be possessed under these circumstances. No part of a deer so killed can be bartered or sold. Except for law enforcement officers in the performance of their duties it is illegal to kill a deer:

- crippled by a collision with a motor vehicle.
- crippled by methods other than lawful hunting unless permission has been obtained from a Conservation Police Officer (see phone numbers on page 1).

Motorists are reminded to report deer-related traffic accidents to appropriate law enforcement agencies when such reporting is required.

Collision with a motor vehicle

An Illinois resident/driver of a motor vehicle involved in a vehicle-deer collision has priority in legally possessing white-tailed deer killed/injured as a result of a collision with a motor vehicle. If the driver does not take possession of the deer before leaving the collision scene, any citizen of Illinois who is not delinquent in child support may possess and transport the deer. Non-residents may not claim a road-killed deer. Individuals claiming such a deer must report the possession within 24 hours at www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/deer/Pages/Claim-a-Road-Kill.aspx.

Killed/injured by methods other than lawful hunting or a vehicle/deer accident

Any individual finding a dead or crippled deer, other than those killed/injured in a vehicle/deer collision or legally harvested by hunting methods, may not transport said deer parts until permission is obtained from a Conservation Police Officer. Permission will be granted if it is determined that the person requesting possession did not illegally kill or injure the deer. When retained, the head/antler and hide shall be properly tagged with an irremovable tag obtained from a Conservation Police Officer. The salvage tag shall remain attached to the deer until its parts are consumed or no longer possessed by any person.

Nuisance Wildlife Issues

As much as we all love wildlife, there are times when some individual animals can cause a threat to human health and safety or cause property damage. There are things you can do to try and resolve the issues legally and responsibly:

- Wildlife Illinois website www.wildlifeillinois.org provides information on ways to mitigate conflict.
- If the suggestions on Wildlife Illinois are tried and not effective, you may speak with a District Wildlife Biologist or Conservation Police Officer to see if there are other ways to reduce the conflict, including a Nuisance Animal Removal Permit when/where applicable.
- The Wildlife Illinois website has a list of licensed Nuisance Wildlife Control Operators that specialize in resolving conflict and may be hired to help resolve wildlife issues (These are private businesses and will charge for their services).



Birds Doing Damage

Grackles, blackbirds and cowbirds may not be hunted as a game species or for recreational purposes. However, in nuisance wildlife cases, red-winged blackbirds, Brewer's blackbirds, cowbirds, grackles and crows found causing serious injuries to agricultural crops, horticultural crops, livestock feed, or wildlife recognized by the Department or the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as species that are endaangered, threatened, candidates for listing, or special concern, or a health hazard or structural property damage may, without a permit, harvest the above listed species provided the person. For further information please consult www.wildlifeillinois.org.

Feral Swine in Illinois

Feral swine (wild pigs) are escaped animals from free range livestock operations, dumped pets and/or illegal releases. Feral swine negatively impact wildlife and wildlife habitat. These animals have a high reproductive potential and populations must be reduced by 70 percent each year simply to keep them from expanding.

The Department regulates the transport, release, and harvest of feral swine. Specifically:

- Hunters may only shoot feral swine during the firearm, muzzleloader, late-winter, and CWD deer seasons if the hunter possesses a valid firearm, muzzleloader, late-winter, or CWD deer permit. It is illegal to harvest feral swine outside of those dates, unless the individual has been issued a Nuisance Wildlife Permit from a District Wildlife Biologist. Pigs are considered feral swine if they are unrestrained and have adapted to living in a wild or free-roaming environment. Hunters who mistakenly or purposely shoot a domestic pig or someone's pet may be subject to civil and/or criminal charges.
- Hunter-killed feral swine must be reported to the Department by contacting the Wildlife Disease and Invasive Animals Program Manager at 217-785-2614. Hunters may keep the legally harvested feral swine.
- It is illegal to provide outfitting or guide services for feral swine hunting in Illinois.
- It is illegal to hunt feral swine in an enclosure.
- It is illegal to release, transport, and/or possess feral swine.

Successful deer and turkey hunters who check in their harvest will be asked to report the number of feral swine they had observed during the hunting season in the county in which they were successful. These data will assist wildlife biologists in determining where feral swine are located and allow for removal of these animals before extensive agricultural and environmental damage occurs. The Department and the United States Department of Agriculture are working to eliminate feral swine populations in Illinois. Report feral swine sightings to: www.wildlifeillinois.org/sightings/report/



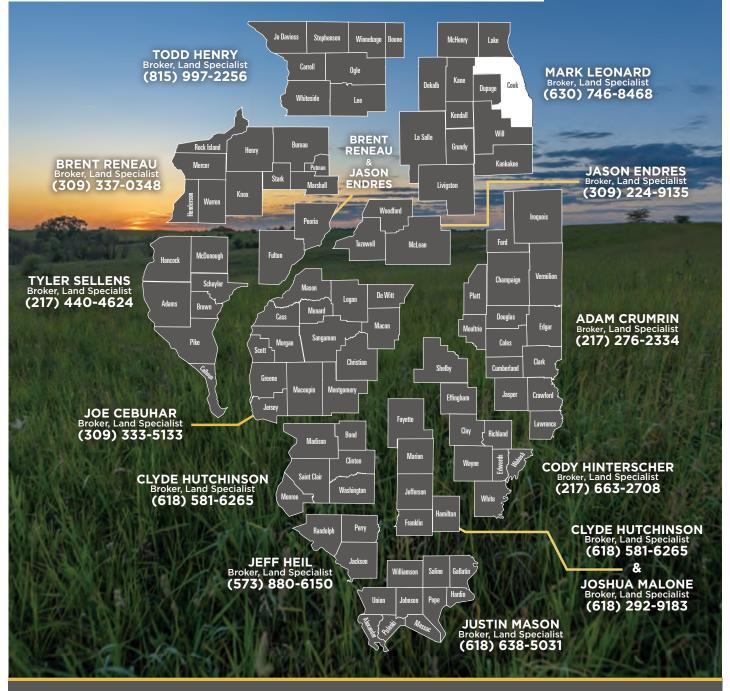
Do Not Spread Exotic Invasive Plants

Wildlife habitat throughout Illinois is being degraded and destroyed by invasive plants such as Russian olive, multiflora rose, bush honeysuckle and garlic mustard. Native vegetation supports a much greater variety of wildlife than a habitat of exotic plants. Invasive plants reduce the number and variety of forest wildlife by reducing the availability of food and suitable cover. For instance, bush honeysuckle will shade out oak tree seedlings and, over time, reduce the oak component of a forest. Fewer acorn-producing trees mean lower food availability and reduced habitat quality for white-tailed deer, squirrel, and turkey. Invasive plants in wetland areas and along lake shores, such as common reed, have a negative effect on a host of water birds. If invasive plants win, native plants and wildlife lose, and so do the people who enjoy them

Here is what you can do to help:

- Clean your boots and gear after each hunting trip to ensure you are not spreading invasive seeds to new locations.
- Do not plant invasive plants for wildlife. Native species provide much better food and cover for native wildlife.
- Do not use exotic plants for cover on blinds. This can spread them to new areas.
- Learn to identify invasive plants and report any new sightings to local land managers.

WE SELL LAND



Over \$296 Million in Illinois land sales the past two years
 Over 43,877 Illinois acres
 sold in the past two years
 Over 531 Illinois transactions in the past two years



WHITETAIL PROPERTIES REAL ESTATE

HUNTING | RANCH | FARM | TIMBER

WHITETAILPROPERTIES.COM





Wild Game Internal Temperatures

Cook all game to these USDA recommended minimum internal temperatures as measured with a food thermometer before removing from the heat source.









www.learntohuntil.com

Temperature recommendations courtesy of USDA

| | | Ha | rvest Log | | | |
|------|----------|-------------|-----------|-----|------------|-------|
| Date | Location | # Harvested | Species | Sex | Checked-in | Notes |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Public Hunting Areas

Hunting regulations on the public hunting areas listed on the following are often more restrictive than the statewide regulations. Hunter Fact Sheets are available at: www2.illinois.gov/dnr/hunting/FactSheets/Pages/default.aspx or from the site. Hunting may be allowed for species not listed in the following tables. Consult the Hunter Fact Sheet or contact the site directly for information on opportunities to hunt additional species. Some site-specific regulations that apply to all state sites are as follows:

General IDNR Site Regulations

It is illegal to:

- Possess any alcoholic beverage or illegal drug or be under the influence of alcohol, illegal drugs, or intoxicating compounds while in any hunting/trapping area for the purpose of hunting or trapping.
- Hunt or trap on any site with a manned check station without first declaring game killed on a previous hunt and in possession either on the hunter's person or in his vehicle.
- Construct or use any tree stand using nails, screws or any device which pierces or cuts the bark of the tree on which it is installed.
- Hunt or trap in a restricted area.
- Occupy in any manner designated hunting areas during the permit dove hunting season and controlled pheasant hunting season at sites holding such seasons, or during any hunting season where such restrictions are so posted at the site, when authorized hunting is in progress, unless you are authorized to do so.
- Enter a refuge, restricted area or waterfowl rest area unless authorized by the Department.
- Hunt or trap on any Department owned or managed land that is not a designated area pursuant to applicable species rules (17 III. Adm. Code 530, 550, 570, 590, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 710, 715, 720, 730, and 740).
- Buy, sell or commercialize hunting or trapping rights, directly or indirectly, except that this does not apply to Department of Natural Resources hunting or trapping fees or to the operation of controlled pheasant hunting on Department lands pursuant to a written concession agreement.
- Hunt or trap without a valid permit where permits are required.

- Hunt with any weapon except shotgun or vertical bow and arrow or crossbow unless otherwise specified.
- Track deer with dogs on any Department owned or managed site during hours when deer hunting is being conducted on the site.
- •Use or occupy a ground blind during any firearm deer season, unless at least 400 square inches of solid, vivid blaze orange or blaze pink material is securely attached to the uppermost portion of the blind and a substantial amount of orange or pink is visible for 360 degrees.

Non-Hunting or Non-Trapping Partners

Non-hunting or non-trapping partners may accompany hunters and trappers on their hunting or trapping trips. Partners must be unarmed and remain with the hunter or trapper throughout the trip. On sites where special permits are required, each permit holder or party is limited to one non-hunting or non-trapping partner per trip. On sites with waterfowl blinds, non-hunters count towards the blind's maximum occupancy.

Public Land Hunting Windshield Cards

Free Public Site Hunting Windshield Cards are required to hunt and/or trap at many Illinois Public Hunting Areas. Cards are available at: dnr2.illinois.gov/windshieldcard/. Print a card for each site you intend to hunt and/or trap and place on the dashboard of your vehicle when hunting or trapping the site. Each person hunting or trapping the site will need to display a windshield card. For information or assistance, contact the site where you intend to hunt and/or trap. For most species, hunters are required to return to this website prior to Feb. 15 each year to record harvest information.

Additional Hunting Access Opportunities

- <u>Shawnee National Forest</u>: See the following USDA Forest Service website for hunting and trapping regulations: www.fs.usda.gov/activity/shawnee/recreation/hunting
- US Army Corps of Engineers Lands: www.mvs.usace.army.mil/ Missions/Recreation/
- Numerous counties and local municipalities offer hunting access, check for potential access in your area.
- •US Fish and Wildlife Service have numerous opportunities as well.



The mission of the Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation is to ensure the future of elk, other wildlife, their habitat and our hunting heritage.

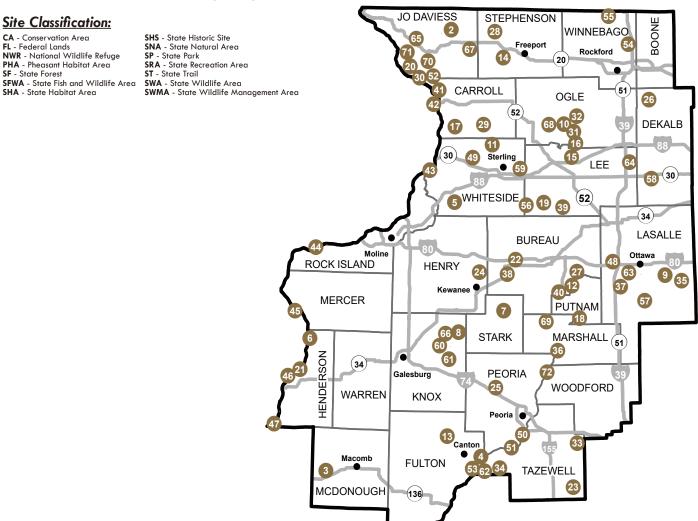
JOIN NOW | RMEF.ORG | 800-CALL ELK

| | | | | _ | | _ | | | Cus | • | | , - | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--|----------------|-------------------|-----------|----------|----------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------|----------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------|----------|
| | -specific information and regulations may | | - | | | | | der | <u>.</u> | u o | | _ | > | | | | | | Ē | | | |
| | obtained by visiting www.huntillinois.org. use visit Huntlllinois to obtain site contact | es | Hunter Fact Sheet | | | _ | > | Deer - Muzzleloade | Deer - Late Winter Antlerless | Deer - CWD Season | 6 | Turkey - Fall Gun | - Fall Bow | | | | | | Raccoon/Opossum | J | | |
| | rmation, address, and current site regulations | Huntable Acres | S | | | Deer - Firearm | Deer - Archery | zzle | > | D S | Turkey - Spring | Ē | Ē | | | | | | စို | Gray/Red Fox | | |
| | r to hunting. | <u>e</u> | Ē | Waterfowl | _ | ΞĒ | Arc | M | Late | ⋛ | s - | 4 | 4 | | | | Ē | Woodcock | Ž | eq | | ng |
| | | ŧ | ıter | erf | ire | <u>.</u> | <u>.</u> | <u>.</u> | <u> </u> | <u>.</u> | key | key | key | Rabbit | e | Ē | Pheasant | စွ | 8 | Ϋ́ | ote | ρρi |
| | Site Name | 훈 | ž | Μα | Squirrel | Dec | Dec | Dec | Dee | Dec | ځ | Ę | Turkey | Rak | Dove | Quail | P he | Š | Rac | S | Coyote | Trapping |
| 1 | Anderson Lake SFWA | 1900 | Х | X/@ | Х | | Х | | | | С | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 2 | Apple River Canyon SP - Salem & Thompson Units | 1157 | Х | Х | Х | S | Х | S | | S | S | С | Х | Х | | | | | Х | Х | Х | П |
| 3 | Argyle Lake SP | 950 | Χ | | Χ | S | Х | | С | | С | С | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 4 | Banner Marsh SFWA | 3000 | Χ | D/@ | | | Х | | | | | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | Х | E |
| 5 | Big Bend SFWA | 2338 | Х | @ | Х | | Х | | | | S | | Х | Х | S/X | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 6 | Big River SF | 2970 | X | | Х | S | X | | С | | S | С | Х | X | Х | X | X | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| 7 8 | Bradford PHA Buffalo Prairie PHA | 103 300 | X | | | | Х | | | | | | | @ X | | @ X | @ X | | | | | E |
| 9 | Buffalo Rock SP | 310 | X | | | | X | | | | | | | ^ | | ^ | _ | | | | | |
| 10 | Castle Rock SP | 1620 | X | | Х | S | X | S | | S | S | | Х | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Coleta Ponds | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Е |
| 12 | Donnelley SFWA | 676 | Χ | X/D | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Double "T" SFWA | 460 | Χ | @ | | | | | | | | | | Χ | Χ | | | | | | | Е |
| 14 | Dublin Highlands PHA | 122 | Х | | | | Х | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 15 | Franklin Creek SNA | 635 | Х | | | S | Х | | Х | | | | Х | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Franklin Creek - Nachusa Prairie SNA | 72 | X | | V | | . V | | | _ | _ | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 17 | French Bluff SNA | 342 | X | | Х | S | X | S | | S | S | | Х | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | George S. Park SNA Green River SWA | 80 2515 | X | | Х | C | X | С | С | | S | | Х | @ | S/X | @ | @ | | Х | Χ | Х | |
| 20 | Hanover Bluff SNA | 332 | X | | X | S | X | S | | S | S | С | X | X | 3/ / | w | w | | X | X | X | |
| 21 | Henderson Creek SFWA | 800 | X | Х | | | X | | | | Ť | | | | | | | | ~ | , | | |
| 22 | Hennepin Canal ST | 350 | Х | | | | Х | | | | | | Х | | Х | | | | Х | | Х | Е |
| 23 | llo Dillin SHA | 75 | Χ | | | | Х | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Е |
| 24 | Johnson-Sauk Trail SRA | 862 | Х | | Х | D | Х | | | | S | | Х | Х | S/X | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | E |
| 25 | Jubilee College SP | 2900 | Χ | | Χ | D/S | D | S | | | S | | Х | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | | | Х | Е |
| 26 | Kishwaukee River SFWA | 484 | Х | | | S | Х | | | S | S | | Х | | | | | | | | | E |
| 27 | Lake Depue SFWA | 1700 | X | Х | | | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | | | · · · | | | | | ., | | | | | | | |
| 28 | Lake Le-Aqua-Na SP Little Rock Creek SHA | 560 148 | X | | | S | X | | | Х | | | | @ | Х | @ | @ | | | | | X |
| 30 | Lost Mound Unit FL | 6000 | ^ | | | S/C/D | | | | | | | | w | | w | w | | | | | |
| 31 | Lowden-Miller SF | 2225 | Х | | Χ | S | Х | | | S | S | | Х | | | | | | | | | |
| 32 | Lowden SP | 80 | Х | | | | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | П |
| 33 | Mackinaw River SFWA | 1400 | Χ | | Χ | S | Х | S | | | S | | Х | @ | Х | @ | @ | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 34 | Manito PHA | 70 | Χ | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 35 | Marseilles SFWA | 2239 | Χ | | Х | S | Х | S | | S | S | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | Х | |
| 36 | Marshall SFWA | 5804 | Х | X/@ | X | S | X | С | С | _ | S | | Х | Х | X | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | | | Е |
| 37 | Matthiessen SP | 1500 | X | Х | Х | S | X | S | | S | S | | X | <u> </u> | S/X | @ | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| 38 | Mautino SFWA Maytown PHA | 891 159 | X | | | | X | | | | Х | | Х | @ | Х | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 40 | Miller Anderson Woods SNA | 524 | X | | | С | X | С | С | | | | | w | | w | w | | | | | |
| 41 | Mississippi Palisades SP | 1500 | X | | | S | X | | | S | D/S | | Х | | | | | | | | | |
| 42 | Mississippi River Pool 12 FL* | 7990 | W | Х | Х | С | Х | С | | С | С | С | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 43 | Mississippi River Pool 13 FL* | 10482 | W | Х | Χ | С | Х | С | | С | С | С | Х | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х |
| 44 | Mississippi River Pool 14 FL* | 1472 | W | Х | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Х | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | Χ | Χ | Х | Х |
| 45 | Mississippi River Pool 16 FL* | 4492 | Х | X | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | X |
| 46 | Mississippi River Pool 17 FL* | 2883 | X | X | X | С | X | С | С | | С | С | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 47 48 | Mississippi River Pool 18 FL* Mitchell's Grove SNA | 5173 185 | X | X | Х | C S | X | S | С | S | С | С | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | X |
| 49 | Morrison-Rockwood SP | 950 | X | | Х | S | X | 3 | | 3 | S | | | | Χ | | | | | | | Е |
| 50 | Pekin Lake SFWA | 1200 | X | Х | | 3 | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | E |
| 51 | Powerton Reservoir SFWA | 855 | X | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 52 | Rall Woods SNA | 283 | Х | | Х | S | Х | S | | S | S | С | Х | Х | | | | | Х | Χ | Х | |
| 53 | Rice Lake SFWA | 2500 | Χ | X/@ | | | Х | | | | | | | | Χ | | | Х | | | | Е |
| 54 | Rock Cut SP | 2570 | Х | | | D | | | | | | D | | | | | | | | | | Е |
| 55 | Rockton Bog SNA | 150 | X | | | | Х | | | | S | | Х | | | _ | _ | | | | | |
| 56 | Sand Prairie PHA | 316 | X | | | | | | | _ | _ | | | @ | S/X | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 57 | Sandy Ford SNA Shabbona Lake SP | 203 776 | X | D | Х | S | X D | S | | S | S | | X D | | D | | | | | | | E |
| 58 59 | Sinnissippi Lake SFWA | 700 | X | X | | | U | | | | | | U | | U | | | | | | | E |
| 60 | Snakeden Hollow SFWA | 2497 | | D/@ | | | Х | | | | | | | Х | D/@ | | | Х | | | | E |
| | | | | ı-, 🐷 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | · / 🐷 | | | · ·· | | | | لـــــــ |

| be obto | ecific information and regulations may ained by visiting www.huntillinois.org. visit Huntlllinois to obtain site contact tion, address, and current site regulations hunting. Site Name | Huntable Acres | Hunter Fact Sheet | Waterfowl | Squirrel | Deer - Firearm | Deer - Archery | Deer - Muzzleloader | Deer - Late Winter Antlerless | Deer - CWD Season | Turkey - Spring | Turkey - Fall Gun | Turkey - Fall Bow | Rabbit | Dove | Quail | Pheasant | Woodcock | Raccoon/Opossum | Gray/Red Fox | Coyote | Trapping |
|---------|--|----------------|-------------------|-----------|----------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------|------|-------|----------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------|----------|
| 61 | Spoon River SF | 1680 | Х | | Х | D/S | Χ | S | С | | S | С | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Е |
| 62 | Spring Lake SFWA | 1500 | Χ | X/@ | Χ | | Χ | | | | | | Χ | | | | | | | | | Е |
| 63 | Starved Rock SP | 2817 | Х | Х | | D/S | Χ | S | | S | S | S | Χ | | S/X | | | | | | | |
| 64 | Steward PHA | 80 | Χ | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 65 | Tapley Woods SNA | 259 | Х | | Χ | S | Χ | S | | S | S | C | Χ | Х | | | | | Х | Χ | Х | |
| 66 | Victoria PHA | 241 | Χ | Х | | | | | | | | | | @ | @ | @ | @ | Х | | | | Е |
| 67 | Ward's Grove NP | 337 | Х | | | S | Χ | S | | S | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 68 | White Pines SP | 300 | Х | | | S | Χ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 69 | Whitefield PHA | 117 | Х | | | | Χ | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 70 | Winston Tunnel SNA | 207 | Х | | Χ | S | Χ | S | | S | S | С | Χ | Х | | | | | Х | Х | Х | |
| 71 | Witkowsky SFWA | 1069 | Х | | Х | S | Χ | S | | Х | S | S | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | |
| 72 | Woodford SFWA | 1350 | Х | Х | Χ | | Χ | | | | | | | | | | | | Х | | | |

Symbol Key:

- X Available at site
- oxtimes Rare on site, but legal to take cocks only
- * Mostly boat accessible only
- Mosily boar accessible only
- *** Deer and Turkey hunting for residents only @ - Lottery permit required for waterfowl and upland game hunting. See section on Special Hunts on Department Sites. Standby hunting may be available for waterfowl hunting.
- A Included in Mississippi River Wildlife Area Fact Sheet
- **B** Included in Mississippi River Pool 21, 22, and 24 Fact Sheets
- C County Permit Required
- D Opportunities for Disabled Hunters
 - **E** Contact site office for site-specific permit
 - S Special Hunt Area permit required from Springfield permit office
 - W Website: www.fws.gov/refuge/upper-mississippi-river/visitus/locations/savanna-district-office



r - Firearm r - Archery er - Muzzleloader

er - Late Winter

er - CWD Season

key - Fall Gun

key - Spring

key - Fall Bow

coon/Opossum

Site-specific information and regulations may be obtained by visiting www.huntillinois.org. Please visit Huntlllinois to obtain site contact information, address, and current site regulations prior to hunting.

| Cito | Marina |
|------|--------|

| | Site Name | 五 | Ŧ | Wat | Squ | Dee | Dee | Dee | Dee | Dee | Ş | Ş | Ę | Rab | Ď | ð | Phe | Woo | Rac | Gra | ဝိ | Trak |
|------------|---|------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|------|
| 1 | Adeline Jay Geo-Karis Illinois Beach SP | 900 | Х | | | | Е | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Black Crown Marsh SNA | 136 | Х | @ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Braidwood Lake SFWA | 1100 | Х | Χ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Chain O' Lakes SP | 2578 | Х | Χ | Х | S | Х | | | | | | Х | Χ | Х | | Х | | | | | |
| 5 | Des Plaines SFWA | 3500 | Х | Χ | | S | Х | | | | | | | Χ | S/X | Χ | D | | | | Х | |
| 6 | Des Plaines Game Propagation Center | 134 | Х | | | | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Е |
| 7 | Goose Lake Prairie SNA | 3127 | Х | | | S | Χ | S | | S | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Heidecke Lake SFWA | 1800 | Х | Χ | Х | S | Χ | S | | S | Υ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | I & M Canal ST | 1100 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Е |
| 10 | James Pate Phillip SP | 415 | Х | | | | Е | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Kankakee River SP | 2017 | Х | Χ | Х | | D | | | | S | | Х | Χ | S/X | | Х | | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 12 | Mazonia SFWA | 2250 | Х | Χ | | | Х | | | | | | | Χ | | Χ | Х | | Χ | Χ | Х | |
| 13 | Midewin National Tallgrass Prairie | 9117 | Х | | | S | Х | S | | | S | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Momence Wetlands | 460 | Х | Χ | Х | S | Χ | | | | S | | | | | | | | Χ | Χ | Χ | |
| 15 | Moraine Hills SP | 2400 | Х | | | S | Е | | | | | | Е | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Redwing Slough/Deer Lake SNA | 155 | Х | Χ | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 <i>7</i> | Silver Springs SFWA | 900 | Х | | Х | | Х | | | | | | | Χ | S/X | Χ | Х | | | | Х | |
| 18 | Vesely/Wilmington Shrub Prairie SNA | 300 | Х | | | S | Χ | | | | S | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Volo Bog SNA | 1000 | Х | | | | Е | | | | | | Е | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | William W. Powers SRA | 419 | Х | Χ | | | Е | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \Box | |

Symbol Key:

- X Available at site
- $oxed{\boxtimes}$ Rare on site, but legal to take cocks only
- * Mostly boat accessible only
- ** Deer and Turkey hunting for residents only @ - Lottery permit required for waterfowl and
- upland game hunting. See section on Special Hunts on Department Sites. Standby hunting may be available for waterfowl hunting.
- A Included in Mississippi River Wildlife Area Fact Sheet
- B Included in Mississippi River Pool 21, 22, and 24 Fact Sheets
- C County Permit Required
- D Opportunities for Disabled Hunters

nter Fact Sheet

ntable Acres

- **E** Contact site office for site-specific permit
- \$ Special Hunt Area permit required from Springfield permit office
- Y Youth Lottery
- W Website: www.fws.gov/refuge/great_river

Site Classification:

CA - Conservation Area FL - Federal Lands NWR - National Wildlife Refuge

PHA - Pheasant Habitat Area

SF - State Forest SFWA - State Fish and Wildlife Area

SHA - State Habitat Area

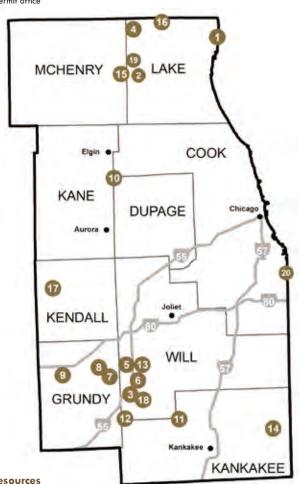
SHS - State Historic Site SNA - State Natural Area

SP - State Park

SRA - State Recreation Area

ST - State Trail SWA - State Wildlife Area

SWMA - State Wildlife Management Area

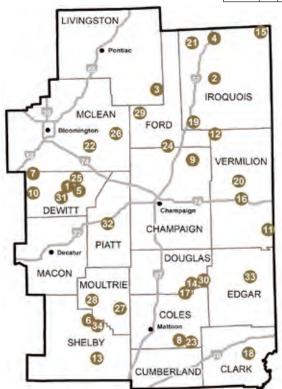


56

Illinois Department of Natural Resources

| be ob Pleas inforr | pecific information and regulations may otained by visiting www.huntillinois.org. e visit Huntillinois to obtain site contact nation, address, and current site regulations to hunting. Site Name | Huntable Acres | Hunter Fact Sheet | Waterfowl |
|--------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1 | Birkbeck PHA | 80 | Х | |
| 2 | Butterfield Trail SRA | 120 | Х | |
| 3 | Chatsworth SHA | 240 | X | |

| Please vi | sit Huntlllinois to obtain site contact on, address, and current site regulations unting. | Huntable Acres | Hunter Fact She | Waterfowl | Squirrel | Deer - Firearm | Deer - Archery | Deer - Muzzlelo | Deer - Late Wint Antlerless | Deer - CWD Sea | Turkey - Spring | Turkey - Fall Gu | Turkey - Fall Bo | Rabbit | Dove | Quail | Pheasant | Woodcock | Raccoon/Oposs | Gray/Red Fox | Coyote | Trapping |
|-----------|--|----------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------------|--------------|--------|----------|
| | Site Name | 로 | 로 | × | Sq | മ് | å | Ď | A P | ã | 2 | ₽ | ₽ | å | ۵ | đ | Ph | š | 8a | Ģ | ပိ | Ĕ |
| 1 | Birkbeck PHA | 80 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Е |
| 2 | Butterfield Trail SRA | 120 | Х | | Х | S | Х | S | | | S | | Χ | | | | | Χ | | | | Е |
| 3 | Chatsworth SHA | 240 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 4 | Clifton PHA | 79 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 5 | Clinton Lake SRA | 4125 | Х | X/D | Х | D/S | Х | S | | | S | | Χ | Х | E/X | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Е |
| 6 | Eagle Creek SRA | 520 | Х | | | | D | | | | S | | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Х | Χ | | | |
| 7 | Finfrock SHA | 365 | Х | | | | Х | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Е |
| 8 | Fox Ridge SP | 1082 | Х | Х | Х | S | Х | | | | S | | | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | |
| 9 | Gifford PHA | 100 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Х |
| 10 | Hallsville PHA | 82 | Х | | | | Х | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | E |
| 11 | Harry "Babe" Woodyard SNA | 1150 | Х | | Х | S | Х | S | | | S | | Χ | @ | Х | @ | @ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | Е |
| 12 | Herschel Workman PHA | 141 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Х |
| 13 | Hidden Springs SF | 963 | Х | Х | Х | S | Х | S | | | S | | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Χ | Х | Χ | Е |
| 14 | Hindsboro PHA | 88 | Х | | Х | | Х | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Х |
| 15 | Iroquois County SWA | 2185 | Х | | Х | S | Х | | | | S | | Χ | Χ | S/X | Х | Х | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | |
| 16 | Kickapoo SRA | 1253 | Х | | Х | S | Х | S | | | S | | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Е |
| 17 | Larry D. Closson SHA | 130 | Х | @ | Х | | Х | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Х |
| 18 | Lincoln Trail SP | 875 | X | | Х | | Х | | | | | | Χ | | | | | | Х | | | E |
| 19 | Loda PHA | 160 | Х | | | | Х | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 20 | Middle Fork SFWA | 2628 | Х | | Х | S | Х | S | | | S | | Χ | Х | E/X | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | E |
| 21 | Milks Grove PHA | 78 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | |
| 22 | Moraine View SRA | 1191 | Х | | Х | | Х | | | | S | | Χ | Х | Х | Х | E/X | Х | E | Е | Х | Е |
| 23 | Paul C. Burrus SHA | 376 | X | | Х | S | Х | | | | S | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Х |
| 24 | Perdueville PHA | 280 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Е |
| 25 | Salt Creek WMA | 60 | Х | D/@ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | Saybrook PHA | 646 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Е |
| 27 | Shelbyville FL | 9000 | Х | | Х | D/S | Х | Х | | | S | | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Х |
| 28 | Shelbyville SFWA | 6343 | Х | Х | Х | S | Х | S | | | S | | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 29 | Sibley SHA | 637 | X | | | | | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Е |
| 30 | Walnut Point SP | 571 | Х | | Х | | X/D | | | | | | | | | | | | Х | | | Х |
| 31 | Weldon Springs SP | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Е |
| 32 | Weldon Springs - Piatt County Unit | 770 | Х | | Х | S | Х | | | | S | | | Х | | Х | Х | | | | | |
| 33 | Willow Creek SHA | 197 | Х | | Х | | Х | | | | | | | @ | | @ | @ | | | | | Х |
| 34 | Wolf Creek SP | 920 | Χ | | | D/S | Х | | | | S | | Χ | Χ | | Х | Х | | Е | | | |
| | Company of the Compan | | | • | ite | Clas | sific | atio | n· | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



Site Classification:

CA - Conservation Area

FL - Federal Lands NWR - National Wildlife Refuge PHA - Pheasant Habitat Area

SF - State Forest

SFWA - State Fish and Wildlife Area SHA - State Habitat Area

SHS - State Historic Site SNA - State Natural Area

SP - State Park SRA - State Recreation Area

SWA - State Trail
SWA - State Wildlife Area
SWMA - State Wildlife Management Area

Symbol Key:

- X Available at site
- □ Rare on site, but legal to take cocks only
 * Mostly boat accessible only
- ** Deer and Turkey hunting for residents only
- @ Lottery permit required for waterfowl and Hunts on Department Sites. Standby hunting W - Website: www.fws.gov/refuge/great_river may be available for waterfowl hunting.
- \boldsymbol{A} Included in Mississippi River Wildlife Area Fact Sheet
- **B** Included in Mississippi River Pool 21, 22, and 24 Fact Sheets
- C County Permit Required
- **D** Opportunities for Disabled Hunters
- **E** Contact site office for site-specific permit
 - upland game hunting. See section on Special S Special Hunt Area permit required from Springfield permit office

Public Hunting Areas | Region 4 Site-specific information and regulations may Deer - Muzzleloader Deer - CWD Season Raccoon/Opossum Deer - Late Winter - Fall Bow Hunter Fact Sheel Turkey - Fall Gun be obtained by visiting www.huntillinois.org. **Huntable Acres Turkey - Spring** Deer - Firearm Deer - Archery Please visit Huntlllinois to obtain site contact Gray/Red Fox information, address, and current site regulations Waterfowl Antlerless Woodcock Trapping prior to hunting. Squirrel Coyote Turkey Site Name Χ Χ Batchtown SFWA 2436 Α Χ Е 2 Beaver Dam SP 430 Χ Χ D/X S D/X Е Е Е 3 Bohm Woods NP 90 Χ Χ 4 Calhoun Point FL 2215 Α Х Χ C Χ $\overline{}$ \mathcal{C} C Χ Χ Χ Χ Х Χ Χ Χ F 5 Carlyle Lake SFWA 9868 Χ Χ Χ C Χ C C Χ Χ Χ Χ \times Χ Χ Χ Χ Е Cedar Glen SNA 6 1150 Χ S Χ S 200 7 Clear Lake SWMA* X Χ S @ 8 Coffeen Lake SEWA 3063 Χ Χ Χ S Χ Χ @ @ Χ F 9 Copperhead Hollow SFWA 1351 S Χ С Χ Е Χ Χ Χ C C Χ Х Χ Χ 10 East Fork Management Unit SFWA 394 Χ Е S Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е 11 Edward R. Madigan SFWA 220 @ S @ S X @ Χ D D Χ Χ 12 **Eldon Hazlet SRA** Χ Χ Χ D Χ Е 13 @ Freeman Mine SHA @ @ @ Χ Χ 14 Ft. DeChartres SHS (muzzleloading only) 800 Χ Χ Χ C Χ C C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е 15 Ft. Kaskaskia SHS 140 Χ F F F 16 Frank Holten SP 300 Fuller Lake SWMA* 1817 Α C C C C Χ Χ Χ Е 17 Х Χ С Χ С Χ Χ 18 Glades - 12 Mile Island SWMA* 1814 Α Х Χ C C Х Χ Χ Х Χ Х Е 19 Goode's Woods NP 40 Χ 20 Godar-Diamond/Hurricane Island SWMA* 2617 Α Χ Χ C Χ C C С Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е 21 Henry A. Gleason NP 220 Χ Horseshoe Lake SP (Madison County) S/X Χ Χ Е S S Χ Χ Е Horseshoe Lake SP 23 2329 Χ Х C C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е (Gabaret, Mosenthein, & Chouteau Island Unit) Jim Edgar Panther Creek SFWA 16400 Χ Χ Χ S Χ S S S Χ @ S/X @ Χ Χ Χ Е 25 Kaskaskia River SFWA 14000 D C/S Χ С C Χ C C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е 26 Kidd Lake SNA 465 Χ @ Χ Е 27 Meredosia Lake 690 Χ Χ Mississippi River (Pool 21)* 8536 28 В Χ Χ C Χ C C C C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Mississippi River (Pool 21)* Χ 29 W Χ C \mathcal{C} \mathcal{C} \mathcal{C} C Х Χ F 6300 Χ Χ Great River NWR (Long Island & Bear Creek) Mississippi River (Pool 22)* 6861 В Χ Χ C Χ C C C C Χ Х Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Saverton Pool FL Mississippi River (Pool 24)* 31 10211 В Х C Χ C C C C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Clarksville Pool FL 30 C 32 Nauvoo SP - Max Rowe Unit Χ Χ C Χ Χ Χ Χ 33 Χ Χ C C Χ Χ Χ Oakford SHA 115 Χ Χ C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ 1500 Χ Е C Χ 34 Peabody River King SFWA Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е 35 Pere Marquette SP C Е 5000 Χ Χ Χ C/S C Χ Е Е Е C Χ Χ Е 36 Piasa Island SWMA* 400 Χ C Χ C C C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Α Χ Χ Χ 37 Randolph County SRA 820 Χ Χ Χ S Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е X Ray Norbut SFWA 1290 Χ Χ Χ S Χ C Х Χ Χ Χ Χ Е 39 Ray Norbut SFWA - Dutch Creek Unit 410 S Χ S Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е C X 40 Ray Norbut SFWA - East Hannibal Unit Χ Χ Х Е 41 Red's Landing SWMA 737 42 Revis Springs Hill Prairie 420 S Χ 43 Riprap Landing SWMA 2949 Χ C Χ C C C Х Χ Е Χ Х S Χ С S S Χ @ Х @ @ Х Х Х Х Е 6300 Sand Ridge SF 44 S Χ S Χ Χ Χ 45 Sanaamon County State CA 178 Χ Х S Х Χ Χ Χ Χ Sanganois SFWA 7000 Χ D/@ Χ S Χ S C/S Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е 46 47 Sangchris Lake SP @ @ @ Χ 2480 Χ Χ S S Χ S/X Е 48 Siloam Springs SP 3255 Χ Χ D/S D/X D/S D/S C Χ Χ Е Е 49 Siloam Springs SP - Buckhorn Unit** 2272 Χ Χ D/S D/X D/C S C Χ Χ Χ Χ Е Е 50 Siloam Springs SP - Fall Creek Unit 190 Χ Χ Е 51 **Sparks Pond** 400 @ 52 Stump Lake SWMA* 3580 Α Χ Χ C Χ C C C Χ Χ Χ Χ Х Χ Χ Χ Ε 53 Turkey Bluffs SFWA 2250 Χ Χ Χ C Χ С C С C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е **Washington County SRA** 750 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ F 54 Χ S Χ Χ 55 760 Χ Χ Χ С С Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е S C C Χ Weinberg-King SP Weinberg-King SP - Cecil White Unit 56 30 Χ Χ C С Χ Χ Χ 57 822 Χ С Χ Χ Е Weinberg-King SP - Spunky Bottoms Unit Χ C C C C Χ Х X X X X Χ 58 Weinberg-King SP - Scripps Unit** 747 Χ Χ S C C S C Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Е 59 Zoeller SNA 160 Χ



Site-specific information and regulations may

Site Classification:

CA - Conservation Area FL - Federal Lands NWR - National Wildlife Refuge

PHA - Pheasant Habitat Area SF - State Forest SFWA - State Fish and Wildlife Area

SHA - State Habitat Area

SHS - State Historic Site SNA - State Natural Area **SP** - State Park

SRA - State Recreation Area ST - State Trail SWA - State Wildlife Area SWMA - State Wildlife Management Area

ξ ≥

Symbol Key:

- X Available at site
- $oxed{\boxtimes}$ Rare on site, but legal to take cocks only * - Mostly boat accessible only
- ** Deer and Turkey hunting for residents only
- @ Lottery permit required for waterfowl and

Hunts on Department Sites. Standby hunting may be available for waterfowl hunting. Horseshoe Lake also has some areas open to statewide regulations.

- A Included in Mississippi River Wildlife Area Fact Sheet
- **B** Included in Mississippi River Pool 21, 22, and 24 Fact Sheets
- C County Permit Required
- **D** Opportunities for Disabled Hunters
- **E** Contact site office for site-specific permit
- upland game hunting. See section on Special 5 Special Hunt Area permit required from Springfield permit office
 - W Website: www.fws.gov/refuge/great_river

Public Hunting Areas | Region 5

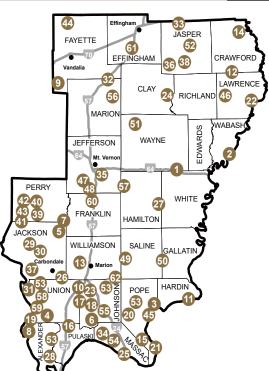
ŧ

ē

| Please inform | be obtained by visiting www.huntillinois.org. Please visit Huntillinois to obtain site contact information, address, and current site regulations prior to hunting. | | Hunter Fact Shee | Waterfowl | Squirrel | Deer - Firearm | Deer - Archery | er - Muzzlelo | Deer – Late Wint Antlerless | Deer - CWD Sea | Turkey - Spring | Turkey - Fall Gu | Turkey - Fall Bo | Rabbit | ,e | ei Ii | Pheasant | Woodcock | Raccoon/Opossi | Gray/Red Fox | Coyote | Trapping |
|------------------|---|----------------|------------------|-----------|----------|----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--------|------|----------|-------------|----------|----------------|--------------|--------|----------|
| | Site Name | Huntable Acres | 훈 | Ma | Squ | Dee | Dee | Deer | Deer Antle | Dec | Ę | ž | Ę | Rak | Dove | Quail | Phe | Š | Rac | 5 | ဝိ | 直 |
| 1 | Alvah Borah SHA | 87 | Х | | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Х | X |
| 2 | Beall Woods SP | 516 | Х | | | | С | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Е |
| 3 | Big Grand Pierre Glade SNA | 318 | Х | | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | | | | | | Χ | Х | Х | |
| 4 | Bluff Lakes FL | 516 | | Х | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Х |
| 5 | Burning Star SFWA | 4508 | Х | | Х | S | Х | S | | | S | | Χ | | Х | | | Х | Χ | Х | Х | X |
| 6 | Cache River SNA | 15392 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Χ | Е |
| 7 | Campbell Pond SHA | 520 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Х | |
| 8 | Cape Bend SFWA | 1380 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Χ | Е |
| 9 | Carlyle Lake SFWA | 9868 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Е |
| 10 | Cedar/Draper Bluff HA | 1275 | Х | | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | | | | | | Χ | Х | Х | Е |
| 11 | Cave-in-Rock SP - Kaegi Tract | 175 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | | Х | \boxtimes | | Х | Х | Х | X |
| 12 | Chauncey Marsh SNA | 519 | Х | Х | Х | С | С | С | С | | S | | С | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Е |
| 13 | Crab Orchard NWR | 23000 | | Х | Х | D/S | X/E | C/E | С | | C/S | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 14 | Crawford County SFWA | 1129 | Х | | Х | С | С | С | С | | S | S | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Х | E |
| 15 | Cretaceous Hills SNA | 254 | Х | | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | | Х | \boxtimes | | Χ | Х | Х | X |
| 16 | Cypress Creek NWR | 16000 | | Х | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Е |
| 1 <i>7</i> | Cypress Pond SNA | 1047 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 18 | Deer Pond SNA | 190 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Е |
| 19 | Devil's Island SWMA | 2741 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 20 | Dixon Springs SP | 567 | Х | | Х | D/S | Х | С | | | D/S | С | Χ | | Х | | | | Χ | Х | Х | Ш |
| 21 | Dog Island SWMA | 220 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 22 | Embarras River Bottoms SHA | 535 | Х | @ | Х | S | С | S | | | S | S | С | Х | | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Е |
| 23 | Ferne Clyffe HA | 450 | Х | | Х | S | Х | С | | | S | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | | | | |
| 24 | Flag Pond SNA | 255 | Х | | Х | S | С | | | | С | С | С | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | Fort Massac SP | 1287 | Х | Х | Х | S | Х | S | | | D/S | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | | | | |
| 26 | Giant City SP | 2891 | Х | | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Х | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Е |
| 27 | Hamilton County SFWA | 1530 | Х | | Х | С | Х | С | С | | S | S | S | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Х | X |
| 28 | Horseshoe Lake SFWA (Alexander County) | 4190 | Х | @/D | Х | C/S | Х | С | С | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Е |
| 29 | Kinkaid Lake SFWA | 3700 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | X |

| Site-specific information and regulations may |
|--|
| be obtained by visiting www.huntillinois.org. |
| Please visit Huntlllinois to obtain site contact |
| information, address, and current site regulations |
| prior to hunting. |
| |

| be obtained by visiting www.huntillinois.org. Please visit Huntillinois to obtain site contact information, address, and current site regulations prior to hunting. | | Huntable Acres | Hunter Fact Sheet | Waterfowl | Squirrel | Deer - Firearm | Deer - Archery | Deer - Muzzleloade | Deer - Late Winter Antlerless | Deer - CWD Season | Turkey - Spring | Turkey - Fall Gun | Turkey - Fall Bow | Rabbit | Dove | Quail | Pheasant | Woodcock | Raccoon/Opossum | Gray/Red Fox | Coyote | Trapping |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------|----------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------|------|-------|-------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------|----------|
| | Site Name | £ | ₹ | š | Sq | ۵ | Õ | Õ | کے ہے | ۵ | ₽ | ₽ | ₽ | å | ۵ | õ | P. | š | å | ٥ | ပိ | Ĕ |
| 30 | Lake Murphysboro | 1022 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Е |
| 31 | LaRue Swamp FL | 1000 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Χ | Х | Χ | Х | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 32 | Maxine Loy LWR | 213 | Х | | | | Х | | | | | | | S | | S | \boxtimes | | | | | |
| 33 | Meeker SHA | 72 | Х | | Х | С | Х | С | | | S | S | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 34 | Mermet Lake SFWA | 2000 | Х | D/@ | Χ | С | Χ | С | | | D/S | С | Χ | Х | Χ | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 35 | Mt. Vernon Game Propagation Center | 600 | Х | | Χ | | Χ | | | | S | | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Е |
| 36 | Newton Lake SFWA | 6500 | Х | Х | Х | S | С | | | | S | S | Χ | Х | Χ | Х | \boxtimes | Х | | | | Е |
| 37 | Oakwood Bottoms FL | 3400 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Х | Х | | Х | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 38 | Prairie Ridge SNA | 2614 | Х | | | S | С | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 39 | Pyramid SRA - Park Unit | 2754 | Х | | Χ | С | Х | С | | | S | | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Е |
| 40 | Pyramid SRA - East Conant Unit | 2824 | Х | Х | Χ | С | Χ | С | | | S | | Χ | @ | Χ | @ | @ | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Е |
| 41 | Pyramid SRA - Denmark Unit | 4385 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | | С | | S | | Χ | @ | Х | @ | @ | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 42 | Pyramid SRA - Galum Unit | 2520 | Х | Х | Х | С | Χ | | С | | S | | Χ | Х | Χ | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 43 | Pyramid SRA - Captain Unit | 6105 | Х | Х | Х | С | Х | | С | | S | | Χ | @ | Х | @ | @ | Х | Х | Х | Х | E |
| 44 | Ramsey Lake SRA | 1610 | Х | | Х | | Х | | | | S | | Χ | @ | Χ | @ | @ | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 45 | Rauchfuss Hill SRA | 150 | Х | | Χ | | Х | | | | С | С | Χ | | | | | | Х | Χ | Х | ш |
| 46 | Red Hills SP | 736 | Х | | Χ | | С | | | | S | | С | Х | Χ | Х | \boxtimes | Х | | | Х | Е |
| 47 | Rend Lake SFWA | 7690 | Х | D | Х | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 48 | Rend Lake FL | 7740 | Х | D | Χ | D | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 49 | Sahara Woods SRA | 3800 | Х | | Χ | S | Х | S | | | S | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | E |
| 50 | Saline County SFWA | 1000 | Х | Х | Χ | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | Χ | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 51 | Sam Dale Lake SFWA | 950 | Х | Х | Χ | | Х | | | | S | | Χ | Х | Х | Х | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 52 | Sam Parr SFWA | 840 | Х | | Χ | | С | | | | S | S | Χ | Х | Χ | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 53 | Shawnee National Forest FL | 277645 | Х | Х | Χ | С | Χ | С | С | | С | С | Χ | Х | Χ | Х | | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Х |
| 54 | Sielbeck Forest SNA | 385 | Х | Х | Χ | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 55 | Skinner Farm SHA | 100 | Х | | Χ | С | Х | С | | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| 56 | Stephen A. Forbes SRA | 2580 | Х | Х | Х | | Х | | | | S | | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 57 | Ten Mile Creek SFWA | 4995 | Х | Х | Χ | С | Χ | С | С | | S | S | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 58 | Trail of Tears SF | 4784 | Х | | Х | С | Х | С | С | | С | С | Χ | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |
| 59 | Union County SFWA | 2800 | Х | D/@ | Х | C/S | Χ | С | | | С | С | Х | Х | Х | Х | | Х | | | | Е |
| 60 | Wayne Fitzgerrell SRA | 1800 | Х | | | D | Χ | | | | S | | Х | | | | Х | | | | | |
| 61 | Wildcat Hollow SHA | 675 | Х | | | С | С | С | С | | С | | С | Х | Х | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| 62 | Wise Ridge SNA | 550 | Х | Х | Х | С | Χ | С | | | С | С | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | \boxtimes | Х | Х | Х | Х | Е |



Site Classification:

CA - Conservation Area FL - Federal Lands

HA - Hunting Area LWR - Land and Water Reserve NWR - National Wildlfe Refuge PHA - Pheasant Habitat Area

SF - State Forest SFWA - State Fish and Wildlife Area

SHA - State Habitat Area

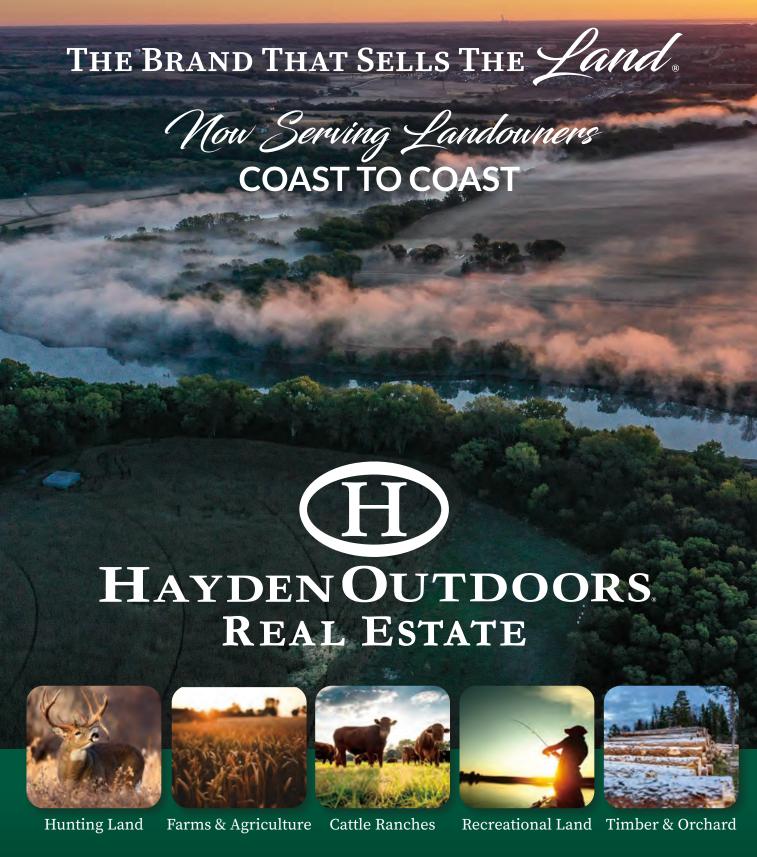
SHS - State Historic Site SNA - State Natural Area **SP** - State Park SRA - State Recreation Area

ST - State Trail

SWA - State Wildlife Area SWMA - State Wildlife Management Area

Symbol Key:

- $oxed{\boxtimes}$ Rare on site, but legal to take cocks only
- * Mostly boat accessible only
- ** Deer and Turkey hunting for residents only
- @ Lottery permit required for waterfowl and upland game hunting. See section on Special 5 - Special Hunt Area permit required from Springfield permit office Hunts on Department Sites. Standby hunting W - Website: www.fws.gov/refuge/great_river may be available for waterfowl hunting. Horseshoe Lake and Union Co. also have some areas open to statewide regulations.
- A Included in Mississippi River Wildlife Area Fact Sheet
- **B** Included in Mississippi River Pool 21, 22, and 24 Fact Sheets
- $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{C}}$ County Permit Required
- **D** Opportunities for Disabled Hunters
 - **E** Contact site office for site-specific permit



Find Your Next *Illinois* Property!

866.741.8323 | www.HaydenOutdoors.com





Hear from top industry figures, SCHEELS Experts and more as we keep you up to date on the latest hunting and fishing trends, tips and products.



Use your phone's camera to scan the code or visit scheels.com/podcast